

CAMPBELL COUNTY CODE OF 1988

CHAPTER 9

FINANCE AND TAXATION

For state law as to taxation, see VA. CODE ANN. Title 58.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008). As to annual audit of accounts and records by independent certified public accountant, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-2511 (Repl. Vol. 2003). As to claims against Counties, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-1229 (Repl. Vol. 2003) and VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-1243 through §15.2-1249 (Repl. Vol. 2003). As to monthly financial reports to Board of Supervisors, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-1230 (Repl. Vol. 2003). As to Fiscal Year, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-2500 (Repl. Vol. 2003). As to local levies, see VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-3000 to 58.1-3995 (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2007). As to special assessments for local improvements, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-2404 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2003 and Cum. Supp. 2007).

As to dogs and cats as personal property, see §4-6 of this Code. As to compensation for livestock and poultry killed by dogs, see §4-9. As to dog licenses, see §§4-19 to 4-28. As to licenses generally, see Ch. 14. As to County Vehicle licenses, see §§15-9 to 15-22 of this Code.

For state law mandating that certain certified stormwater management developments and property shall be a separate class of property, constituting a separate classification for local taxation, eligible for full or partial exemption from local taxation by duly adopted ordinance, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3660.1 (Cum. Supp. 2009).

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Article I. In General.

Sec. 9-1. Abolition of finance board.

The County Finance Board is hereby abolished, and all authority, powers and duties of the board shall be vested in the Board of Supervisors. (5-17-86)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3151 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

Sec. 9-1.01. Applications for equalization of real estate assessments; deadlines for application; final disposition by Board of Equalization; notice requirements re deadline.

[Uncodified ordinance].

Editor's note. - Section 9-1.01 of this Code was an uncodified ordinance dealing with the submission of applications to the Board of Equalization of Campbell County for the January 1, 1997 general reassessment, and was, therefore, not codified as a permanent part of the County Code.

After public notice properly given, the ordinance was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on September 3, 1996, and may be found in Supervisors' Minute Book 24, at page 264.

Sec. 9-1.02. Applications for equalization of real estate assessments; deadlines for application; final disposition by Board of Equalization; notice requirements re deadline; subsequent reassessments at four-year intervals.

[Uncodified ordinance].

Editor's note. – Section 9-1.02 of this Code is an uncodified ordinance providing that applications for equalization of real estate assessments shall be submitted to the Board of Equalization of Real Estate Assessments not earlier than March 31, 2003, and not later than April 28, 2003, and that final disposition of all applications for equalization of real estate assessments for the general reassessment effective January 1, 2003, shall be completed by the Board of Equalization not later than June 30, 2003. The uncodified ordinance also provided that, in accordance with VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3252, subsequent general reassessments of real estate in Campbell County shall be at four-year intervals. After public notice properly given, the uncodified ordinance was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on December 2, 2002.

Sec. 9-1.03. Applications for equalization of real estate assessments; deadlines for application; final disposition by Board of Equalization; notice requirements re deadline; subsequent reassessments at four-year intervals.

[Uncodified ordinance].

Editor's note. – Section 9-1.03 of this Code is an uncodified ordinance providing that applications for equalization of real estate assessments shall be submitted to the Board of Equalization of Real Estate Assessments not earlier than April 2, 2007, and not later than April 30, 2007, and that final disposition of all applications for equalization of real estate assessments for the general reassessment effective January 1, 2007, shall be completed by the Board of Equalization not later than June 30, 2007. The uncodified ordinance also provided that, in accordance with VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3252, subsequent general reassessments of real estate in Campbell County shall be at four-year intervals. After public notice properly given, the uncodified ordinance was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on January 16, 2007.

Sec. 9-1.1. Fee imposed for passing bad checks to County of Campbell.

There is hereby imposed a fee in the amount of thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) for the uttering, publishing or passing of any check or draft for payment of taxes or any other sums due to the County of Campbell, which check or draft is subsequently returned for insufficient funds or because there is no account or the account has been closed.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-106 (Repl. Vol. 2008).

[THE 1989 ACT adopted this section].

[THE DECEMBER 20, 1999 AMENDMENT increased the fee from fifteen dollars (\$15.00) to twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), effective December 20, 1999.]

[THE JUNE 5, 2006 AMENDMENT increased the fee from twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) to thirty-five dollars (\$35.00), effective June 5, 2006.]

Sec. 9-1.2. Penalty imposed for delinquent payment of tax.

(a) Any person failing to pay any County tax, including but not limited to tangible personal property tax or real estate tax, on or before its due date, shall incur a penalty thereon of ten percent (10%) of the tax then past due. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, an automatic extension is allowed on real property taxes imposed upon a primary residence and personal property taxes imposed upon a qualifying vehicle, as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3523 (Cum. Supp. 2008), owed by members of the armed services of the United States deployed outside of the United States. Such extension shall end and the taxes shall be due 90 days following the completion of such member’s deployment. For purposes of this section, “the armed services of the United States” includes active duty service with the regular Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard or other reserve component.

(b) The penalty for failure to pay any tax when due shall be assessed on the day after the tax payment is due. Any such penalty shall be added to the amount of the tax and shall become a part of the tax due from such taxpayer.

(c) Penalty for failure to pay a tax shall not be imposed if such failure was not the fault of the taxpayer, or was the fault of the County Commissioner of the Revenue or the County Treasurer, as the case may be.

(d) Imposition of such penalty shall be subject to other conditions and limitations specifically prescribed in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3916 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3916 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

Cross-reference.-- For provisions permitting locality to impose interest at specified rate upon principal and penalty of all delinquent taxes, see VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-3916 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and 58.1-3918 (Repl. Vol. 2004). See same statutes for provisions requiring localities charging interest on delinquent taxes to provide for payment to taxpayer of interest at the same rate on overpayments due to erroneously assessed taxes and providing exceptions to such requirement.

[THE MAY 17, 1999 ACT adopted this section.]

[THE AUGUST 7, 2000 AMENDMENT deleted “on such property” at the end of (a).]

[THE JULY 20, 2009 AMENDMENT added the second, third and fourth sentences to subsection (a).]

Sec. 9-1.3. Penalty and interest for failure to pay accounts when due.

Any person failing to pay, pursuant to an ordinance, any account due the County of Campbell on or before its due date, other than taxes which are provided for in Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia, shall incur a penalty thereon of ten dollars (\$10.00). The penalty shall be added to the amount of the account due from such person. No penalty shall be imposed for failure to pay any account if such failure was not in any way the fault of the debtor.

Interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) annually from the first day following the day such account is due may be collected upon the principal and penalty of all such accounts.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-105 (Repl. Vol. 2008).

[THE AUGUST 7, 2000 ACT adopted this section. A resolution adopted by the Board of Supervisors on October 16, 2000, clarified the intent of the Board to set the penalty amount at \$10.00 in the first paragraph.]

Article II. Recordation and Probate Taxes.

For state law authority for this article, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-814 (Repl. Vol. 2004), §§58.1-3800 to 58.1-3804 (Repl. Vol. 2004), §58.1-1718 (Repl. Vol. 2004), and 58.1-3805 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

Sec. 9-2. Recordation tax imposed; amount; collection.

(a) The Board of Supervisors hereby imposes a County recordation tax, in an amount equal to one-third of the amount of state recordation tax collectible for the Commonwealth, on the first recordation of each taxable instrument in the County; provided that no County recordation tax shall be levied hereunder when the state recordation tax imposed under VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-800 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008) is fifty cents (.50).

(b) The tax imposed under this section upon a deed or other instrument which conveys, covers or relates to property located partially within Campbell County shall be computed and collected only with respect to that portion of the property located in Campbell County.

(c) The tax imposed by this section shall be collected by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Campbell County or if the property is located in more than one city or county, by the respective clerks of each jurisdiction. The Clerk shall deposit all funds collected pursuant to this section into the treasury of the County.

(d) The County recordation tax imposed by this section shall not apply to a deed or other instrument which is exempted from the state recordation tax by the applicable provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-811 (Cum. Supp. 2009), which exemptions are hereby incorporated by reference.

(e) The Clerk of the Circuit Court collecting the tax imposed by this section shall be entitled to compensation for such services in an amount equal to five percent of the amount so collected and paid over. (10-7-74) (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-814 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-3800 to 58.1-3803 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT rewrote this section.]

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT inserted "and collected" following "computed" in (b), and inserted "of Campbell County or if the property is located in more than one city or county, by the respective clerks of each jurisdiction" in the first sentence in (c).]

[THE JUNE 17, 2002 AMENDMENT substituted "section" for "article."]

[THE DECEMBER 6, 2004 AMENDMENT redesignated the former provisions of (d) as present (e), and added new subsection (d).]

Sec. 9-2.1. Reserved.

Sec. 9-2.2. Probate tax imposed; amount; collection.

(a) The Board of Supervisors hereby imposes a County probate tax, in an amount equal to one-third of the state probate tax collectible for the Commonwealth, on the probate of every will or grant of administration not exempt by law. However, the County probate tax shall not apply to decedents' estates of \$15,000 or less in value as determined in accordance with VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-1713 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

(b) The tax imposed by this section shall be collected by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Campbell County. The Clerk shall deposit the revenues collected pursuant to this section into the treasury of the County.

(c) Should the Clerk determine that a probate estate has been undervalued for tax purposes, he shall thereupon collect such additional tax as may be due. In the event of an overpayment of such tax, the personal representative may apply to the Treasurer of Campbell County for a refund. No additional tax shall be payable or no refund made if the payment or refund due would be less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

(d) The Clerk of the Circuit Court collecting the tax imposed by this section shall be entitled to compensation for such service in an amount equal to five percent of the amount collected and remitted. Such compensation shall be paid out of the County treasury.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-1712 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and §58.1-1718 (Repl. Vol. 2004). See also VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-3805 to 58.1-3808 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE JUNE 17, 2002 ACT adopted this section.]

[THE DECEMBER 1, 2003 AMENDMENT substituted "\$15,000" for "\$10,000" in (a).]

Article III. Taxes and Assessments on Certain Actions in County Courts.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §42.1-70 (Repl. Vol. 2002), §17.1-281 (Cum. Supp. 2009), and §53.1-120 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

Sec. 9-3. Assessment for establishment, use and maintenance of County law library imposed; amount; disbursement.

There hereby is assessed the sum of two dollars (\$2.00) on each civil action instituted in County courts not of record and two dollars (\$2.00) to each civil action filed in the County courts of record, and which same assessment herein provided for shall be in addition to all other costs prescribed by law, but which shall not be applicable to any action in which the Commonwealth or any other political subdivision thereof, or the federal government, is a party, and in which the costs are assessed against the Commonwealth, political subdivision, or federal government; and which assessment shall be collected by the Clerk of the Court in which the action is filed and remitted to the Treasurer of the County and held by such Treasurer subject to disbursements by the Board of Supervisors for the acquisition of law books, law periodicals, and computer legal research services and equipment for the establishment, use and maintenance of a law library for the County which shall be open for the use of the public at hours convenient to the public, subject, however, to control on the hours and terms of use of the Law Library by the Judge of the Circuit Court. The Treasurer of the County is authorized to accept contributions to the fund from the Campbell County Bar Association. (9-16-74) (2-17-81) (11-15-82) (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §42.1-70 (Repl. Vol. 2002).

Editor's note. - VA. CODE ANN. §42.1-70 authorizes the assessment of a sum not in excess of \$4.00 on each civil action filed in County courts. VA. CODE ANN. §17.1-281 (Cum. Supp. 2009) authorizes the assessment of a sum not in excess of \$2.00 on each civil and criminal or traffic case filed in County courts.

[THE 1982 AMENDMENT increased the assessment from \$1.00 to \$2.00.]

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT inserted "and held by such Treasurer," substituted "and computer legal research services and equipment for the establishment, use and maintenance of" for ""and" and substituted "open" for "opened" therein.]

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT inserted "at hours convenient to the public" preceding the proviso language near the end of the first sentence.]

[THE 1989 AMENDMENT increased the fee from \$2.00 to \$4.00.]

[THE 1992 AMENDMENT substituted "filed" for "instituted" in the first sentence.]

[THE 1993 AMENDMENT inserted "civil" preceding "action instituted in County courts not of record" in the first sentence.]

[THE 1994 AMENDMENT substituted "shall be in addition to" for "is but an addition to" and "shall not be applicable" for "is not applicable" in the first sentence.]

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 AMENDMENT substituted "two dollars (\$2.00)" for "four dollars (\$4.00)" twice near the beginning of the first sentence.]

Sec. 9-3.1. Assessment for courthouse construction, renovation or maintenance imposed; amount; disbursement.

There is hereby assessed, as part of the costs in (i) each civil action filed in the district courts or circuit courts of Campbell County and (ii) each criminal or traffic case in the General District Court, Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court and Circuit Court, in which the defendant is charged with a violation of any statute or ordinance, the sum of \$2.00.

This assessment shall be collected by the Clerk of the Court in which the action is filed, remitted to the Treasurer of the County and held by the Treasurer subject to disbursements by the Board of Supervisors for construction, renovation or maintenance of courthouse or jail and court-related facilities and to defray increases in the cost of heating, cooling, electricity and ordinary maintenance.

The assessment provided for herein shall be in addition to any other fees prescribed by law. The assessment shall be required in each felony, misdemeanor, or traffic infraction case, regardless of the existence of a local ordinance requiring its payment. (6-18-90) (7-15-91)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §17.1-281 (Cum. Supp. 2009).

[THE 1990 ACT adopted this section.]

[THE JULY 1991 AMENDMENT deleted the former third paragraph which had provided an expiration date of July 1, 1991, and re-enacted the ordinance.]

[THE SECOND 1991 AMENDMENT inserted "in which the defendant is charged with a violation of any statute or ordinance" in the first paragraph, substituted "filed" for "heard and" in the second paragraph and added the present third paragraph.]

[THE 1992 AMENDMENT deleted "fees taxed as" following "as part of the" in the first paragraph.]

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 AMENDMENT inserted "(i) each civil action filed in the district courts or circuit courts of Campbell County and (ii)" in the first paragraph.]

[THE DECEMBER 1, 2003 AMENDMENT added the second sentence in the last paragraph.]

Sec. 9-3.2. Assessment for courtroom security imposed; amount; disbursement.

(a) The Board of Supervisors hereby assesses, as part of the costs in each criminal or traffic case in the district courts or circuit courts of Campbell County, *in which the defendant is convicted of a violation of any statute or ordinance*, the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00).

(b) The assessment imposed by this section shall be collected by the clerk of the court in which the case is heard, remitted to the Treasurer of Campbell County, and held by the Treasurer to

be appropriated by the Board of Supervisors to the County Sheriff's Office. The assessment shall be used solely for the funding of courthouse security personnel, and, if requested by the Sheriff, equipment and other personal property used in connection with courthouse security.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §53.1-120 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

Editor's note: Subsection D of VA. CODE ANN. §53.1-120, the authority for this assessment, was originally scheduled to expire on July 1, 2004; however, the General Assembly deleted that "sunset" provision by 2003 amendment. Therefore, this ordinance shall continue in effect.

[THE JUNE 17, 2002 ACT adopted this section, effective on July 1, 2002.]

[THE JULY 6, 2004 AMENDMENT added "and, if requested . . . in connection with courthouse security" at the end of (b); and deleted provisions of former (c) which concerned the original "sunset" provision later repealed by the General Assembly.]

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT, in (b), divided the provisions into two sentences, substituted "to be appropriated" for "subject to appropriation" in the first sentence and added "The assessment shall be used solely" at the beginning of the second sentence.]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2007 AMENDMENT substituted "ten dollars (\$10.00)" for "five dollars (\$5.00)" in (a), effective on January 1, 2008.]

Article IV. County Sales and Use Tax.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-605 and §58.1-606 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

Sec. 9-4. Amount; applicable brackets of prices; discount; exclusions and exemptions.

(a) Pursuant to VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-605 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and §58.1-606 (Cum. Supp. 2008) a local general retail sales and use tax at the rate of one percent (1%) to provide revenue for the general fund of the County is hereby levied. Such tax shall be added to the rate of the state sales and use tax imposed by VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-603 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and §58.1-604 (Repl. Vol. 2004), and shall be subject to all the provisions of Chapter 6, Title 58.1, of the Code of Virginia and the rules and regulations published with respect thereto. (6-20-66, §.1) (9-8-87)

(b) The applicable brackets of prices shall be as prescribed by the State Tax Commissioner for the combined state and local tax.

(c) No discount under VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-622 (Cum. Supp. 2008) shall be allowed on a local sales and use tax.

(d) The tax imposed by this article shall be subject to the exclusions and exemptions prescribed in VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-609.1 through 58.1-609.11 (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008).

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-605 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and §58.1-606 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT rewrote this section and added (b), (c) and (d).]

[THE DECEMBER 2, 2002 AMENDMENT substituted "by the State Tax Commissioner" for "in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-628 (Repl. Vol. 2000)" in (b).]

[THE DECEMBER 6, 2004 AMENDMENT substituted "58.1-609.11" for "58.1-609.10" in subsection (d).]

Sec. 9-4.1. Exemption for artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil used for domestic consumption.

(a) The local general retail sales and use tax authorized by §9-4 of this Code shall not apply to artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil used for domestic consumption.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "domestic consumption" means the use of artificial or propane gas, firewood, coal or home heating oil by an individual purchaser for other than business, commercial or industrial purposes.

(c) In no event shall such local sales and use tax apply to fuel for domestic consumption purchased by churches organized not for profit and (i) which are exempt from taxation under

§501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code or (ii) whose real property is exempt from local taxation pursuant to the provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3606 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-609.13 (Repl. Vol. 2004). For definition of "domestic consumption" and adjustments in tax for mixed use purchases, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-609.10 (1) (Cum. Supp. 2009).

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-5. Administration and collection.

Pursuant to VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-605 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and §58.1-606 (Cum. Supp. 2008) the local general retail sales and use tax levied by this article shall be administered and collected by the State Tax Commissioner of the Commonwealth of Virginia in the same manner and subject to the same penalties as provided for the State sales tax. (6-20-66)(9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-605 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and §58.1-606 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

Article V. Taxation of Aircraft.

Sec. 9-6. Reserved.

[THE 1988 ACT repealed this section, which concerned County taxation of aircraft, having maximum passenger seating capacity of no more than fifty which is owned and operated by certain scheduled air carriers, and set the rate of such taxation. The Board of Supervisors repealed this section pursuant to an agreement entered into between the City of Lynchburg and the County of Campbell, Virginia, in September 1986, entitled "Modified Voluntary Settlement of Annexation, Growth Sharing and Fiscal Arrangements," by which the County of Campbell agreed to impose no personal property tax on aircraft used by scheduled airlines for a period of twenty (20) years from the signing of said agreement.]

Sec. 9-7. Reserved.

Article V-(A). Land Use Taxation.

(Special Assessments for Agricultural, Horticultural, Forest or Open Space Real Estate)

Sec. 9-7.1. Purpose; exception as to applicability.

(a) The County of Campbell finds that the preservation of real estate devoted to agricultural, horticultural, forest, and open space use within its boundaries is in the public interest and, having heretofore adopted a land-use plan, hereby ordains that such real estate shall be taxed in

accordance with the provisions of Article 4 of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia and of this ordinance.

(b) The provisions of this article shall not apply to the assessment of any real estate assessable pursuant to law by a central state agency.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3231 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT added subsection (b).]

Sec. 9-7.1:1. Special classifications of real estate established and defined.

For the purposes of this article the following special classifications of real estate are established and defined:

(a) Real estate devoted to agricultural use shall mean real estate devoted to the bona fide production for sale of plants and animals useful to man under uniform standards prescribed by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (VA. CODE ANN. §§2.2-4000 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2008) or devoted to and meeting the requirements and qualifications for payments or other compensation pursuant to a soil conservation program under an agreement with an agency of the federal government. Real estate upon which recreational activities are conducted for a profit or otherwise, shall be considered real estate devoted to agricultural use as long as the recreational activities conducted on such real estate do not change the character of the real estate so that it does not meet the uniform standards prescribed by the Commissioner. Real property that has been designated as devoted to agricultural use shall not lose such designation solely because a portion of the property is being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special use permit or otherwise allowed by zoning; provided that the property, excluding such portion, otherwise meets all the requirements for such designation. The portion of the property being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special use permit or otherwise allowed by zoning shall be deemed a separate piece of property from the remaining property for purposes of assessment. The presence of utility lines on real property shall not be considered in determining whether the property, including the portion where the utility lines are located, is devoted to agricultural use. In determining whether real property is devoted to agricultural use, zoning designations and special use permits for the property shall not be considered.

(b) Real estate devoted to horticultural use shall mean real estate devoted to the bona fide production for sale of fruits of all kinds, including grapes, nuts, and berries; vegetables; nursery and floral products under uniform standards prescribed by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (VA. CODE ANN. §§2.2-4000 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2008); or real estate devoted to and meeting the requirements and qualifications for payments or other compensation pursuant to a soil conservation program under an agreement with an agency of the federal government. Real estate upon which recreational activities are conducted for profit or otherwise, shall be considered real estate devoted to horticultural use as long as the recreational activities conducted on such real estate do not change the character of the real estate so that it does not meet the uniform standards prescribed by the Commissioner. Real property that has been designated as devoted to horticultural use shall not lose such designation solely because a portion of the property is being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special

use permit or otherwise allowed by zoning; provided that the property, excluding such portion, otherwise meets all the requirements for such designation. The portion of the property being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special use permit or otherwise allowed by zoning shall be deemed a separate piece of property from the remaining property for purposes of assessment. The presence of utility lines on real property shall not be considered in determining whether the property, including the portion where the utility lines are located, is devoted to horticultural use. In determining whether real property is devoted to horticultural use, zoning designations and special use permits for the property shall not be considered.

(c) Real estate devoted to forest use shall mean land including the standing timber and trees thereon, devoted to tree growth in such quantity and so spaced and maintained as to constitute a forest area under standards prescribed by the State Forester pursuant to the authority set out in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3240 (Repl. Vol. 2004) in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (VA. CODE ANN. §§2.2-4000 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2008)). Real estate upon which recreational activities are conducted for profit, or otherwise, shall still be considered real estate devoted to forest use as long as the recreational activities conducted on such real estate do not change the character of the real estate so that it no longer constitutes a forest area under standards prescribed by the State Forester pursuant to the authority set out in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3240 (Repl. Vol. 2004). Real property that has been designated as devoted to forest use shall not lose such designation solely because a portion of the property is being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special use permit or is otherwise allowed by zoning; provided that the property, excluding such portion, otherwise meets all the requirements for such designation. The portion of the property being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special use permit or otherwise allowed by zoning shall be deemed a separate piece of property from the remaining property for purposes of assessment. The presence of utility lines on real property shall not be considered in determining whether the property, including the portion where the utility lines are located, is devoted to forest use. In determining whether real property is devoted to forest use, zoning designations and special use permits for the property shall not be considered.

(d) Real estate devoted to open-space use shall mean real estate used as, or preserved for, (i) park or recreational purposes, including public or private golf courses, (ii) conservation of land or other natural resources, (iii) floodways, (iv) wetlands as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3666 (Repl. Vol. 2004), (v) riparian buffers as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3666 (Repl. Vol. 2004), (vi) historic or scenic purposes, or (vii) assisting in the shaping of the character, direction, and timing of community development or for the public interest and consistent with the local land-use plan under uniform standards prescribed by the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation pursuant to the authority set out in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3240 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (VA. CODE ANN. §§2.2-4000 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2008) and this article. Real property that has been designated as devoted to open-space use shall not lose such designation solely because a portion of the property is being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special use permit or is otherwise allowed by zoning; provided that the property, excluding such portion, otherwise meets all the requirements for such designation. The portion of the property being used for a different purpose pursuant to a special use permit or otherwise allowed by zoning shall be deemed a separate piece of property from the remaining property for purposes of assessment. The presence of utility lines on real property shall not be considered in determining whether the property, including the portion where the utility lines are located, is devoted to open-space use. In determining whether real property is devoted to open-space use, zoning designations and special use permits for the property shall not be considered.

For state law basis, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3230 (Cum. Supp. 2009). See also VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3231 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1989 ACT adopted this section.]

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 AMENDMENT inserted "in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (VA. CODE ANN. §9-6.14:1 (et seq.)" in (a) through (d).]

[THE MAY 17, 1999 AMENDMENT, in (d), substituted "used as, or preserved for" for "used as to be provided or preserved for," inserted clause designations (i), (ii), (iii), (vi) and (vii), and inserted new clauses (iv) and (v).]

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT inserted "including public or private golf courses" at the end of clause (i) in (d) -- definition of "Real estate devoted to open-space use."]

[THE JULY 20, 2009 AMENDMENT added the third, fourth, fifth, and sixth sentences in (a), (b) and (c), and the second, third, fourth and fifth sentences in (d).]

Sec. 9-7.2. Application by property owners for assessment, etc.; fee; continuation of assessment, etc.

(a) Property owners must submit an application for taxation on the basis of a use assessment to the Commissioner of the Revenue of Campbell County:

1. At least sixty (60) days preceding the tax year for which such taxation is sought; or
2. In any year in which a general reassessment is being made the property owner may submit such application until thirty (30) days have elapsed after his notice of increase in assessment is mailed in accordance with VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3330 (Cum. Supp. 2008), or sixty (60) days preceding the tax year, whichever is later.

Late applications for taxation on the basis of a use assessment may be filed within no more than sixty (60) days after the filing deadline specified above, upon the payment of the late filing fee specified in subsection (e)(2) hereof. In addition, a further extension of the filing deadline to a date not later than thirty (30) days after notices of assessments are mailed may be permitted upon payment of an extension fee in an amount equal to the late filing fee specified in subsection (e)(2) hereof. Payment of the extension fee shall be *in addition to* payment of such late filing fees.

(b) An individual who is owner of an undivided interest in a parcel may apply on behalf of himself and the other owners of such parcel upon submitting an affidavit that such other owners are minors or cannot be located.

(c) An application shall be submitted whenever the use or acreage of such land previously approved changes; however, no application fee may be required when a change in acreage occurs solely as a result of a conveyance necessitated by governmental action or

condemnation of a portion of any land previously approved for taxation on the basis of use assessment.

(d) A separate application shall be filed for each parcel or group of contiguous parcels titled in exactly the same name on the land books.

(e) (1) Each application for taxation on the basis of a use assessment shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty dollars (\$20.00). In addition to the foregoing fee, there will be a fee of twenty cents (\$0.20) per acre for all acres in excess of one hundred (100). Contiguous parcels titled in exactly the same name will be combined for land use taxation purposes. For noncontiguous parcels or parcels not titled in exactly the same name, a separate application accompanied by a separate application fee as prescribed above will be required.

(2) Any application for a special use taxation under this Article not filed in a timely fashion as set forth in subsection (a) hereof must be accompanied by a fee of forty dollars (\$40.00). Contiguous parcels in the same name will be combined for land use taxation purposes. For noncontiguous parcels or parcels not titled in exactly the same name, a separate application accompanied by separate late application fee as prescribed above will be required.

(f) All property owners are required to revalidate annually with Campbell County, on or before the date on which the last installment of property tax prior to the effective date of the assessment is due, on forms prepared by the locality, any applications previously approved. Late revalidation forms may be filed on or before the effective date of the assessment, upon payment of a late filing fee. Each late revalidation form shall be accompanied by a late filing fee of forty dollars (\$40.00).

There is hereby imposed a revalidation fee every sixth year, which revalidation fee shall be the same as the application fee then being charged by the County of Campbell.

(g) Forms shall be prepared by the State Tax Commissioner and supplied to the County of Campbell for use of the applicants and applications shall be submitted on such forms.

(h) Reserved.

(i) In the event of a material misstatement of facts in the application or a material change in such facts prior to the date of assessment, such application for taxation based on use assessment granted thereunder shall be void and the tax for such year extended on the basis of value determined under VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3236 D. (Repl. Vol. 2004).

(j) No application for assessment based on use shall be accepted or approved if, at the time the application is filed, the tax on the land affected is delinquent. Upon the payment of all delinquent taxes, including penalties and interest, the application shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(k) Continuation of valuation, assessment and taxation under this article shall depend on continuance of the real estate in a qualifying use, continued payment of taxes as referred to in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3235 (Repl. Vol. 2004), and compliance with the other requirements of Article

4 of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia and of this ordinance and not upon continuance in the same owner of title to the land. (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3234 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

Cross reference: For definition of "material misstatement of fact," see §9-7.6(b) of this Code.

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT rewrote this section.]

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT substituted "however, no application fee may be required" for "except" in (c), deleted "original" preceding "application fee" in (f), and substituted "a qualifying use" for "the use for which classification is granted" in (k).]

[THE 1993 AMENDMENT deleted (h) concerning the duties of the County Commissioner of the Revenue to compile records of approved land use applications.]

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 AMENDMENT inserted "or group of contiguous parcels titled in exactly the same name" in (d) and substituted "titled in exactly the same" for "in the same" in the third sentence in (e)(1).]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 AMENDMENT, in the undesignated paragraph following paragraph 2 in (a), substituted "subsection (e)(2)" for "subsection (e)" in the first sentence, and added second and third sentences; deleted former second sentence in (e)(2) providing for an additional fee of twenty cents per acre for all acres in excess of one hundred acres; and added the second and third sentences in the first paragraph in (f).]

[THE DECEMBER 1, 2008 AMENDMENT substituted "twenty dollars" for "ten dollars" in the first sentence of (e)(1), substituted "twenty cents" for "ten cents" in the second sentence of (e)(1), substituted "forty dollars" for "twenty dollars" in the first sentence of (e)(2), and substituted "forty dollars" for "twenty dollars" in the last sentence of (f).]

Sec. 9-7.2:1. Removal of parcels from program if taxes are delinquent.

If on April 1 of any year the taxes for any prior year on any parcel of real property which has a special assessment as provided for in this article are delinquent, the County Treasurer shall forthwith send notice of that fact and the general provisions of this section to the property owner by first-class mail. If, after the notice has been sent, such delinquent taxes remain unpaid on June 1, the treasurer shall notify the County Commissioner of Revenue who shall remove such parcel from the land use program. Such removal shall become effective for the current tax year. (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3235 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT adopted this section.]

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 AMENDMENT, effective with the 1998 tax year, substituted "April 1" for "June 1" in the first sentence and "June 1" for "November 1" in the second sentence and added the last sentence.]

Sec. 9-7.3. Determination to be made by the Commissioner of the Revenue before assessment of real estate; duties of certain state officials; remedy of person aggrieved by action or nonaction of such officials.

(a) Prior to the assessment of any parcel of real estate under this ordinance, the Commissioner of the Revenue of Campbell County shall:

1. Determine that the real estate meets the criteria set forth in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3230 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and the standards prescribed thereunder to qualify for one of the classifications set forth therein, and he may request an opinion from the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the State Forester or the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services; and

2. Determine further that real estate devoted solely to (i) agricultural or horticultural use consists of a minimum of five acres, (ii) forest use consists of a minimum of twenty (20) acres and (iii) open-space use consists of a minimum of five acres, unless the real estate is adjacent to a scenic river, scenic highway, a Virginia Byway or public property in the Virginia Outdoors Plan, in which case land devoted to open-space uses shall consist of a minimum of one-quarter of an acre.

The minimum acreage requirements for special classifications of real estate shall be determined by adding together the total area of contiguous real estate excluding recorded subdivision lots recorded after July 1, 1983, titled in the same ownership. For purposes of this section, properties separated only by a public right of way are considered contiguous; and

3. Determine further that real estate devoted to open-space use is (i) within an agricultural, a forestal, or an agricultural and forestal district entered into pursuant to VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-4301 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2008), or (ii) subject to a recorded perpetual easement that is held by a public body, and promotes the open-space use classification, as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3230 (Cum. Supp. 2008), or (iii) subject to a recorded commitment entered into by the landowners with the Board of Supervisors, or its authorized designee, not to change the use to a non-qualifying use for a time period stated in the commitment of not less than four years nor more than ten (10) years. Such commitment should be subject to uniform standards prescribed by the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation pursuant to the authority set out in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3240 (Repl. Vol. 2004). Such commitment shall run with the land for the applicable period, and may be terminated in the manner provided in VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-4314 (Repl. Vol. 2008) for withdrawal of land from an agricultural, a forestal, or an agricultural and forestal district.

(b) Upon the refusal of the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the State Forester or the Director of the Department of Conservation and Recreation to issue an opinion requested by the County Commissioner of the Revenue pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection (a) hereof, or in the event of an unfavorable opinion which does not comport with standards set forth in statements filed pursuant to VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3240 (Repl. Vol. 2004), the party aggrieved may seek relief in the Circuit Court of the County of Campbell, and in the event that the court finds

in his favor, it may issue an order which shall serve in lieu of an opinion for the purposes of Article 4 of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia and of this ordinance. (9-8-87) (3-21-89)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3233 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and §58.1-3240 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT rewrote this section.]

[THE MARCH 1989 AMENDMENT inserted "the State Forester" twice; inserted "solely" in paragraph 2 of (a), added undesignated paragraph following paragraph 2 of (a), and added paragraph 3 thereafter.]

[THE 1989 AMENDMENT substituted "Recreation" for "Historic Resources" in paragraph 1 of (a) and paragraph 3 thereof; in (b), and added proviso in paragraph 2 of (a).]

[THE 1990 AMENDMENT, in (a), inserted "recorded after July 1, 1983" in paragraph 2 and inserted "or its authorized designee" in clause (iii) in paragraph 3.]

[THE FEBRUARY 2, 1998, AMENDMENT, in clause (iii) of paragraph 2 of (a), inserted "land devoted to open space uses shall consist of."]

[THE MAY 17, 1999 AMENDMENT, in paragraph 3 of (a), substituted "§15.2-4301 et seq." for "§15.1-1507 et seq." and "§15.2-4314" for "§15.1-1513."]

[THE DECEMBER 2, 2002 AMENDMENT substituted "one-quarter of an acre" for "two acres" at the end of the first paragraph in subsection (a) 2.]

Sec. 9-7.4. Valuation of real estate; values placed on land book.

(a) In valuing real estate for the purpose of taxation by Campbell County under this Article, the County Commissioner of the Revenue or duly appointed assessor shall consider only those indicia of value which such real estate has for agricultural, horticultural, forest or open space use, and real estate taxes shall be extended upon the value so determined. In addition to use of his personal knowledge, judgment and experience as to the value of real estate in agricultural, horticultural, forest or open space use, he shall, in arriving at the value of such land, consider the available evidence of agricultural, horticultural, forest or open space capability, and the recommendations of value of such real estate as made by the State Land Evaluation Advisory Committee.

(b) In determining the total area of real estate actively devoted to agricultural, horticultural, forest or open space use there shall be included the area of all real estate under barns, sheds, silos, cribs, greenhouses, public recreation facilities and like structures, lakes, dams, ponds, streams, irrigation ditches and like facilities; but real estate under, and such additional real estate as may be actually used in connection with, the farmhouse or home or any other structure not related to such special use, shall be excluded in determining such total area.

(c) All structures which are located on real estate in agricultural, horticultural, forest or open space use and the farmhouse or home or any other structure not related to such special use and the real estate on which the farmhouse or home or such other structure is located, together with the additional real estate in connection therewith, shall be valued, assessed and taxed by the same standards, methods and procedures as other taxable structures and other real estate in the County.

(d) In addition, such real estate in agricultural, horticultural, forest or open-space use shall be evaluated on the basis of fair market value as applied to other real estate in Campbell County, and land book records shall be maintained to show both the use value and the fair market value of such real estate. (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3236 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT rewrote this section.]

Sec. 9-7.5. Change in use or zoning of real estate assessed under article; roll-back taxes.

(a) When real estate qualifies for assessment and taxation on the basis of use under this article, and the use by which it qualified changes to a nonqualifying use or the zoning of the real estate is changed to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent, it shall be subject to additional taxes, hereinafter referred to as roll-back taxes. Such additional taxes shall only be assessed against that portion of such real estate which no longer qualifies for assessment and taxation on the basis of use or zoning. Liability for roll-back taxes shall attach and be paid to the Treasurer only if the amount of tax due exceeds ten dollars.

(b) The roll-back tax shall be equal to the sum of the deferred tax for each of the five most recent complete tax years including simple interest on such roll-back taxes at a rate set by the Board of Supervisors, no greater than the rate applicable to delinquent taxes in Campbell County pursuant to VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3916 (Cum. Supp. 2008) for each of the tax years. The deferred tax for each year shall be equal to the difference between the tax levied and the tax that would have been levied based on the fair market value assessment of the real estate for that year. In addition the taxes for the current year shall be extended on the basis of fair market value which may be accomplished by means of a supplemental assessment based upon the difference between the use value and the fair market value.

(c) Liability to the roll-back taxes shall attach when a change in use occurs or a change in zoning of the real estate to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent occurs. Liability to the roll-back taxes shall not attach when a change in ownership of the title takes place if the new owner does not rezone the real estate to a more intensive use and continues the real estate in the use for which it is classified under the conditions prescribed in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3229 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008) and in this article. The owner of any real estate which has been zoned to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent as provided in subsection (d), or otherwise subject to or liable for roll-back taxes, shall, within sixty days following such change in use or zoning, report such change to the Commissioner of the Revenue on such forms as may be prescribed. The Commissioner shall forthwith determine and assess the roll-back tax, which shall be assessed against and paid by the owner of the property at the time the change in use which no longer qualifies occurs or at the time of the zoning of the real estate to a

more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent occurs, and shall be paid to the Treasurer within thirty days of the assessment. If the amount due is not paid by the due date, the Treasurer shall impose a penalty and interest on the amount of the roll-back tax, including interest for prior years. Such penalty and interest shall be imposed in accordance with VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3915 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and §58.1-3916 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(d) Real property zoned to a more intensive use, at the request of the owner or his agent, shall be subject to and liable for the roll-back tax at the time such zoning is changed. The roll-back tax shall be levied and collected from the owner of the real estate in accordance with subsection (c) of this section. Real property zoned to a more intensive use before July 1, 1988, at the request of the owner or his agent, shall be subject to and liable for the roll-back tax at the time the qualifying use is changed to a nonqualifying use. Real property zoned to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent after July 1, 1988, shall be subject to and liable for the roll-back tax at the time of such zoning. Said roll-back tax, plus interest calculated in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, shall be levied and collected at the time such property was rezoned. For property rezoned after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1992, no penalties or interest, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, shall be assessed, provided the said roll-back tax is paid on or before October 1, 1992. No real property rezoned to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent shall be eligible for taxation and assessment under this article, provided that these provisions shall not be applicable to any rezoning which is required for the establishment, continuation, or expansion of a qualifying use. If the property is subsequently rezoned to agricultural, horticultural, or open space, it shall be eligible for consideration for assessment and taxation under this article only after three years have passed since the rezoning was effective.

However, the owner of any real property that qualified for assessment and taxation on the basis of use, and whose real property was rezoned to a more intensive use at the owner's request prior to July 1, 1985, may be eligible for taxation and assessment under this article provided the owner applies for rezoning to agricultural, horticultural open-space or forest use. The real property shall be eligible for assessment and taxation on the basis of the qualifying use for the tax year following the effective date of the rezoning. If any such real property is subsequently rezoned to a more intensive use at the owner's request, within five years from the date the property was initially rezoned to a qualifying use under this section, the owner shall be liable for roll-back taxes when the property is rezoned to a more intensive use. Additionally, the owner shall be subject to a penalty equal to fifty percent of the roll-back taxes due as determined under subsection (b) of this section.

(e) If real estate annexed by a city and granted use value assessment and taxation becomes subject to roll-back taxes, and such real estate likewise has been granted use value assessment and taxation by the county prior to annexation, the city shall collect roll-back taxes and interest for the maximum period allowed under this section and shall return to the county a share of such taxes and interest proportionate to the amount of such period, if any, for which the real estate was situated in the county.

For state law authority and basis, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3237 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT rewrote this section.]

[THE 1990 AMENDMENT added the second paragraph in (d).]

[THE 1992 AMENDMENT inserted "or the zoning of the real estate is changed to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent" in the first sentence in (a); in (c), rewrote the former first sentence by substituting "or a change in zoning of the real estate to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent occurs. Liability to the roll-back taxes shall not attach" for "but not" and inserted "does not rezone the real estate to a more intensive use and" in the present second sentence, substituted "real estate which has been zoned to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent" for "real estate rezoned" and inserted "or otherwise subject to or" in the third sentence, and, in the fourth sentence, inserted "or at the time of the zoning of the real estate to a more intensive use at the request of the owner or his agent occurs;" and in the first paragraph of (d), substituted "zoned" for "rezoned" and "at the time such zoning" for "at the time the zoning" and inserted "and liable for" in the first sentence, inserted present second sentence, substituted "zoned" or "rezoned" and inserted "and liable for" in the third sentence, and inserted the present fourth, fifth, and sixth sentences therein.]

[THE MAY 17, 1999 AMENDMENT substituted "ten dollars" for "two dollars" at the end of (a), effective July 1, 1999.]

Sec. 9-7.6. Failure to report change in use; misstatements in applications.

(a) Any person failing to report properly any change in use of property for which an application for use value taxation had been filed shall be liable for all such taxes, in such amounts and at such times as if he had complied herewith and assessments had been properly made, and he shall be liable for the same penalties and interest thereon as prescribed herein. On failure to report within sixty (60) days following such change in use or zoning and/or failure to pay within thirty (30) days of such assessment, such owner shall be liable for an additional penalty equal to ten percentum (10%) of the amount of the roll-back tax interest, which penalty shall be collected as a part of the tax. In addition to such penalty, there is hereby imposed interest of one-half percentum (1/2%) of the amount of roll-back tax, interest and penalty for each month or fraction thereof during which the failure continues.

(b) Any person making a material misstatement of fact in any such application shall be liable for all such taxes, in such amounts and at such times as if such property had been assessed on the basis of fair market value as applied to other real estate in Campbell County, together with interest and penalties thereon. If such material misstatement was made with the intent to defraud the County of Campbell, he shall be further assessed with an additional penalty of one hundred percent (100%) of such unpaid taxes.

For purposes of this section and §9-7.2 of this Code, incorrect information on the following subjects will be considered material misstatements of fact:

- (1) The number and identities of the known owners of the property at the time of application;
- (2) The actual use of the property.

The intentional misrepresentation of the number of acres in the parcel or the number of acres to be taxed according to use shall also be considered a material misstatement of fact for the purposes of this section and §9-7.2 of this Code. (9-8-87)

For state law basis, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3238 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT rewrote this section.]

Sec. 9-7.6:1. Separation of part of real estate assessed under this article; contiguous real estate located in more than one taxing locality.

(a) For purposes of this Article, separation or split-off of lots, pieces or parcels of land from the real estate which is being valued, assessed and taxed under this Article either by conveyance or other action of the owner of such real estate, shall subject the real estate so separated to liability for the roll-back taxes applicable thereto, but shall not impair the right of each subdivided parcel of such real estate to qualify for such valuation, assessment and taxation in any and all future years, provided it meets the minimum acreage requirements and such other conditions of this article as may be applicable. Such separation or split-off of lots shall not impair the right of the remaining real estate to continuance of such valuation, assessment and taxation without liability for roll-back taxes, provided it meets the minimum acreage requirements and other applicable conditions of this article.

(b) (1) No subdivision, separation, or split-off of property which results in parcels that meet the minimum acreage requirements of this article, and that are used for one or more of the purposes set forth in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3230 (Cum. Supp. 2008), shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

(2) Reserved.

(c) Where contiguous real estate in agricultural, horticultural, forest or open-space use in one ownership is located in more than one taxing locality, compliance with the minimum acreage shall be determined on the basis of the total area of such real estate and not the area which is located in the particular taxing locality. (9-8-87)

For state law basis, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3241 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT adopted this section.]

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT rewrote (a) and deleted "or gross sales requirements" following "minimum acreage" in (b).]

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT redesignated former subsection (b) as present (c); designated provisions of the former undesignated second paragraph following (a) as present (b)(1) and inserted "separation or split-off" and substituted "that meet" for "which meet," "that are used for one" for "which the owner attests is for one," and "subsection (a) of this section" for "this subsection" therein; and inserted (b)(2) as a "Reserved" paragraph.]

Sec. 9-7.7. Applicability of state law regarding local levies and assessments.

The provisions of Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia applicable to local levies and real estate assessments and taxation shall be applicable to assessments and taxation hereunder mutatis mutandis including, without limitation, provisions relating to tax liens, boards of equalization and the correction of erroneous assessments and for such purposes the roll-back taxes shall be considered to be deferred real estate taxes. (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3243 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT substituted "real estate assessments" for "real estate assessment" and inserted "boards of equalization."]

Sec. 9-7.8. Effective date of article.

This ordinance shall be effective for all tax years beginning January 1, 1982, and thereafter. (12-15-80)(7-20-81) (9-8-87)

Article VI. Real Estate Tax Exemption for Certain Elderly Persons and Disabled Persons.

Sec. 9-8. Purpose.

In accordance with VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3210 (Cum. Supp. 2008), as amended, the Board of Supervisors hereby deems those elderly persons or permanently and totally disabled persons who fall within the provisions of this article to be bearing an extraordinary tax burden on the real estate and manufactured homes defined herein in relation to their income and net worth. (11-21-77; 12-18-72, §.1.) (11-15-82) (9-8-87)

For purposes of this article, any reference to real estate shall include manufactured homes.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3210 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE 1982 AMENDMENT inserted "and mobile homes" following "real estate."]

[THE 1993 AMENDMENT deleted "mobile or" preceding "manufactured homes" in the first paragraph and added the second paragraph.]

Sec. 9-9. Definitions.

For the purposes of this article, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them by this section:

Affidavit. The real estate tax exemption affidavit.

Commissioner of the Revenue. The Commissioner of the Revenue of the County or any of his duly authorized deputies or agents.

Dwelling. The full-time residence, including a manufactured home, of the person claiming the exemption.

Elderly. A person not less than sixty-five (65) years of age as of December 31 of the year prior to the year for which exemption is requested.

Exemption. Exemption from the County real estate tax according to the provisions of this article.

Fair market value. When applied to real estate, fair market value shall mean the appraised value, and not the assessed value, as shown on the records of the Commissioner of the Revenue. When applied to personal property, fair market value shall mean the actual value as appraised by the Commissioner of the Revenue.

Income. Total gross income from all sources, without regard to whether a tax return is actually filed. Income shall not include life insurance benefits or receipts from borrowing or other debt.

Manufactured home. A structure subject to federal regulation, which is transportable in one or more sections; is eight (8) body feet or more in width and forty (40) body feet or more in length in the traveling mode; or is three hundred twenty (320) or more square feet when erected on site; is built on a permanent chassis; is designed to be used as a single-family dwelling, with or without a permanent foundation, when connected to the required utilities; and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems contained in the structure.

Permanently and totally disabled. Unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment or deformity which can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for the duration of such person's life.

Property. Real property.

Relative. Any relation by blood or marriage.

Taxable year. The calendar year, from January 1 until December 31, for which exemption is claimed. (11-21-77) (12-18-72, § 2.) (11-15-82) (9-8-87)

For state law basis for definition of "manufactured home," see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3210 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and VA. CODE ANN. §36-85.3 (Repl. Vol. 2005). For state law basis for definition of "permanently and totally disabled," see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3217 (Repl. Vol. 2004). For definition of income, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3211 (Cum. Supp. 2008) at subdivision 5.

[THE 1982 AMENDMENT added "including a mobile home" to definition of "Dwelling."]

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT inserted the definition of "mobile home" and substituted the definition of "permanently and totally disabled" for the former reference to §58-760.1(e).]

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT rewrote the definition of "mobile or manufactured home."]

[THE 1993 AMENDMENT substituted "manufactured home" for "mobile home" in the definition of "Dwelling" and deleted "Mobile or" preceding "[M]anufactured home" therein.]

[THE FEBRUARY 2, 1998 AMENDMENT inserted the definition of "Income."]

Sec. 9-10. Exemption subject to certain restrictions and conditions; definition of "income."

Taxation of the dwelling owned by and occupied as the sole dwelling of any persons who are elderly or permanently and totally disabled in accordance with the definitions cited in §9-9 of this Code, is hereby exempted according to the provisions of this article, subject to the following restrictions and conditions:

(a) (1) Subject to subsection (a)(2) of this section, the total combined income received from all sources during the preceding calendar year by: (i) owners of the dwelling who use it as their principal residence, and (ii) owners' relatives who live in the dwelling, shall not exceed thirty-two thousand dollars (\$32,000.00), provided that the first ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) of income of each relative who is not the spouse of an owner living in the dwelling and who does not qualify for the exemption provided by subsection (a)(2) hereof shall be excluded in determining total combined income.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1) of this section, if a person qualifies for an exemption or deferral under this article, and if the person can prove by clear and convincing evidence that the person's physical or mental health has deteriorated to the point that the only alternative to permanently residing in a hospital, nursing home, convalescent home or other facility for physical or mental care is to have a relative move in and provide care for the person, and if a relative does then move in for that purpose, then none of the income of the relative or of the relative's spouse shall be counted towards the income limit, provided the owner of the residence has not transferred assets in excess of \$10,000.00 without adequate consideration within a three-year period prior to or after the relative moves into such residence.

(3) For the purpose of this article, income shall mean total gross income from all sources, without regard to whether a tax return is actually filed. Income shall not include life insurance benefits or receipts from borrowing or other debt.

(b) The net combined financial worth, including the present value of all equitable interests, as of December 31 of the immediately preceding calendar year, of the owners, and of the spouse of any owner, excluding the value of the dwelling and the land, not exceeding one acre, upon which it is situated, shall not exceed seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000.00).

(c) Qualification for any real estate tax exemption under this article shall not be made conditional upon a citizen having resided in Campbell County for a designated period of time prior to application for exemption.

(d) A dwelling jointly held by a husband and wife, with no other joint owners, may qualify if either spouse is sixty-five (65) years old or over or is permanently and totally disabled, provided other requirements prescribed in this article are met, and the proration of the exemption or deferral under VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3211.1 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and §9-10.1 of this Code shall not apply for such dwelling. (12-18-72, §3) (1-20-75) (11-21-77) (11-20-78) (11-17-80) (11-15-82) (11-19-84) (9-8-87)(3-21-89)

For state law basis, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3210 (Cum. Supp. 2008), §58.1-3211 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and §58.1-3212 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1982 AMENDMENT deleted "and, provided ... has been a resident of the County for at least five (5) years prior to December 31 of the tax year for which the request is made" from the first paragraph.]

[THE 1984 AMENDMENT substituted "nine thousand dollars" for "seven thousand five hundred dollars" in (a)].

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT inserted "or owners," preceding "who is living" in (a) and deleted "worth at the end of (a), substituted "owner" for "owners" preceding "shall not exceed" in (b), inserted dollar amounts in numerals parenthetically, and deleted former (d), the former provisions of which are now found at §9-11 and added present (d).]

[THE MARCH 1989 AMENDMENT rewrote (a) and inserted "excluding the value of the dwelling and the land, not exceeding one acre, upon which it is situated" in (b).]

[THE SECOND 1989 AMENDMENT substituted "twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000.00)" for "nine thousand dollars (\$9,000.00)" and substituted "two thousand, five hundred dollars (\$2,500.00)" for "fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500.00)" in the middle of (a) and added "from the total combined income calculation" at the end of (a), inserted "the present value of all" in (b), and substituted "sixty thousand dollars \$60,000.00)" for "fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00)" at the end of (b), deleted former (c) concerning the exclusion of the fair market value of the dwelling from combined financial worth, and inserted new (c).]

[THE 1990 AMENDMENT designated existing provisions of (a) as paragraph (1) therein, substituting "Subject to subsection (a)(2) of this section" for "That" at the beginning thereof, inserting "and who does not qualify for the exemption provided by subsection (a)(2) hereof" near the end, added new (a)(2), and deleted "That" at the beginning of (b).]

[THE 1993 AMENDMENT substituted "qualifies" for "has already qualified," deleted "after so qualifying" preceding "the person's physical or mental" and substituted "income of the relative or of the relative's spouse ... prior to or after the relative moves into such residence" for "relative's income shall be counted towards the income limit" in (a)(2).]

[THE APRIL 1995 AMENDMENT, substituted "fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00)" for "twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000.00)" in the middle of subsection (a)(1).]

[THE FEBRUARY 2, 1998, AMENDMENT added new subsection (a)(3).]

[THE AUGUST 7, 2000 AMENDMENT inserted "according to the provisions of this article" in the introductory paragraph; and amended (a)(1), effective January 1, 2001, *for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2001*, to increase the maximum total combined income from \$15,000 to \$22,000 annually, subject to the same provisos.]

[THE JULY 7, 2003 AMENDMENT amended (a)(1), effective for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2003, to increase the maximum total combined income from \$22,000 to \$26,000 annually and to increase the amount of the excludable income of certain non-spousal relatives from \$2,500 to \$8,500 annually.]

[THE JUNE 5, 2006 AMENDMENT, in (a)(1), increased the ceiling for the total combined income received from all sources from \$26,000 to \$30,000, increased the nonspousal relative income exclusion from \$8,500 to \$10,000, and substituted "in determining total combined income" for "from the total combined income calculation"; in (b), increased the net combined financial worth limitation from \$60,000 to \$75,000; all effective January 1, 2007.]

[THE JULY 7, 2008 AMENDMENT, in (a)(1), increased the ceiling for the total combined income received from all sources from \$30,000 to \$32,000, substituted "\$10,000.00" for "\$5,000.00" in (a)(2), and inserted "with no other joint owners," and "and the proration of the exemption or deferral. . ." in the last sentence of subsection (d); all effective January 1, 2009.]

Sec. 9-10.1. Prorated tax exemption.

(a) Dwellings jointly held by two or more individuals not all of whom are at least age sixty-five (65) or permanently and totally disabled may qualify for an exemption from real estate taxes, provided that (i) the dwelling is occupied as the sole dwelling by all such joint owners, and (ii) the net combined financial worth of all such joint owners, including the present value of all equitable interests and computed without any exclusion for the dwelling or for any other asset notwithstanding the provisions of this Article, as of December 31 of the immediately preceding calendar year, does not exceed \$185,200.

The tax exemption for the dwelling that otherwise would have been provided under §9-10 of this Code shall be prorated by multiplying the amount of the exemption by a fraction that has as a numerator the percentage of ownership interest in the dwelling held by all such joint owners who are at least age sixty-five (65) or permanently and totally disabled, and as a denominator, 100%. As a condition of eligibility for such tax exemption, the joint owners of the dwelling shall be required to furnish to the Commissioner of Revenue sufficient evidence of each owner's ownership interest in the dwelling.

(b) The provisions of this section shall not apply to dwellings jointly held by a husband and wife, with no other joint owners.

(c) The income limitation provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3211 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and §9-10 of this Code shall be applicable to joint owners described under this section. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted or construed to provide for an exemption from tax for any dwelling jointly held by nonindividuals.

For state law basis, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3211.1 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE JULY 7, 2008 ACT adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-11. Application for exemption; exemption amount.

(a) The person claiming such exemption under this Article shall file annually with the County Commissioner of the Revenue, on forms to be supplied by him, an affidavit or written statement setting forth (i) the names of the related persons occupying such real estate and (ii) that the total combined net worth, including equitable interests and the combined income from all sources, of the persons specified in subsections (a) and (b) of §9-10, or §9-10.1, as the case may be, of this Code do not exceed the limits prescribed in this Article.

(b) If such person is under sixty-five (65) years of age such forms shall have attached thereto a certification by the Social Security Administration, the Department of Veterans Affairs or the Railroad Retirement Board, or if such person is not eligible for certification by any of these agencies, a sworn affidavit by two (2) medical doctors who are either licensed to practice medicine in the Commonwealth, or are military officers on active duty who practice medicine with the United States Armed Forces, to the effect that the person is permanently and totally disabled, as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3217 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and §9-9 of this Code; however, a certification pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §423(d) by the Social Security Administration so long as the person remains eligible for such social security benefits shall be deemed to satisfy such definition in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3217 (Repl. Vol. 2004). The affidavit of at least one of the doctors shall be based upon a physical examination of the person by such doctor. The affidavit of one of the doctors may be based upon medical information contained in the records of the Civil Service Commission which is relevant to the standards for determining permanent and total disability as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3217 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and §9-9 of this Code.

(c) Such affidavit, written statement or certification shall be filed after January 1 of each year, but no later than May 1.

(d) The Commissioner of the Revenue shall also make any other reasonably necessary inquiry of persons seeking such exemption, requiring answers under oath, to determine qualifications as specified herein, including qualification as permanently and totally disabled as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3217 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and §9-9 of this Code, and qualification for the exclusion of life insurance benefits paid upon the death of an owner of a dwelling. The Commissioner of the Revenue may, in addition, require the production of certified tax returns to establish the income or financial worth of any applicant for tax relief.

(e) If, after an audit and investigation, the Commissioner of the Revenue determines that the person is qualified for exemption, he shall so certify the same, and shall determine the percentage of exemption allowable and issue nonnegotiable exemption certificates in the amount of the exemption determined to be applicable to the claimant's real estate tax liability. Such exemption certificate shall apply only to the tax year for which issued. The person to whom an exemption certificate has been issued shall, on or before the past due date established for the payment of such real estate tax, present such exemption certificate to the County Treasurer, together with the payment of difference between such exemption and the full amount of the tax payment then due on the property for which the exemption was issued. Any exemption certificate not presented in settlement of such taxes on or before the date specified for payment shall be null and void and unusable thereafter. The Commissioner of the Revenue may not reissue a certificate for such tax year.

Where the person claiming exemption conforms to the standards and does not exceed the limitations contained herein, the tax exemption shall be as shown on the following schedule:

<u>Total Income from All Sources</u>		<u>Tax Exemption</u>
<u>Income greater than:</u>	<u>but less than or equal to:</u>	
\$ -0-	\$24,000	100%
\$24,000	\$28,000	75%
\$28,000	\$32,000	50%

Maximum annual exemption on any one property ----- \$500.00

(f) Exemption will be afforded in accordance with either the elderly or the permanently and totally disabled criteria, but not both. (12-18-72, §4) (11-21-77) (11-20-78) (11-17-80) (11-15-82) (11-19-84) (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3213 (Cum. Supp. 2007).

[THE 1982 AMENDMENT rewrote (b).]

[THE 1984 AMENDMENT raised the maximum income to nine thousand dollars (\$9,000) and revised the schedule contained in (e) hereof.]

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT rewrote this section.]

[THE 1989 AMENDMENT substituted "relief" for "relief" at the end of (d) and raised the maximum total income from \$9,000 to \$12,000 and the maximum annual exemption on any one property from \$200 to \$250, and revised the table in (e).]

[THE 1990 AMENDMENT, in the first sentence of (b), substituted "Department of Veterans Affairs" for "Veterans Administration," inserted "who are either" following "two (2) medical doctors," and "or are military officers on active duty who practice medicine with the United States Armed Forces" following "in the Commonwealth."]

[THE 1991 AMENDMENT inserted "the Social Security Administration" in the first sentence in (b) and added the clause beginning "however, a certification pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §423 (d)..." at the end of the first sentence in (b).]

[THE APRIL 1995 AMENDMENT raised the maximum total income from \$12,000.00 to \$15,000.00 and revised the incremental income levels in the table in (e).]

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 AMENDMENT inserted "or written statement" following "affidavit" in the middle of (a) and in (c).]

[THE FEBRUARY 2, 1998, AMENDMENT inserted the language beginning "and qualification for the exclusion of life insurance..." at the end of the first sentence in (d).]

[THE AUGUST 7, 2000, AMENDMENT substituted "but no later than May 1" for "but before April 1" in (c); rewrote the table of total income from all sources and percentage tax exemption applicable thereto found in (e), and, at the end of (e), substituted "\$300.00" for "\$250.00" as the maximum annual exemption on any one property, effective upon passage and applicable to the 2000 taxable year and thereafter.]

[THE JULY 7, 2003 AMENDMENT, *effective for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2003*, rewrote the table of total income from all sources and percentage tax exemption applicable thereto in (e) to consolidate the tax brackets eligible for full or partial exemption, increasing the maximum total annual income amount from \$22,000 to \$26,000, and increasing the maximum annual exemption on any one property from \$300 to \$500.]

[THE JUNE 5, 2006 AMENDMENT, effective for tax years beginning on and after January 1, 2007, rewrote the table of total income from all sources and percentage tax exemption applicable thereto found at (e) by substituting "\$0 to \$20,000" for "\$0 to \$15,000," "\$20,000 to \$25,000" for "\$15,000 to \$20,000," and "\$25,000 to \$30,000" for "\$20,000 to \$26,000."]

[THE JULY 7, 2008 AMENDMENT, effective for tax years beginning on and after January 1, 2009, rewrote the table of total income from all sources and percentage tax exemption applicable thereto found at (e) by substituting "\$0 to \$24,000" for "\$0 to \$20,000," "\$24,000 to \$28,000" for "\$20,000 to \$25,000," and "\$28,000 to \$32,000" for "\$25,000 to \$30,000."]

[THE JULY 20, 2009 AMENDMENT, inserted "or §9-10.1, as the case may be" in clause (ii) of subsection (a).]

Sec. 9-11.1. Absence from residence.

The fact that persons who are otherwise qualified for tax exemption under this ordinance are residing in hospitals, nursing homes, convalescent homes or other facilities for physical or mental care for extended periods of time shall not be construed to mean that the real estate for which tax exemption is sought does not continue to be the sole dwelling of such persons during such extended

periods of other residence so long as such real estate is not used by or leased to others for consideration. (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3214 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1987 ACT adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-11.2. Effective date; change in circumstances.

(a) An exemption enacted pursuant to this article may be granted for any year following the date that the qualifying individual occupying such dwelling and owning title or partial title thereto reaches the age of sixty-five (65) years or for any year following the date the disability occurred.

(b) Changes in income, financial worth, ownership of property or other factors occurring during the taxable year for which an affidavit is filed and having the effect of exceeding or violating the limitations and conditions provided in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3210 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008) and of this ordinance shall nullify any exemption for the remainder of the current taxable year and the taxable year immediately following. Any such changes shall be promptly reported to the Commissioner of the Revenue by the applicant.

(c) A change in ownership to a spouse or a nonqualifying individual, when such change results solely from the death of the qualifying individual, or a sale of such property shall result in a prorated exemption for the then current taxable year. The proceeds of the sale which would result in the prorated exemption shall not be included in the computation of net worth or income as provided in subsections a and b of this section. Such prorated portion shall be determined by multiplying the amount of the exemption by a fraction wherein the number of complete months of the year such property was properly eligible for such exemption is the numerator and the number twelve (12) is the denominator.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3215 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT substituted "exceeding" for "extending" and "§58.1-3210 et seq." for "Article II of Chapter 32 of Title 58.1" in the first sentence of (b).]

[THE 1989 AMENDMENT substituted "the remainder of the current taxable year" for "the then current taxable year" in (b) and added (c).]

[THE JULY 7, 2008 AMENDMENT added "or a nonqualifying individual" in the first sentence of (c).]

Sec. 9-11.3. Notice of real estate tax exemption program for elderly and handicapped.

The Treasurer of Campbell County shall enclose written notice, in each real estate tax bill, of the terms and conditions of the real estate tax exemption program established pursuant to VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3210 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and this article. The Treasurer shall also employ any other reasonable means necessary to notify residents of Campbell County about the terms and

conditions of the real estate tax exemption program for elderly and handicapped residents of the County.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3213.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1989 ACT adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-12. Penalty.

Any person falsely claiming an exemption shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, may be punished as provided in §1-6 of this Code. (12-18-72, §5.) (9-8-87)

Sec. 9-12.1. Effective date.

This article shall apply to the taxable year 1973 and each year thereafter or until amended or repealed. (12-18-72, §6.)

Article VII. Personal Property Tax.

Sec. 9-13. Exemption of certain personal property from taxation.

The following classes of household goods and personal effects shall be exempt from taxation:

- (a) Bicycles.
- (b) Household and kitchen furniture, including gold and silver plates, plated ware, watches and clocks, sewing machines, refrigerators, automatic refrigerating machinery of any type, vacuum cleaners and all other household machinery, books, firearms and weapons of all kinds.
- (c) Pianos, organs, and all other musical instruments; phonographs, record players, and records to be used therewith; and radio and television instruments and equipment.
- (d) Oil paintings, pictures, statuary, curios, articles of virtu and works of art.
- (e) Diamonds, cameos or other precious stones and all precious metals used as ornaments or jewelry.
- (f) Sporting and photographic equipment.
- (g) Clothing and objects of apparel.
- (h) Antique motor vehicles as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §46.2-100 (Cum. Supp. 2008) which may not be used for general transportation purposes.
- (i) All-terrain vehicles and off-road motorcycles as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §46.2-100 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(j) All other tangible personal property used by an individual or a family or household incident to maintaining an abode.

The classification above set forth shall apply to only such property owned and used by an individual or by a family or household incident to maintaining an abode. (6-20-66, §1.) (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3504 (Cum. Supp. 2007).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT, in paragraph (c), inserted "and all other musical instruments," and deleted "all other musical instruments of whatever kind" preceding "radio."]

[THE FEBRUARY 2, 1998 AMENDMENT redesignated former paragraph (h) as present paragraph (i), and inserted new paragraph (h).]

[THE JULY 7, 2008 AMENDMENT added "All-terrain vehicles and off-road motorcycles as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §46.2-100 (Cum. Supp. 2007)" as a new subsection (i) and redesignated former subsection (i) as subsection (j).]

Sec. 9-13.1. Classification of household appliances in rental property.

Notwithstanding any provision set forth in §9-13 of this Code, household appliances in residential rental property used by an individual or by a family or household incident to maintaining an abode shall be deemed to be fixtures and shall be assessed as part of the real property in which they are located.

For purposes of this section, "household appliances" shall mean all major appliances customarily used in a residential home and which are the property of the owner of the real estate, including, without limitation, refrigerators, stoves, ranges, microwave ovens, dishwashers, trash compactors, clothes dryers, garbage disposals, and air conditioning units.

For state law basis, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3504 B (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE 1988 ACT adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-14. Exemption of certain farm animals from personal property taxation.

(a) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to establish in the County, in accordance with the authority contained in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3505 (Repl. Vol. 2004) an exemption from personal property taxation for certain farm animals.

(b) Definitions. Under the provisions of this section, the following definitions of terms, words and phrases shall apply:

Agricultural production for market. Farming operations to raise, harvest and sell agricultural commodities for a profit.

Commissioner of the Revenue. The Commissioner of the Revenue of the County or any of his authorized deputies or agents.

County. Campbell County, Virginia.

Exemption. Exemption from County personal property tax according to the provisions of this section.

Farm animals. Cattle, sheep, goats, hogs, poultry, horses, mules, and other kindred animals used in agricultural production or market.

Owner. That person liable for personal property taxation having legal title to the farm animals.

Tax year. The annual period from January 1 through the following December 31, inclusive, for which the exemption is claimed.

(c) Tax exemption for certain farm animals. All farm animals situated in the County and returnable and reportable for the purpose of County personal property taxation as of January 1 of each year shall be exempt from such taxation.

(d) Effective date. This section shall be effective for the tax year commencing January 1, 1978, and for each tax year thereafter. (1-3-78) (11-15-82) (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3505 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1982 AMENDMENT deleted "including privately owned pleasure horses and ponies" from definition of "farm animals."]

Sec. 9-14.01. Exemption of certain farm machinery or farm equipment from personal property taxation.

(a) Purpose. The purpose of this section is to establish in the County, in accordance with the authority contained in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3505 (Repl. Vol. 2004) an exemption from personal property taxation for certain farm machinery or farm equipment.

(b) Definitions. The definitions set forth in subsection (b) of §9-14 of this Code, with the exception of "Farm animals" and "Owner," are hereby incorporated by reference as a part of this section. In addition, the following definition of terms, words and phrases shall apply in this section:

Farm machinery or farm equipment. Agricultural implements, farm tractors, or other types of farm machinery or equipment used in farming operations, which term shall be limited to the following classifications:

(1) Farm machinery and farm implements, which shall include equipment and machinery used by farm wineries as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §4.1-100 (Cum. Supp. 2008) in the production of wine, as set forth in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3505 A. 8. (Repl. Vol. 2004); and

(2) Farm machinery designed solely for the planting, production or harvesting of a single product or commodity, as set forth in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3505 A. 10. (Repl. Vol. 2004).

Owner. That person having legal title to the farm machinery or farm equipment and liable for personal property taxation, or that person having a leasehold on such farm machinery or farm equipment and liable under the terms of the lease for personal property taxation.

(c) Tax exemption for certain farm machinery or farm equipment. Farm machinery or farm equipment, as defined in subsection (b) hereof, situated in the County and returnable and reportable for the purpose of County personal property taxation as of January 1 of each year shall be exempt from such taxation.

(d) Effective date. This section shall be effective for the tax year commencing January 1, 2004, and for each tax year thereafter.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3505 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE JULY 6, 2004 ACT adopted this section, to become effective upon passage.]

[THE JULY 20, 2009 AMENDMENT renumbered the last two subsections to correct typographical error.]

Article VII - A. Assessment of New Buildings Substantially Completed.

Sec. 9-14.1. Assessment of new buildings substantially completed.

(a) All new buildings substantially completed or fit for use and occupancy prior to November 1 of the year of completion shall be assessed when so completed or fit for use and occupancy and the Commissioner of the Revenue shall enter in the books the fair market value of such building.

(b) No partial assessment as provided herein shall become effective until information as to the date and amount of such assessment is recorded in the Treasurer's Office and made available for public inspection.

(c) The total tax on any such new building for that year shall be the sum of (i) the tax upon the assessment of the completed building, computed according to the ratio which the portion of the year such building is substantially completed or fit for use and occupancy bears to the entire year, and (ii) the tax upon the assessment of such new building as it existed on January 1 of that assessment year, computed according to the ratio which the portion of the year such building was not substantially complete or fit for use and occupancy bears to the entire year.

(d) With respect to any assessment made under this section after September 1 of any year, the penalty for nonpayment by December 5 shall be extended to February 5 of the succeeding year.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3292 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1993 ACT adopted this section, effective August 8, 1994.]

Article VII – B. Other Exemptions, Credits, Partial Abatement, Apportionments of Real Estate Tax.

Sec. 9-14.2. Abatement of levies on buildings razed, destroyed or damaged by fortuitous happenings; exceptions.

(a) Levies on buildings which are (i) razed, or (ii) destroyed or damaged by a fortuitous happening beyond the control of the owner shall be abated in accordance with this section. The tax on such razed, destroyed or damaged building is computed according to the ratio which the portion of the year the building was fit for use, occupancy, and enjoyment bears to the entire year.

(b) No such abatement shall be allowed if the destruction or damage to such building shall decrease the value thereof by less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Also, no abatement shall be allowed unless the destruction or damage renders the building unfit for use and occupancy for thirty (30) days or more during the calendar year.

(c) Application for such abatement shall be made by or on behalf of the owner of the building within six (6) months of the date on which the building was razed, destroyed, or damaged.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3222 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 ACT adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-14.3. Partial exemption for certain rehabilitated, renovated or replacement commercial or industrial structures.

(a) Real estate on which any structure or other improvement no less than twenty years of age is located and which has undergone substantial rehabilitation or renovation for commercial or industrial use shall be partially exempted from taxation subject to the conditions and restrictions set forth in this section. For the purposes of this section, real estate shall be deemed to have undergone substantial rehabilitation or renovation for commercial or industrial use when an existing structure or other improvement which is no less than twenty years old has been so improved as to increase the assessed value of the structure by no less than forty percent (40%) without increasing the total square footage of such structure by more than fifteen percent (15%). Total replacement of a structure shall not qualify for an exemption.

(b) The partial tax exemption shall be an amount equal to the increase in base value resulting from the rehabilitation or renovation of the commercial or industrial structure as determined by the Campbell County Real Estate Assessor. The base value of the structure is the

assessed value of any structure covered by this section prior to the commencement of rehabilitation or renovation work, as determined by the County Assessor upon receipt of an eligible application for rehabilitated or renovated real estate tax exemption and after a physical inspection of the property by an appraiser from the County Real Estate Office, employing usual and customary methods of assessing real estate. If any work has been started prior to the initial inspection, the base value shall include such work and will reflect the market value of the structure as of the date of the first inspection. Once the rehabilitation or renovation is complete, the owner of the property shall notify the County Assessor in writing to request a second physical inspection of the property for determination of the amount of increase in value, if any. If the structure qualifies for the exemption, it shall commence on January 1 of the year following completion of the rehabilitation and shall run with the real estate for a period of five (5) years. Prior to a determination that the structure qualifies for an exemption under the terms of this section, the owner of the property shall continue to be subject to taxation upon the full value of the property. After the expiration of the said five year period the real estate tax shall be based on the full amount of the assessment then in effect.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed as to permit the Commissioner of the Revenue to list upon the land book any reduced value due to the exemption provided in subsection (b).

(d) Any person seeking the tax exemption provided by this section shall file an application with the office of the Real Estate Assessor before any work is started. Applications may be obtained from the County Real Estate Office, are effective for a period of two (2) years from the date of filing, and no extensions will be granted. A fee of \$100 for processing an application requesting such exemption shall be collected by the Treasurer for those applicants who cannot demonstrate that they have already obtained a tax exemption pursuant to a town ordinance substantially similar to this Section. No property shall be eligible for such exemption unless the appropriate building permits have been acquired and the Real Estate Assessor has verified that the rehabilitation or renovation indicated on the application has been completed.

(e) The property must at all times be in compliance with all codes applicable to property in Campbell County, including but not limited to zoning, building, and fire. Failure to correct any violation within the required time as provided by the appropriate County official will void the remainder of the exemption. If a structure is damaged or destroyed and found to be uninhabitable, the exemption will terminate. No exemption shall be granted if access to the entire property is denied to the representative of the County Assessor's Office. Only one exemption may be active for any one parcel at a given time.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3221 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE JULY 7, 2008 ACT adopted this section.]

[THE DECEMBER 1, 2008 AMENDMENT inserted "an existing" into the second sentence of (a), substituted "no less than forty percent (40%)" for "any amount" in (a), added the last sentence to (a), substituted "base" for "assessed" in the first sentence of (b), added the second, third, fourth and sixth sentences in (b), substituted "before any work is started" for "prior to the completion of the rehabilitation or renovation" in the first sentence of (d), added the second sentence in (d), and substituted the current language in (e) for "The most recent tax assessed value shall be used for determining the fair market value of the property prior to the commencement of rehabilitation or

renovation and the supplemental assessment issued by the Real Estate Assessment Office after completion of the rehabilitation or renovation shall be used to determine the increased assessed value resulting from the rehabilitation.”]

Article VIII. Pollution Control Equipment.

Sec. 9-15. Exemption from taxation.

(a) Certified pollution control equipment and facilities, as defined herein, are hereby declared to be a separate class of property and such property shall constitute a classification for local taxation separate from other such classification of real or personal property.

(b) Certified pollution control equipment and facilities shall be exempt from state and local taxation pursuant to Article X, Section 6(d) of the Constitution of Virginia..

(c) As used in this section the term "certified pollution control equipment and facilities" shall be deemed to mean any property, including real or personal property, equipment, facilities or devices, used primarily for the purpose of abating or preventing pollution of the atmosphere or waters of the Commonwealth and which the state certifying authority having jurisdiction with respect to such property has certified to the State Department of Taxation and the Commissioner of the Revenue as having been constructed, reconstructed, erected, or acquired in conformity with the State program or requirements for abatement or control of water or atmospheric pollution or contamination. Such property shall include, but is not limited to, any equipment used to grind, chip, or mulch trees, tree stumps, underbrush, and other vegetative cover for reuse as mulch, compost, landfill gas, synthetic or natural gas recovered from waste or other fuel, and equipment used in collecting, processing, and distributing, or generating electricity from, landfill gas or synthetic or natural gas recovered from waste, whether or not such property has been certified to the Department of Taxation by a state certifying authority. Such property shall not include the land on which such equipment or facilities are located.

(d) As used in this section the term "state certifying authority" shall be deemed to mean the State Water Control Board, for water pollution; the State Air Pollution Control Board, for air pollution; the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy, for coal, oil and gas production, including gas, natural gas, and coalbed methane gas; and the Virginia Waste Management Board, for waste disposal facilities, natural gas recovered from waste facilities, and landfill gas production facilities, and shall include any interstate agency authorized to act in place of a certifying authority of the State.

(e) Reserved.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3660 (Cum. Supp. 2009).

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT added "subject to the limitation provided in subsection (e) of this section" at the end of (b), and inserted "(15%)" in (e).]

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 AMENDMENT inserted the language beginning "the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy...for waste disposal facilities," in (d).]

[THE DECEMBER 1, 2003 AMENDMENT added the second sentence in (c).]

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT added the last sentence in (b); in the last sentence in (c), substituted "landfill gas, synthetic or natural gas recovered from waste or other fuel, and equipment used in collecting, processing, and distributing, or generating electricity from, landfill gas or synthetic or natural gas recovered from waste" for "or fuel"; and inserted "natural gas recovered from waste facilities, and landfill gas production facilities" near the end of (d).]

[THE JULY 20, 2009 AMENDMENT deleted references to any limitations on exemption of taxation on certified pollution control equipment in (b), deleted (e) which formerly read "Such exemption shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the entire real and tangible personal property owned entirely within the plant site area as determined by the County assessing officer" and added the third sentence in (c).]

Article IX. Bank Franchise Tax.

Sec. 9-16. Imposed; effective date.

(a) A bank franchise tax is hereby imposed on all banks located in the County, outside any incorporated town therein, in the amount of eighty percent (80%) of the state rate of taxation for each one hundred dollars (\$100.00) of net capital of the bank so located in the County outside the corporate limits of any town therein. The State rate of taxation is figured in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia of 1950. If such bank also has offices that are located outside the County or within the corporate limits of any town therein, the tax shall be apportioned as provided in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) If any bank subject to taxation under this article has offices located in two or more political subdivisions, which includes cities, towns and counties, the tax imposed by this article shall be imposed on only such proportion of the taxable value of the net capital of such bank, as that term is defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-1205 (Repl. Vol. 2004), as amended, as the total deposits of such bank or offices located inside the County but outside the corporate limits of any town therein, bears to total deposits as of the end of the preceding year. For the purposes of this section offices located within an incorporated town shall be deemed not within the county where such banks are located.

(c) This article shall be effective retroactively to January 1, 1980, and shall remain in full force and effect until repealed by the Campbell County Board of Supervisors or superseded by the General Assembly. (5-5-80) (11-15-82) (9-8-87)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-1210 and 58.1-1211 (Repl. Vol. 2004). For state law definition of "bank," see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-1201 (Repl. Vol. 2004). For state law prescribing credit against state tax for amounts of franchise tax paid to localities, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-1213 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE 1982 AMENDMENT substituted "in full force and effect. . . Assembly" for "in effect for the tax years 1980, 1981, and 1982" in (c).]

[THE 1987 AMENDMENT deleted "which chapter was enacted by the 1980 General Assembly and became effective upon the date of its passage" following "1950" in (a), and added the last sentence in (a) and (b).]

[THE 1988 AMENDMENT inserted "(80%)" and "\$100.00" in (a) and substituted "VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-1205" for "VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-1204" in (b).]

Article X. Disposition of Unclaimed Personal Property.

Sec. 9-17. Disposition of unclaimed personal property in possession of Sheriff.

(a) The Sheriff of Campbell County is hereby authorized to offer for (i) public sale, in accordance with the provisions of this section and of VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-1719 (Repl. Vol. 2008) or (ii) the retention for use by the law-enforcement agency of any unclaimed personal property which has been in the possession of the Sheriff's Department and unclaimed for a period of more than sixty (60) days.

(b) As used in this section, "unclaimed personal property" shall be any personal property belonging to another which has been acquired by the Sheriff or any of his deputies pursuant to his duties, which is not needed in any criminal prosecution, which has not been claimed by its rightful owner and which the State Treasurer has indicated will be declined if remitted under the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act (VA. CODE ANN. §55-210.1 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2007 and Cum. Supp. 2008)).

(c) Prior to the sale or retention for use by the law-enforcement agency of any unclaimed item the Sheriff or his duly authorized agents shall make reasonable attempts to notify the rightful owner of the property, obtain from the Commonwealth's Attorney in writing a statement advising that the item is not needed in any criminal prosecution, and cause to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Campbell County once a week for two (2) successive weeks, notice that there will be a public display and sale of unclaimed personal property. Such property, including property selected for retention by the law-enforcement agency, shall be described generally in the notice, together with the date, time and place of the sale and shall be made available for public viewing at the sale.

(d) Due diligence in making reasonable attempts to notify the rightful owner of the property, as required by subsection (c) of this section, shall include, but not be limited to, the mailing of a letter by first-class mail to the last known address of the owner as indicated on any records, tag, label or the like attached to the property in the possession of the Sheriff.

(e) The Sheriff or his duly authorized agents shall pay from the proceeds of sale the costs of advertisement, removal, storage, investigation as to ownership and liens, and notice of sale. The balance of the funds shall be held by the Sheriff for the owner and paid to the owner upon satisfactory proof of ownership. Any unclaimed item retained for use by the law-enforcement agency shall become the property of Campbell County and shall be retained only if, in the opinion of the Sheriff, there is a legitimate use for the property by the law-enforcement agency and that retention of the item is a more economical alternative than purchase of a similar or equivalent item.

(f) If no claim has been made by the owner for the property or proceeds of such sale within sixty (60) days of the sale, the remaining funds shall be deposited in the General Fund of Campbell County and the retained property may be placed into use by the law-enforcement agency.

(g) Any owner of property sold as unclaimed property under this section shall be entitled to apply to the County within three (3) years from the date of the sale and, if timely application is made therefor and satisfactory proof of ownership of the funds or property is made, the County shall pay the remaining proceeds of the sale or return the property to the owner without interest or other charges or compensation. No claim shall be made nor any suit, action or proceeding be instituted for the recovery of such funds or property after three (3) years from the date of the sale. (3-21-89)

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-1719 (Repl. Vol. 2008). For state law basis for (d), see VA. CODE ANN. §55-210.2 (Repl. Vol. 2007).

Cross references: For sections regarding sale of personal property found in unattended/abandoned vehicles and disposition of unclaimed bicycles and mopeds, see Chapter 15 of this Code.

[THE MARCH 1989 ACT adopted this section.]

[THE MARCH 17, 1996 AMENDMENT, in first sentence of (a), inserted "(i)" and added "or (ii) the retention for use by the law-enforcement agency"; in (c), inserted "or retention for use by the law enforcement agency" and "display and" in first sentence, inserted "including property selected for retention by the law-enforcement agency," in second sentence and added "and shall be made available for public viewing at the sale" in second sentence; added third sentence in (e); in (f), inserted "property or" and added "and the retained property may be placed into use by the law-enforcement agency;" inserted "and satisfactory proof of ownership of the funds or property is made" and "or return the property" and added "or compensation" in first sentence of (g), and inserted "or property" in second sentence of (g).]

[THE MAY 17, 1999 AMENDMENT substituted "§15.2-1719 (Repl. Vol. 1997)" for "§15.1-133.01 (Cum. Supp. 1996)" in (a).]

Sec. 9-18. Disposal of unclaimed firearms or other weapons in possession of Sheriff.

(a) The Sheriff of Campbell County is hereby authorized to destroy unclaimed firearms and other weapons which have been in the possession of law-enforcement agencies for a period of more than sixty (60) days.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "unclaimed firearms and other weapons" means any firearm or other weapon belonging to another which has been acquired by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to his duties, which is not needed in any criminal prosecution, which has not been claimed by its rightful owner and which the State Treasurer has indicated will be declined if remitted under the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act (VA. CODE ANN. §55-210.1 et seq. (Repl. Vol. 2007 and Cum. Supp. 2008).

(c) At the discretion of the Sheriff, or his duly authorized agent, unclaimed firearms and other weapons may be destroyed by any means which renders the firearms and other weapons permanently inoperable. Prior to the destruction of such firearms and other weapons, the Sheriff or

his duly authorized agent shall comply with the notice provision contained in §9-17 of this Code and in VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-1719 (Repl. Vol. 2008).

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §15.2-1721 (Repl. Vol. 2008).

[THE 1990 ACT adopted this section.]

[THE MAY 17, 1999 AMENDMENT, in (b), substituted “means any firearm or other weapon belonging...” for “shall be defined the same as ‘unclaimed personal property’ is described in §9-17 (b) of this Code;” and, in (c), inserted “or his duly authorized agent” twice.]

Article XI. Reserved.

Repealed Effective January 1, 2007.

Editor’s note: VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3813.1, the statutory authority for this Article (E-911 Tax), was repealed by the General Assembly by Chapter 780 (HB 568) of the 2006 Acts of Assembly, effective January 1, 2007, resulting in the repeal of the ordinances in this Article by operation of law. That Chapter further provides “That if any of the provisions of this act are declared invalid in a nonappealable court order, then the remaining provisions of this act shall be invalid and the provisions of . . . VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3812, §58.1-3813.1, §58.1-3815, §58.1-3816.2 . . .” of the Code of Virginia . . . as they were in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this act [January 1, 2007] shall be given effect beginning 90 days after the nonappealable court order is issued.” Furthermore, any obligation incurred under the former ordinances in this Article *while they were in effect* will continue after their elimination such that Campbell County retains its full authority for enforcement and collection of those prior obligations.

Secs. 9-19 through 9-25. Reserved.

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT repealed these ordinances, as effected by operation of law on January 1, 2007, pursuant to Chapter 780 of the 2006 Acts of Assembly, with the proviso that should provisions of said Chapter 780 be declared invalid in a nonappealable court order, then the provisions of this Article as they were in effect immediately prior to January 1, 2007, shall be given effect beginning 90 days after the nonappealable court order is issued.]

Article XII. Consumer Utility Taxes.

Editor’s note: The March 17, 1997 amendments repealed former §9-26 through §9-34 of this Code, which had become effective on July 1, 1994 and which had provided for a consumer utility tax on consumers of electric light and power, telephone (excluding mobile local–telecommunications

service) or gas services, and adopted then current §§9-26 through 9-43 (former Divisions A. and B. hereof), effective on July 1, 1997, which provided more detailed definitions, procedures, etc.

The June 1, 1998 and June 15, 1998 amendments *extended* the consumer utility tax to mobile local telecommunications services, but prescribed a separate rate structure for such services. Such 1998 amendments also provided for a three percent (3%) commission to businesses required to collect, account for, and remit the consumer utility taxes to Campbell County.

The October 2, 2000 amendments, effective January 1, 2001, subdivided former Division B. (formerly “Electric and Gas Companies”) into present Division B. (“Tax on Consumers of Electricity”) and present Division C. (“Tax on Consumers of Natural Gas”) with sections renumbered appropriately, and converted the consumer utility taxes on consumers of electricity and natural gas from a tax based on the dollar amount billed monthly to a tax based on kilowatt hours of electricity delivered monthly to consumers and a tax based on CCF of natural gas delivered monthly to consumers, respectively, both taking into account minimum billing charges. Following written notice to the proper registered agents as required by statute, the converted tax structure for consumers of electricity and natural gas became effective with the first meter reading on and after January 1, 2001, prior to which time the tax previously imposed by Campbell County continued in effect.

Effective January 1, 2007, the provisions of former Division A. (“Tax on Consumers of Local Telecommunication Services”) of this Article were repealed by operation of law as noted in the editor’s note at Division A.— Reserved.

Division A. Reserved.

Repealed Effective January 1, 2007.

Editor’s note: VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3812, the statutory authority for this Division (Tax on Consumers of Local Telecommunication Services), was repealed by the General Assembly by Chapter 780 (HB 568) of the 2006 Acts of Assembly, effective January 1, 2007, resulting in the repeal of the ordinances in this Division by operation of law. That Chapter further provides “That if any of the provisions of this act are declared invalid in a nonappealable court order, then the remaining provisions of this act shall be invalid and the provisions of . . . VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3812, §58.1-3813.1, §58.1-3815, §58.1-3816.2 . . .” of the Code of Virginia . . . as they were in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this act [January 1, 2007] shall be given effect beginning 90 days after the nonappealable court order is issued.” Furthermore, any obligation incurred under the former ordinances in this Division *while they were in effect* will continue after their elimination such that Campbell County retains its full authority for enforcement and collection of those prior obligations.

Secs. 9-26 through 9-34. Reserved.

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT repealed these ordinances, as effected by operation of law on January 1, 2007, pursuant to Chapter 780 of the 2006 Acts of Assembly, with the proviso that should provisions of said Chapter 780 be declared invalid in a nonappealable court order, then the provisions of this Division as they were in effect immediately prior to January 1, 2007, shall be given effect beginning 90 days after the nonappealable court order is issued.]

Division B. Tax on Consumers of Electricity.

Editor's note: For detailed legislative history of this Division, see editor's note at the beginning of Article XII ("Consumer Utility Taxes") of this Chapter.

Sec. 9-35. Definitions.

The following words and phrases, when used in this Division, shall have the following meanings:

"Class of consumers" means a category of consumers defined as a class by their service provider.

"Consumer" means a person who, individually or through agents, employees, officers, representatives, or permittees, makes a taxable purchase of electricity for consumption or use.

"Electric supplier" means any corporation, cooperative, partnership or other business entity providing electric service.

"Kilowatt hours (kWh) delivered" means 1000 watts of electricity delivered in a one-hour period by an electric supplier to a consumer for consumption or use, except that in the case of eligible customer-generators, as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §56-594 (Repl. Vol. 2007), it means those kilowatt hours supplied from the electric grid to such customer-generators, minus the kilowatt hours generated and fed back to the electric grid by such customer-generators.

"Person," for the purposes of this Division, means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, company, business, trust, joint venture, or other private legal entity, and the Commonwealth or any municipality.

"Service provider" means the person who delivers electricity to the consumer, and "Provider of billing services" means the person who bills a consumer for electric services rendered. If both the service provider and another person separately and directly bill a consumer for electricity service, then the service provider shall be considered the "provider of billing services."

For general state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008), VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-400.2 (Repl. Vol. 2004), VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2901 E. (Repl. Vol. 2004), and VA. CODE ANN. §56-576 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE 1997 ACT adopted this section, effective July 1, 1997, which contains provisions similar to former §9-26 of this Code.]

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, rewrote definitions of "Consumer" and "Service Provider," added definitions of "Class of consumers," "Electric supplier," "Kilowatt hours delivered," and "Person," and deleted "Utility services."]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective February 14, 2002, added “and ‘Provider of billing services’ means . . .” in the definition of “Service provider.”]

Sec. 9-36. Tax levied; amount; limitations.

(a) (1) There is hereby imposed and levied by the County of Campbell a consumer utility tax on consumers of electricity provided by electric suppliers. The tax shall be based on kilowatt hours (kWh) of electricity delivered monthly to consumers, taking into account minimum billing charges, and shall not exceed the limits set forth in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 F.1. (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(2) Effective with the first meter reading on and after January 1, 2001, the rate of tax on the electric energy delivered monthly to the consumer in Campbell County shall be as follows:

(i) Residential consumers: Such tax shall be either (a) the rate of \$0.01505 on each kilowatt hour (kWh) or fraction thereof delivered monthly to such consumer by a service provider, or (b) a minimum tax of \$1.50 per month, whichever amount is greater, **but in either case the maximum amount of tax imposed shall not exceed \$3.00 per month.**

(ii) Commercial consumers: Such tax shall be either (a) the rate of \$0.03500 on each kilowatt hour (kWh) or fraction thereof delivered monthly to such consumer by a service provider, or (b) a minimum tax of \$2.29 per month, whichever amount is greater, **but in either case the maximum amount of the tax imposed shall not exceed \$3.00 per month.**

(iii) Industrial consumers: Such tax shall be either (a) the rate of \$0.03000 on each kilowatt hour (kWh) or fraction thereof delivered monthly to such consumer by a service provider, or (b) a minimum tax of \$2.29 per month, whichever amount is greater, **but in either case the maximum amount of the tax imposed shall not exceed \$3.00 per month.**

(b) The tax imposed pursuant to this Division, or any change in a tax or structure already in existence, shall not be effective until sixty (60) days subsequent to written notice by certified mail from the County of Campbell to the registered agent of the provider of billing services that is required to collect the tax.

(c) The county tax imposed hereunder shall not apply within the limits of any incorporated town within Campbell County which town imposes a town consumer utility tax on consumers of utility service or services provided by any corporation coming within the provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2600 et seq., subject to the proviso language contained in subsection C. of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(d) Campbell County may impose this tax on consumers of services provided within its jurisdiction by any electric light and power company owned by another municipality; provided that the County shall not impose such a tax within a municipality on consumers of services provided by an electric light and power company owned by that municipality. Any municipality required to collect this consumer utility tax for another city, county, or town shall be entitled to a reasonable fee for such collection.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

Editor's Note-- VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 F.1. provides that the conversion of the consumer utility tax herein to kilowatt hour tax rates "shall, to the extent practicable: (i) avoid shifting the amount of the tax among electricity consumer classes and (ii) maintain annual revenues being received by localities from such tax at the time of conversion." The maximum tax imposed by the County under subsection (a)(2)(i) of this section is the maximum allowed under the state law as to residential consumers.

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

[THE JUNE 1, 1998, AMENDMENT added "subject to the proviso language contained in subsection C. of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Repl. Vol. 1997)" at the end of (c).]

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, revised and redesignated provisions of subsection (a) as paragraph (1) therein, and added (a)(2) converting the consumer utility tax on consumers of electricity from a tax based on the dollar amount billed monthly to a tax based on kilowatt hours of electricity delivered monthly to consumers; made minor changes in (b); amended a reference to public service corporations in (c); and deleted "or gas" twice in (d) because consumer utility tax as to consumers of natural gas is now addressed by Division C. of this Article.]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective February 14, 2002, substituted "provider of billing services" for "service provider" in subsection (b).]

Sec. 9-37. Exemptions.

- (a) (1) Reserved.
- (2) Any public safety answering point shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this ordinance.
- (b) The United States of America, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the political subdivisions, boards, commissions and authorities thereof are exempt from the tax imposed by this ordinance.
- (c) All churches and other organizations listed in VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-3606 through 58.1-3608 (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008) are also exempt from the tax imposed by this ordinance.
- (d) Any county tax imposed hereunder shall not apply within the limits of any incorporated town located within Campbell County which town imposes a town consumer utility tax on consumers of utility service or services provided by any corporation coming within the provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2600 et seq., subject to the proviso language contained in subsection C. of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).
- (e) Any county tax hereunder shall not be imposed within a municipality on consumers of services provided by an electric light and power company owned by that municipality.
- (f) Reserved.

(g) Application must be made with the Commissioner of the Revenue of Campbell County for an exemption under this section. It shall be the responsibility of the Commissioner of the Revenue to supply providers of billing services with a list of exempt consumers.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008). See also VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3815 (Cum. Supp. 2008). For authority for exemption in subsection (c) herein, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.2 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

[THE JUNE 1, 1998 AMENDMENT, added "subject to the proviso language contained in subsection C. of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Repl. Vol. 1997)" at the end of (d).]

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, redesignated subsection (a) as paragraph (1) thereof and added paragraph (2) thereafter, amended a reference to public service corporations in (d), deleted "or gas" preceding "company" in (e), and deleted former (f) concerning an exemption for utility sales of products used as motor vehicle fuels (now set forth in Division C. of this Article).]

[THE JULY 2, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective November 11, 2001, deleted provisions of former (a)(1) which had provided an exemption for public safety agencies.]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective February 14, 2002, substituted "providers of billing services" for "service providers" in (g).]

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT deleted "as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3813.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004)" in (a)(2) due to the repeal of that section by operation of law effective January 1, 2007, pursuant to Chapter 780 of the Acts of Assembly.]

Sec. 9-38. Duty of provider of billing services to collect, report, and remit; commission allowed.

(a) (1) The provider of billing services shall bill the tax to all users who are subject to the tax and to whom it bills for electricity service by adding the tax to the consumer's monthly statement. The tax shall, when collected, be stated as a distinct item separate and apart from the monthly gross charge.

(2) Until the consumer pays the tax to the provider of billing services, the tax shall constitute a debt of the consumer to the County. If any consumer receives and pays for electricity but refuses to pay the tax that is imposed by the County, the provider of billing services shall notify the County of the name and address of such consumer. If any consumer fails to pay a bill issued by a provider of billing services, including the tax imposed by the County as stated thereon, the provider of billing services shall follow its normal collection procedures with respect to the charge for electric service and the tax, and upon collection of the bill or any part thereof shall (i) apportion the net amount collected between the charge for electric service and the tax and (ii) remit the tax portion to the County. After the consumer pays the tax to the provider of billing services, the taxes collected shall be deemed to be held in trust by the provider of billing services until remitted to Campbell County in accordance with the provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2901 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 F.1. (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(b) A provider of billing services shall remit monthly to Campbell County the amount of tax billed during the preceding month to consumers with a service address in Campbell County, less any discount allowed under VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and this section, together with the name and address of any consumer who has refused to pay the tax. The required report shall be in a form prescribed by the County Treasurer.

(c) Pursuant to the authority of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004), the County of Campbell allows businesses required to collect, account for and remit to the County local tax imposed on the consumer a commission for such service in the form of a deduction from the tax remitted. Such commission is hereby prescribed by ordinance to be three percent (3%) of the amount of tax due and accounted for. No deduction shall be allowed if the amount due was delinquent.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

[THE JUNE 1, 1998 AMENDMENT inserted "less any discount allowed under VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.1 and this section" in the first sentence of subsection (b) and added (c).]

[THE AUGUST 7, 2000 AMENDMENT inserted "of the name and address of such consumer" in the fourth sentence of (a) in order to conform with a minor amendment to the state code not constituting change in the tax or structure already in existence.]

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, deleted references to "gas services;" divided provisions of (a) into paragraphs (1) and (2) therein, rewrote the first sentence in present (a)(1); in the second sentence in present (a)(2), inserted "receives and pays for electricity but" and "that is imposed by the County;" added the third sentence in (a)(2); and added "in accordance with the provisions of . . . (Repl. Vol. 2000)" in (a)(2).]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective February 14, 2002, substituted "provider of billing services" for "service provider" throughout and substituted "bills for electricity service" for "delivers electricity" in (a)(1).]

Sec. 9-39. Records of providers of billing services.

Each provider of billing services shall keep complete records showing all consumers in the County, which records shall also show the number of kilowatt hours of electricity delivered to each consumer each billing cycle, the date thereof, the date of payment thereof, and the amount of tax imposed under this ordinance. Such records shall be made available for inspection by the duly authorized agents of the County of Campbell during regular business hours and the duly authorized agents of the County of Campbell shall have the right, power and authority to make transcripts thereof during such time.

For general authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, substituted “number of kilowatt hours of electricity delivered to” for “price charged” and “each billing cycle” for “with respect to each purchase of electric light and power, or gas services.”]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective February 14, 2002, substituted “provider of billing services” for “service provider” in the first sentence.]

Sec. 9-40. Duty of Treasurer to collect and deposit.

The Treasurer of Campbell County shall collect the taxes imposed by this ordinance and pay the same into the general fund of the County. The Treasurer shall exhaust every reasonable means of collecting such taxes.

For general authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-41. Failure of consumer to pay tax; violations of ordinance by provider of billing services.

Any consumer failing, refusing, or neglecting to pay the tax imposed and levied by this ordinance and any provider of billing services violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Each failure, refusal, neglect or violation and each day's continuance thereof shall constitute a separate offense.

For penalty for Class 4 misdemeanor, see VA. CODE ANN. §18.2-11 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

[THE DECEMBER 3, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective February 14, 2002, substituted “provider of billing services” for “service provider” in the first sentence.]

Sec. 9-42. Severability.

Should any portion or provision of this Division be held by final order of any court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid, that decision shall not affect the validity of this Division as a whole, or any part of this Division other than the part held to be unconstitutional or invalid.

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

Sec. 9-43. Effective date.

This Division shall become effective at 12:01 a.m. on January 1, 2001. The tax imposed by this Division shall be effective with the first meter reading on and after January 1, 2001, prior to which time the tax previously imposed by Campbell County shall be in effect.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 B. (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE MARCH 17, 1997 ACT, effective July 1, 1997, adopted this section.]

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, rewrote this section.]

Division C. Tax on Consumers of Natural Gas.

Editor's note: For detailed legislative history of this Division, see editor's note at the beginning of Article XII ("Consumer Utility Taxes") of this Chapter.

Sec. 9-44. Definitions.

The following words and phrases, when used in this Division, shall have the following meanings:

"CCF" means the volume of gas at standard pressure and temperature in units of 100 cubic feet of gas; a measure of gas usage.

"Class of consumers" means a category of consumers served under a rate schedule established by the pipeline distribution company and approved by the State Corporation Commission."

"Consumer" or "purchaser" means a person who, individually or through agents, employees, officers, representatives, or permittees, makes a taxable purchase of natural gas for consumption or use.

"Gas utility" means a public utility authorized to furnish natural gas service in Virginia, as described in VA. CODE ANN. §56-235.8 (Repl. Vol. 2007).

"Person," for the purposes of this Division, means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, company, business, trust, joint venture, or other private legal entity, and the Commonwealth or any municipality.

"Pipeline distribution company" means a corporation, other than a pipeline transmission company, which transmits, by means of a pipeline, natural gas, manufactured gas or crude petroleum and the products or by-products thereof to a purchaser for purposes of furnishing heat or light.

For general state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008). For basis of definition of "pipeline distribution company," see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2600 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section containing provisions similar to §9-35, rewrote definitions of "Consumer" or "Purchaser," added definitions of "CCF," "Class of consumers," "Gas Utility," "Person,"

and “Pipeline distribution company,” and deleted definitions of “Service provider” and “Utility services.”]

Sec. 9-45. Tax levied; amount; limitations.

(a) (1) There is hereby imposed and levied by the County of Campbell a consumer utility tax on consumers of natural gas provided by pipeline distribution companies and gas utilities. The tax shall be based on CCF of natural gas delivered monthly to consumers, taking into account minimum billing charges, and shall not exceed the limits set forth in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 H. (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(2) Effective with the first meter reading on and after January 1, 2001, the rate of tax on the natural gas delivered monthly to the consumer in Campbell County shall be as follows:

(i) Residential consumers: Such tax shall be \$2.45 per month *plus* the rate of \$0.05 on each CCF of natural gas or fraction thereof delivered monthly to such consumer by a pipeline distribution company or gas utility, **but the maximum amount of the tax imposed shall not exceed \$3.00 per month.**

(ii) Nonresidential consumers: Such tax shall be \$2.45 per month *plus* the rate of \$0.05 on each CCF of natural gas or fraction thereof delivered monthly to such consumer by a pipeline distribution company or gas utility, **but the maximum amount of the tax imposed shall not exceed \$3.00 per month.**

(b) The tax imposed pursuant to this Division, or any change in a tax or structure already in existence, shall not be effective until sixty (60) days subsequent to written notice by certified mail from the County of Campbell to the registered agent of the pipeline distribution company or gas utility that is required to collect the tax.

(c) The county tax imposed hereunder shall not apply within the limits of any incorporated town within Campbell County which town imposes a town consumer utility tax on consumers of utility service or services provided by any corporation coming within the provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2600 et seq. subject to the proviso language contained in subsection C. of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(d) Campbell County may impose this tax on consumers of services provided within its jurisdiction by any gas company owned by another municipality; provided that the County shall not impose such a tax within a municipality on consumers of services provided by a gas company owned by that municipality. Any municipality required to collect this consumer utility tax for another city, county, or town shall be entitled to a reasonable fee for such collection.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

Editor’s note: VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 H. provides that the conversion of the consumer utility tax herein to CCF rates “shall, to the extent practicable: (i) avoid shifting the amount of the tax among gas consumer classes and (ii) maintain annual revenues being received by localities from such tax at the time of conversion.”

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section which contains provisions similar to §9-36, *and* rewrote subsection (a)(1) and

added (a)(2) converting the consumer utility tax on consumers of natural gas from a tax based on the *dollar* amount billed monthly to tax based on CCF of natural gas delivered monthly to consumers; substituted “Division” for “section” and “pipeline distribution company or gas utility” for “utility corporation” in (b); amended a reference to public service corporations in (c); and deleted “electric light and power or” preceding “gas company” twice in (d).]

Sec. 9-46. Exemptions.

- (a) (1) Reserved.
- (2) Any public safety answering point shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this ordinance.
- (b) The United States of America, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the political subdivisions, boards, commissions and authorities thereof are exempt from the tax imposed by this ordinance.
- (c) All churches and other organizations listed in VA. CODE ANN. §§58.1-3606 through 58.1-3608 (Repl. Vol. 2004 and Cum. Supp. 2008) are also exempt from the tax imposed by this ordinance.
- (d) Any county tax imposed hereunder shall not apply within the limits of any incorporated town located within Campbell County which town imposes a town consumer utility tax on consumers of utility service or services provided by any corporation coming within the provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2600 et seq. subject to the proviso language contained in subsection C. of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).
- (e) Any county tax hereunder shall not be imposed within a municipality on consumers of services provided by a gas company owned by that municipality.
- (f) The county tax authorized by this Division and by VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008) shall not apply to utility sales of products used as motor vehicle fuels.
- (g) Application must be made with the Commissioner of the Revenue of Campbell County for an exemption under this section. It shall be the responsibility of the Commissioner of the Revenue to supply service providers with a list of exempt consumers.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3815 (Cum. Supp. 2008). For specific authority for exemption authorized by subsection (c) herein, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.2 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section which contains provisions similar to §9-37, and redesignated subsection (a) as paragraph (1) thereof and added paragraph (2) thereafter, amended a reference to public service corporations in (d), and deleted “an electric light and power or” preceding “gas company” in (e).]

[THE JULY 2, 2001 AMENDMENT, effective November 11, 2001, deleted the provisions of former subsection (a)(1) which had provided an exemption for public safety agencies.]

[THE JULY 2, 2007 AMENDMENT deleted “as defined in VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3813.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004)” in (a)(2) due to the repeal of that section by operation of law effective January 1, 2007, pursuant to Chapter 780 of the Acts of Assembly.]

Sec. 9-47. Duty of pipeline distribution company or gas utility to collect, report, and remit; commission allowed.

(a) (1) The pipeline distribution company or gas utility shall bill the tax to all users who are subject to the tax and to whom it delivers gas by adding the tax to the consumer’s monthly statement. The tax shall, when collected, be stated as a distinct item separate and apart from the monthly gross charge.

(2) Until the consumer pays the tax to such gas utility or pipeline distribution company, the tax shall constitute a debt of the consumer to the County. If any consumer receives and pays for gas but refuses to pay the tax that is imposed by the County, the gas utility or pipeline distribution company shall notify the County of the name and address of such consumer. If any consumer fails to pay a bill issued by a gas utility or pipeline distribution company, including the tax imposed by the County, the gas utility or pipeline distribution company shall follow its normal collection procedures with regard to the charge for the gas and the tax, and upon collection of the bill or any part thereof shall (i) apportion the net amount collected between the charge for gas service and the tax and (ii) remit the tax portion to the County. After the consumer pays the tax to the gas utility or pipeline distribution company, the taxes collected shall be deemed to be held in trust by the gas utility or pipeline distribution company until remitted to Campbell County, in accordance with the provisions of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-2905 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 H. (Cum. Supp. 2008).

(b) A gas utility or pipeline distribution company shall remit monthly to Campbell County the amount of tax billed during the preceding month to consumers with a service address in Campbell County, less any discount allowed under VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004) and this section, together with the name and address of any consumer who has refused to pay the tax. The required report shall be in a form prescribed by the County Treasurer.

(c) Pursuant to the authority of VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004), the County of Campbell allows businesses required to collect, account for and remit to the County local tax imposed on the consumer a commission for such service in the form of a deduction from the tax remitted. Such commission is hereby prescribed by ordinance to be three percent (3%) of the amount of tax due and accounted for. No deduction shall be allowed if the amount due was delinquent.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008) and VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3816.1 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section which contains provisions similar to §9-38, *and* deleted references to “electric light and power or” and substituted “gas utility or pipeline distribution company” for “service provider” throughout the section; divided provisions of subsection (a) into paragraphs (1) and (2) therein, rewrote the first sentence in present (a)(1); in the second

sentence in (a)(2) inserted “receives and pays for gas but” and “that is imposed by the County;” added the third sentence in (a)(2), and added “in accordance with the provisions of . . .” at the end of (a)(2).]

Sec.9-48. Records of pipeline distribution companies and gas utilities.

Each pipeline distribution company or gas utility shall keep complete records showing all consumers in the County, which records shall also show the number of CCF (100 cubic feet) of natural gas delivered to each consumer each billing cycle, the date thereof, the date of payment thereof, and the amount of tax imposed under this ordinance. Such records shall be made available for inspection by the duly authorized agents of the County of Campbell during regular business hours and the duly authorized agents of the County of Campbell shall have the right, power and authority to make transcripts thereof during such time.

For general authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section which contains provisions similar to §9-39, *and*, in the first sentence, substituted “pipeline distribution company and gas utility” for “service provider,” “number of CCF (100 cubic feet) of natural gas delivered to” for “price charged,” and “each billing cycle” for “with respect to each purchase of electric light and power or gas services.”]

Sec. 9-49. Duty of Treasurer to collect and deposit.

The Treasurer of Campbell County shall collect the taxes imposed by this ordinance and pay the same into the general fund of the County. The Treasurer shall exhaust every reasonable means of collecting such taxes.

For general authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section which contains provisions similar to §9-40.]

Sec. 9-50. Failure of consumer to pay tax; violations of ordinance by pipeline distribution company of gas utility.

Any consumer failing, refusing, or neglecting to pay the tax imposed and levied by this ordinance and any pipeline distribution company or gas utility violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. Each failure, refusal, neglect or violation and each day's continuance thereof shall constitute a separate offense.

For penalty for Class 4 misdemeanor, see VA. CODE ANN. §18.2-11 (Repl. Vol. 2004).

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section which contains provisions similar to §9-41, *and* substituted “pipeline distribution company or gas utility” for “service provider” in the first sentence.]

Sec. 9-51. Severability.

Should any portion or provision of this Division be held by final order of any court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid, that decision shall not affect the validity of this Division as a whole, or any part of this Division other than the part held to be unconstitutional or invalid.

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section which contains provisions similar to §9-42.]

Sec. 9-52. Effective date.

This Division shall become effective at 12:01 a.m. on January 1, 2001. The tax imposed by this Division shall be effective with the first meter reading on and after January 1, 2001, prior to which time the tax previously imposed by Campbell County shall be in effect.

For state law authority, see VA. CODE ANN. §58.1-3814 B. (Cum. Supp. 2008).

[THE OCTOBER 2, 2000 AMENDMENT, effective January 1, 2001, adopted this section.]