

CAMPBELL COUNTY CODE OF 1988

CHAPTER 21

SUBDIVISION OF LAND

For state law as to duty of County to adopt this chapter, see [Va. Code §15.2-2240](#).

As to planning commission, see [§2-5](#) to [§2-9](#) of this Code. As to buildings generally, see [Chapter 5](#) of this Code. As to erosion and sedimentation control, see [Chapter 8](#) of this Code. As to utilities generally, see [Chapter 18](#) of this Code.

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Article I. General Considerations.

Sec. 21-1. Purpose and intent.

The purpose of this chapter is to establish certain guidelines and procedures for the regulation of subdivision of lands within the County. It is the intention of the Board of Supervisors in adopting this Chapter of this Code to strike a balance between the individual property rights of citizens of Campbell County and the health, safety and general welfare of the County's citizens as promoted by reasonable restrictions on those property rights.

This chapter is known and may be cited as the "Subdivision Ordinance of Campbell County, Virginia."

For state law mandating subdivision regulations, see [Va. Code §15.2-2240](#).

Sec. 21-2. Definitions.

The following terms, when used in this chapter, shall have the meaning ascribed to them below, unless the context requires a different meaning:

Agent. That individual appointed by [§21-4](#) of this Code.

Collector Street. Any street through any portion of a multi-family dwelling development serving more than 25 dwelling units that provides access to a street within the secondary system of state highways or any street through any portion of a multi-family dwelling development connecting two (2) or more existing streets within the primary system of state highways or the secondary system of state highways. Public dedication is not required for these streets; however, any such street must be clearly marked 'RESERVED' on the subdivision plat.

Commercial Subdivision. The subdivision of land within a B-GC, B-HC, or I-G Zone as defined in the Campbell County Zoning Ordinance, for non-residential purposes.

Common Area. Any area within a multi-family dwelling development designated for common use which includes such uses as parking, walkways, streets not dedicated to Campbell County or the Virginia Department of Transportation, recreation facilities, picnic areas, refuse collection, public utility easements, and similar activities.

Common Area Right-of-Way. Any Collector or Connector Street within a multi-family dwelling development. Collector Streets common area rights-of-way shall be at least forty (40) feet in width; Connector Streets common area rights-of-way shall be at least thirty (30) feet in width. All roads constructed within a common area right-of-way shall be built according to the current Virginia Department of Transportation "Subdivision Street Requirements" with respect to pavement width and pavement design. An apartment complex of eight (8) or fewer dwelling units shall be exempt from the common area right-of-way width and road construction requirements of this section.

Connector Street. Any street in a multi-family dwelling development serving twenty-five (25) or fewer dwelling units that provides access to a Collector Street in the development or provides access to an existing street within the primary system of state highways or the secondary system of state highways. Public dedication is not required for these streets; however, any such streets must be clearly marked 'RESERVED' on the subdivision plat.

Dam break inundation zone. The area downstream of a dam that would be inundated or otherwise directly affected by the failure of a dam, to be mapped according to [Va. Code §10.1-606.2](#).

Dwelling Unit. One (1) or more rooms in a residential building or structure or in a mixed building which are arranged, designed, used or intended for use by one (1) family, and which include a single lawful cooking space and lawful sanitary facilities reserved for the occupants thereof.

Flag lot. A lot or parcel of land which, due to topographic features or other unique physical characteristics, utilizes an elongated strip of land to provide access to a street within the secondary system of state highways or a street providing access to said system of highways. The lot or parcel shall be considered a flag lot if the elongated strip of land providing access to the street narrows to a width less than the required width at the front lot line regardless of the amount of road frontage of the lot.

Governing Body. The Board of Supervisors of Campbell County as the same may be from time to time constituted.

Industrial Subdivision. The subdivision of land within an I-G or I-H zoning district as defined in the Campbell County Zoning Ordinance, for non-residential purposes.

Land surveyor. A person who, by reason of his knowledge of the several sciences and the principles of land surveying, and of the planning and design of land developments acquired by practical experience and formal education, is qualified to engage in the practice of land surveying and whose competence has been attested by the State Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors, Certified Interior Designers and Landscape Architects through licensure as a land surveyor.

Lot or parcel. A measured portion or parcel of land separated from other portions or parcels by description in a site plan or a recorded plat, or by metes and bounds, intended to be a unit for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of transfer of ownership or of development or separate use. The term applies to units of land whether in subdivision or a development.

Multi-Family Dwelling. A building designed for or occupied exclusively by two (2) or more families living independently of each other in two or more dwelling units; the term includes condominiums of similar physical appearance, character and structure.

Owner or Proprietor. Any natural person, partnership, corporation, trust or other entity of any kind or nature having any interest of any kind or nature in real property.

Person. Any owner or proprietor as hereinabove defined.

Planning Commission. The Planning Commission of Campbell County, Virginia as the same may be from time to time constituted.

Plat or plat of subdivision. A schematic representation, prepared by a licensed professional engineer or land surveyor, of the current size and shape of property, showing the location and boundaries of individual parcels of land subdivided or to be subdivided into lots, with streets, alleys, easements, etc., drawn to scale and comporting with the requirements of Article V of this chapter.

Plat, final. The plat of a proposed subdivision of land that has been preliminarily approved and signed by the Designated Agent as a preliminary plat.

Plat, preliminary. A survey drawing of a proposed subdivision submitted for the purpose of obtaining provisional approval prior to the submission of a final plat; a preliminary plat should comport, as nearly as is practicable, with the requirements of Article V of this Chapter.

Plat, record. The plat of a subdivision of land which meets all the requirements of this Chapter and the Zoning Ordinance, as well as state laws, that has been approved and signed by the Designated Agent and subsequently recorded in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Campbell County, Virginia.

Plat, resubdivision. A recorded change in a record plat which involves property line alterations. Resubdivisions may include, but are not limited to, combining lots, dividing a lot between adjacent lots and alterations of lot lines.

Professional engineer. A person who is qualified to practice engineering by reason of his special knowledge and use of mathematical, physical, and engineering sciences and the principles and methods of engineering analysis and design acquired by engineering education and experience, and whose competence has been attested by the State Board for Architects, Professional Engineers, Land Surveyors, Certified Interior Designers and Landscape Architects through licensure as a professional engineer.

Resubdivision. Any adjustment or vacation of a boundary line or lines within a subdivision in accordance with the terms of this Chapter; any such resubdivision constitutes a subdivision of property under this Chapter and shall comply with the requirements of this Chapter.

Sell. Transfer any quality or quantity of title to real property in any fashion whatsoever.

Site plan. The proposal for a development or a subdivision including all covenants, grants or easements and other conditions relating to use, location, and bulk of buildings, density of development, common open space, public facilities and such other information as required by this chapter or the County zoning ordinance to which the proposed development or subdivision is the subject.

Street. Any highway, street, avenue, boulevard, road, lane, alley or any public way.

Subdivide. To subdivide any tract or parcel of land into two or more tracts or parcels by any means whatsoever, excluding the following when identified and annotated on the face of the plat as such by the Subdivision Agent:

- A. Boundary line surveys/resurveys or agreements which create no additional lots and which do not vacate, relocate, or otherwise alter any boundary line or lot line.
- B. Well lots.
- C. Platting of previously existing parcels in aid of deed descriptions.
- D. Utility lots not exceeding ten thousand (10,000) square feet so long as adequate ingress and egress is provided and no substandard lots are created thereby.
- E. ALTA/ACSM surveys or house locations surveys.

Subdivision. The division of a parcel of land into two (2) or more lots or parcels for the purpose of transfer of ownership or building development or, if a new street is involved in such division, any division of a parcel of land. The term includes resubdivision and, when appropriate to the context, shall relate to the process of subdividing or to the land subdivided. Nothing in this definition or any ordinance adopted pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2240 et seq.](#) shall preclude different owners of adjacent parcels from entering into a valid and enforceable boundary line agreement with one another so long as such agreement is only used to resolve a bona fide property line dispute, the boundary adjustment does not move by more than 250 feet from the center of the current platted line or alter either parcel's resultant acreage by more than five percent of the smaller parcel size, and such agreement does not create an additional lot, alter the existing boundary lines of localities, result in greater street frontage, or interfere with a recorded easement, and such agreement shall not result in any nonconformity with local ordinances and health department regulations. Notice shall be provided to the zoning administrator for review. For any property affected by this definition, any division of land subject to a partition suit by virtue of order or decree by a court of competent jurisdiction shall take precedence over the requirements of Article 6 ([Va. Code §15.2-2240 et seq.](#)) and the minimum lot area, width, or frontage requirements in the zoning ordinance so long as the lot or parcel resulting from such order or decree does not vary from minimum lot area, width, or frontage requirements by more than twenty percent (20%). A copy of the final decree shall be provided to the zoning administrator.

Survey, ALTA/ACSM (American Land Title Association/American Congress on Surveying & Mapping). A plat generally prepared for lending institutions showing an as-built survey, also known locally as a house location survey; such plat may include an easement guarantee and title report.

Survey, boundary. A plat delineating the current form, extent and position of a parcel of land. The term shall include boundary line surveys.

For state law basis, see [Va. Code §15.2-2240](#), [§15.2-2201](#), [Va. Code §15.2-102](#), [Va. Code §10.1-604](#) and [Va. Code §54.1-400](#).

Sec. 21-3. Transactions affected; exemptions; limitations.

A. No person shall subdivide land without making and recording a plat of the subdivision and without fully complying with the provisions of Article 6 of Chapter 22 of Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia ([Va. Code §15.2-2240 et seq.](#)) and of Chapter 21 of this Code. Whenever a subdivision is proposed to be made and before any conveyance of the subdivision as a whole or any part thereof is made, the owner or proprietor of a proposed subdivision, or his duly authorized representative, shall file a plat of the proposed subdivision with the Designated Agent for approval. The final plat and all procedures relating thereto shall in all respects be in full compliance with the requirements of this Chapter and all applicable laws and ordinances affecting or regulating the subdivision of land, the use thereof, and the erection of buildings or structures thereon.

B.

1. All plats require the review and approval of the Designated Agent, and may also be submitted to the Planning Commission for review, if desired. However, those plats or surveys described in items (i) through (vii) below shall not be deemed to constitute a subdivision plat or resubdivision plat under the terms of this Chapter and shall be exempted from the general requirements of this Chapter, but shall, however, be subject to requirements of the Virginia Public Records Act ([Va. Code §42.1-76 et seq.](#)) and its related regulations, the minimum requirements set forth in subsection C of this section, and an administrative review fee of **twenty-five dollars (\$25.00)**:

- i. Boundary line surveys/resurveys or agreements which create no additional lots; and which do not vacate, relocate, or otherwise alter any boundary line or lot line;
- ii. Well lots;
- iii. Platting of previously existing parcels in aid of deed description;
- iv. Utility lots not exceeding ten thousand (10,000) square feet so long as adequate ingress and egress is provided and no substandard residue lots are created thereby; or
- v. ALTA/ACSM surveys or house location surveys;
- vi. Previously existing family cemeteries; or

vii. Lots created to support stormwater best management practices and infrastructure so long as adequate ingress and egress is provided and no substandard residue lots are created thereby. Lots must be designated on the plat as being for stormwater management and/or best management practices only as approved by the Campbell County Office of Environmental Management.

2. Any exemptions under this subsection must be approved by the Agent and the descriptions listed above shall be strictly construed by the Subdivision Agent and shall not be applied for the purpose of circumventing the requirements of this chapter.

3. A plat or other schematic representation of land qualifying for exemption under this subsection shall be clearly identified and annotated on its face as such by the Subdivision Agent. **Any such exemption must be approved by the Designated Agent.** The following note shall be placed on these plats: *“This plat does not constitute a subdivision under the current Campbell County Subdivision and/or Zoning Ordinances.”*

4. When the land shown on an exempted plat lies wholly or partly within an area subject to the joint control of more than one locality, the plat shall be submitted to the Designated Agent of the locality in which the tract of land is located.

C. In addition to compliance with the requirements of the Virginia Public Records Act ([Va. Code §42.1-76 et seq.](#)) and its related regulations, exempted plats, as described in items (i) through (v) of subsection (B)(1) above, shall comply with the following standards and contain the following information:

1. Subdivision name, date plat was prepared, graphic scale, and north arrow;
2. Signature and seal of land surveyor or certified professional engineer who prepared the plat;
3. Reference to last instrument in the chain of title to the subject property and the tax map identification number;
4. Names of all persons owning the subject property as shown in the last instrument in the chain of title;
5. Names of owners and references to last instrument in chain of title and tax map identification numbers of all adjoining property;
6. All existing improvements and notations regarding utilities serving the subject property (sewer/water/etc.);
7. When any part of the subject property abuts on or contains any natural or artificial bodies of water the plat shall: (1) show the high water lines and the current one hundred (100) year flood plain as shown on the National Flood Insurance Program Rate

Map (FIRM) published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, (2) show where such lines are intersected by lot and block lines, and (3) include the appropriate annotation required by [§21-18](#) of this Code.

For state law mandating subsection (A), see [Va. Code §15.2-2254](#). For state law authority for imposition of fees, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#) at provision (A)(9). See also [Va. Code §15.2-107](#).

Cross-references: For state law provisions regarding Primary System of State Highways and State Highway System, see [Va. Code §33.2-310 et seq.](#) For state provisions regarding the Secondary System of State Highways, see [Va. Code §33.2-324 et seq.](#)

Sec. 21-3.1 Reserved.

Sec. 21-4. Appointment of County Administrator or other designee as Subdivision Agent.

For all purposes for which an agent is empowered, by the terms of this Chapter of this Code, to act for or on behalf of the Board of Supervisors, the County Administrator or such designee as the Board of Supervisors may by Resolution appoint from time to time is appointed Designated Agent of the Board of Supervisors.

For state law authorizing this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2255](#).

Sec. 21-4.1. Adoption of official map.

The official map of Campbell County, having been duly adopted by the Campbell County Board of Supervisors upon the certification of the Campbell County Planning Commission in accordance with the requirements of [Va. Code §15.2-2234](#), is hereby designated as the official map of Campbell County for the purposes of the comprehensive plan or in accordance with the provisions of [Va. Code §15.2-2234](#), and is hereby incorporated herein by reference. The official map shall be filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Campbell County and in such other locations as the Board of Supervisors may direct.

Additions or modifications to the official map may be made by ordinance duly adopted by the Board of Supervisors, after compliance with the requirements of [Va. Code §15.2-2235](#).

In addition, the official map and any additions thereto or modifications thereof shall be reviewed within five (5) years from the date of adoption or readoption of the map by the Board of Supervisors.

For state law authorizing this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2234](#) and [§15.2-2235](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2224](#).

Editor's note: This section originally included a reference to the official map dated March 1, 1985 that was adopted by the Board of Supervisors, upon the recommendation of the Planning Commission on September 23, 1985. Subsequent comprehensive plans for Campbell County, Virginia, including official map and zoning district map, have been duly adopted at various times by the Board of Supervisors, upon the recommendation of the Planning Commission. **The current official map of Campbell County was adopted by the Board of Supervisors as part of the current comprehensive plan duly adopted on December 7, 2009.**

Sec. 21-4.2. Advertisement of plans, ordinances, etc.; joint public hearings; notice.

A. Plans or ordinances, or amendments thereof, recommended or adopted under the powers conferred by Chapter 22 (Planning, Subdivision of Land and Zoning) of Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, or of this chapter need not be advertised in full, but may be advertised by reference. Every such advertisement shall contain a descriptive summary of the proposed action and a reference to the place or places within the County where copies of the proposed plans, ordinances or amendments may be examined.

The Planning Commission shall not recommend nor the Board of Supervisors adopt any plan, ordinance or amendment thereof until notice of intention to do so has been published once a week for two successive weeks in some newspaper published or having general circulation in such County; however, the notice for both the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors may be published concurrently. The notice shall specify the time and place of hearing at which persons affected may appear and present their views, not less than five days nor more than twenty-one (21) days after the second advertisement appears in such newspaper. The Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors may hold a joint public hearing after public notice as set forth hereinabove. If a joint hearing is held, then public notice as set forth above need be given only by the Board of Supervisors. The term "two successive weeks" as used in this subsection shall mean that such notice shall be published at least twice in such newspaper with not less than six days elapsing between the first and second publication. After enactment of any plan, ordinance or amendment, further publication thereof shall not be required.

B. The adoption or amendment prior to July 1, 1996, of any plan or ordinance under the authority of prior acts shall not be declared invalid by reason of a failure to advertise or give notice as may be required by such act or by Chapter 22 of Title 15.2 of the Virginia Code, as amended, or this chapter, provided a public hearing was conducted by the Board of Supervisors prior to such adoption or amendment. **Every action contesting a decision of the County based on a failure to advertise or give notice as may be required by Chapter 22 of Title 15.2 of the Virginia Code, as amended, or this chapter shall be filed within thirty (30) days of such decision with the circuit court having jurisdiction of the land affected by the decision.**

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2205](#), [Va. Code §15.2-107](#), and [Va. Code §15.2-2251](#) through [§15.2-2253](#).

Cross-references: See [§§21-42 et seq.](#) of this Code for notice requirements regarding vacation of plats, etc.

Special notice requirements: [Va. Code §15.2-107](#) imposes additional notice requirements regarding the imposition or increase of levies and/or fees adopted by a locality pursuant to Chapter 21 of Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia (Franchises; Sale and Lease of Certain Municipal Public Property; Public Utilities) and Chapter 22 of Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia (*Planning, Subdivision of Land and Zoning*), by requiring the published notice to include information in addition to that required by [Va. Code §15.2-1427](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#). Such required public notice shall contain the following *additional* information: the actual dollar amount or percentage change, if any, of the proposed levy, fee, or increase; a specific reference to the Code of Virginia section or other legal authority granting the legal authority for enactment of such proposed levy, fee, or increase; and designation of the place or places where the complete ordinance and information concerning the documentation for the proposed fee, levy, or increase are available for examination. **These special requirements apply to fees imposed under this chapter and under Chapter 22 (Zoning) of the Campbell County Code of 1988.**

Editor's note: [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#) governs advertisement, hearing and notice requirements for all matters related to subdivision of land *and* zoning. Particular provisions applicable only to zoning are *not* included in the text of this section, but do appear in [§22-4.1](#) of this Code.

Article II. Submission of Plats.

Sec. 21-5. Submission of plats for approval required.

No plat required to be made pursuant to the provisions of [§21-3](#) of this Code shall be recorded unless and until it shall have been submitted to and approved the Designated Agent, as provided for herein. No person shall sell or transfer any land of a subdivision, before a plat has been duly approved and recorded as provided in this Chapter of this Code, unless the subdivision was lawfully created prior to the adoption of a subdivision ordinance applicable thereto. However, nothing herein contained shall be construed as preventing the recordation of the instrument by which such land is transferred or the passage of title as between the parties to the instrument.

For state law mandating this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2254](#).

Cross reference: For provisions regarding recordation of plat as effecting transfer of streets, termination of easements and rights-of-way, etc., see [§21-14](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-6. Informal conferences with agent encouraged.

Nothing in this Chapter shall be deemed to prohibit informal conferences with the Designated Agent appointed pursuant to the provisions of [§21-4](#) of this Code prior to the official submission of any plat, and such conferences are encouraged. At such conferences, the agent shall act in an advisory capacity to any person wishing to subdivide land and shall instruct such person with respect to the procedures as well as the formal requirements necessary to create such subdivision.

For state law authorizing this procedure, see [Va. Code §15.2-2260](#).

Sec. 21-7. Submission of preliminary subdivision plats for tentative approval.

A. Any person wishing to subdivide land may submit to the Designated Agent a preliminary subdivision plat for tentative approval; provided, however, that plats involving the division of more than fifty (50) lots shall require preliminary submission and review prior to official submission for approval. The number of preliminary subdivision plats required to be submitted shall be determined by County Administrator or the Designated Agent.

B. Such preliminary subdivision plats submitted for tentative approval shall conform to the requirements for final plats hereinafter set forth; however, no approvals of other agencies, such as the Health Department, Department of Transportation or Soil and Erosion Control Administrator shall be required. Any person submitting a preliminary subdivision plat for tentative approval is encouraged, however, to seek, and receive, commitments for approval from all agencies required to approve final plats prior to submission of preliminary subdivision plats for tentative approval.

C.

1. Upon receipt and consideration of preliminary subdivision plats the Designated Agent shall give tentative approval to the subdivision plats subject to such reasonable conditions precedent to final approval as the Designated Agent may require prior to tentative and/or final approval. The Designated Agent shall complete action on the preliminary subdivision plats within forty-five (45) days of submission. However, if approval of a feature or features of the preliminary subdivision plat by a state agency or public authority authorized by state law is necessary, the Designated Agent shall forward the preliminary subdivision plat to the appropriate state agency or agencies for review within five (5) business days of receipt of such preliminary subdivision plat.

2. Any state agency or public authority authorized by state law making a review of a preliminary subdivision plat forwarded to it under this section, including, without limitation, the Virginia Department of Transportation and authorities authorized by [Va. Code §15.2-5100 et seq.](#), shall complete its review within thirty (30) days of receipt of the preliminary subdivision plat upon first submission and within thirty (30) days for any proposed plat that has previously been disapproved, provided, however, that the time period set forth in [Va. Code §15.2-2222.1](#) shall apply to plats triggering the applicability of said section. The Virginia Department of Transportation and authorities authorized by [Va. Code §15.2-5100 et seq.](#) shall allow use of public rights-of-way for public street purposes for placement of utilities by permit when practical and shall not unreasonably deny plat approval. If a state agency or public authority authorized by state law does not approve the plat, it shall comply with the requirements, and be subject to the restrictions, set forth in subsection (B)(1) of [§21-8](#) of this Code with the exception of the time period

therein specified. Upon receipt of the approvals from all State agencies, the Designated Agent shall act upon the preliminary plat within twenty (20) days.

3. If the Designated Agent does not approve the preliminary subdivision plat, the Designated Agent shall (i) set forth in writing all deficiencies in the plat that caused the disapproval by referencing to specific duly adopted ordinances, regulations, or policies and (ii) identify modifications or corrections that will permit approval of the plat. With regard to plats involving commercial or residential property, as those terms are defined in (A)(2) of [Va. Code §15.2-2259](#), the review process for such plats shall be the same as provided in (A)(2) and (A)(3) of [Va. Code §15.2-2259](#). All actions on preliminary subdivision plats shall be completed by the Designated Agent and, if necessary, State agencies, within a total of ninety (90) days of submission to the Designated Agent.

4. If the Designated Agent fails to approve or disapprove the preliminary subdivision plat within ninety (90) days after it has been officially submitted for approval, the subdivider after ten (10) days' written notice to the Designated Agent, may petition the Circuit Court for Campbell County, or such other Circuit Court for the county or municipality in which the major part of the land involved is located, to enter an order with respect thereto as it deems proper, which may include directing approval of the plat.

5. If the Designated Agent disapproves a preliminary subdivision plat and the subdivider contends that the disapproval was not properly based on the ordinance applicable thereto, or was arbitrary or capricious, he may appeal to the Circuit Court for Campbell County, or such other Circuit Court having jurisdiction of such land, and the Court shall hear and determine the case as soon as may be, provided that his appeal is filed with the Circuit Court within sixty (60) days of the written disapproval.

D. Preliminary plats submitted for tentative approval shall not be required to conform to all of the requisites hereinafter set forth for plats submitted for final approval but conformity as closely as is practicable under the circumstances is encouraged. (See [§21-30](#) of this Code).

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2260](#).
See also [Va. Code §15.2-2258](#) and [§15.2-2262](#).

Sec. 21-7.1. Duration of approval of preliminary subdivision plat; conditions; revocation.

A. Once a preliminary subdivision plat is approved, it shall be valid for a period of five (5) years, provided that the subdivider (i) submits a final subdivision plat for all or a portion of the property within one (1) year of such approval, [or such longer period as may be prescribed by local ordinance] and (ii) thereafter diligently pursues approval of the final subdivision plat. "Diligent pursuit of approval" means that the subdivider has incurred extensive obligations or substantial expenses relating to the submitted final subdivision plat or modifications thereto. However, no sooner than three (3) years following such preliminary subdivision plat approval, and upon ninety (90) days' written notice by certified mail to the subdivider, the Designated Agent may revoke such approval upon a specific finding of facts that the subdivider has not diligently pursued approval of the final subdivision plat.

B. Once an approved final subdivision plat for all or a portion of the property is recorded pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2261](#), the underlying preliminary plat shall remain valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of the latest recorded plat of subdivision for the property. The five (5) year period of validity shall extend from the date of the last recorded plat.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2260\(F\) & \(G\)](#).

Sec. 21-8. Submission of subdivision plat for final approval; failure to act; remedies; appeal.

A. Whenever the owner or proprietor of any tract of land located within Campbell County desires to subdivide the tract, he shall submit a plat of the proposed subdivision to the Designated Agent. The number of final plats required to be submitted shall be determined by the County Administrator or Designated Agent. When any part of the land proposed for subdivision lies in a drainage district such fact shall be set forth on the plat of the proposed subdivision. When any part of the land proposed for subdivision lies in a mapped dam break inundation zone such fact shall be set forth on the plat of the proposed subdivision. When any grave, object or structure marking a place of burial is located on the land proposed for subdivision, such grave, object or structure shall be identified on any plans or site plans required by this chapter. When the land involved lies wholly or partly within an area subject to the joint control of more than one locality, the plat shall be submitted to the Designated Agent, of the locality in which the tract of land is located. Site plans or plans of development required by Article XIII of [Chapter 22](#) of this Code shall also be subject to the provisions of [§21-7](#), [§21-8](#), and [§21-8.1](#) of this Code, *mutatis mutandis*.

B.

1. Except as otherwise provided in [Va. Code §15.2-2259\(A\)\(2\) and \(A\)\(3\)](#), the Designated Agent shall act on any proposed plat within sixty (60) days after it has been officially submitted for approval by either approving or disapproving the plat in writing, and giving with the latter specific reasons therefor. The Designated Agent shall not delay the official submission of any proposed plat, site plan, or plan of development by requiring presubmission conferences, meetings, or reviews. The Designated Agent shall thoroughly review the plat and shall make a good faith effort to identify all deficiencies, if any, with the initial submission. However, if approval of a feature or features of the plat by a state agency or public authority authorized by state law is necessary, the Designated Agent shall forward the plat to the appropriate state agency or agencies for review within five (5) business days of receipt of such plat. The state agency shall respond in accord with the requirements set forth [Va. Code §15.2-2222.1](#), which shall extend the time for action by the Designated Agent, as set forth in [Va. Code §15.2-2259\(B\)](#). Specific reasons for disapproval shall be provided to the applicant either in a separate document or on the plat itself and shall (i) identify all deficiencies in the plat that caused the disapproval by reference to specific duly adopted ordinances, regulations, or policies and (ii) shall identify all modifications or corrections as will permit approval of the plat. The Designated Agent shall act on any proposed plat that it has previously disapproved within forty-five (45) days

after the plat has been resubmitted for approval. The subdivider shall be given a full and fair opportunity to present his case before the Designated Agent prior to final action and shall be entitled to be represented by counsel.

2. The Designated Agent shall act on any proposed plat, site plan or plan of development within forty (40) days after it has been officially submitted for approval by either approving or disapproving the plat in writing, and giving with the latter specific reasons therefor. The Designated Agent shall not delay the official submission of any proposed plat, site plan, or plan of development by requiring presubmission conferences, meetings, or reviews. The Designated Agent shall thoroughly review the plat or plan and shall in good faith identify, to the greatest extent practicable, all deficiencies, if any, with the initial submission. However, if approval of a feature or features of the plat or plan by a state agency or public authority authorized by state law is necessary, the Designated Agent shall forward the plat or plan to the appropriate state agency or agencies for review within five (5) business days of receipt of such plat or plan. The state agency shall respond in accord with the requirements set forth in [Va. Code §15.2-2222.1](#), which shall extend the time for action by the Designated Agent. Specific reasons for disapproval shall be provided to the applicant either in a separate document or on the plat or plan itself and shall (i) identify all deficiencies in the plat or plan that caused the disapproval by reference to referencing specific duly adopted ordinances, regulations, or policies and (ii) identify, to the greatest extent practicable, modifications or corrections that will permit approval of the plat or plan.

In the review of a resubmitted proposed plat, site plan or plan of development that has been previously disapproved, the Designated Agent shall consider only deficiencies identified in its review of the initial submission of the plat or plan that have not been corrected in such resubmission and any deficiencies that arise as a result of the corrections made to address deficiencies identified in the initial submission. In the review of the resubmission of a plat or plan, the Designated Agent shall (i) identify all deficiencies with the proposed plat or plan that caused the disapproval by referencing specific duly adopted ordinances, regulations, or policies and (ii) identify all modifications or corrections that will permit approval of the plat or plan. Upon the second resubmission of such disapproved plat or plan, the Designated Agent's review shall be limited solely to the previously identified deficiencies that caused its disapproval.

All deficiencies identified during a third or subsequent resubmission of any plat, site plan, or plan of development shall be provided concurrently to the applicant and the director of Community Development having supervisory authority over the agent. Within fourteen (14) days of receipt, such director or equivalent official shall either: (i) Approve the plat, site plan, or plan of development as submitted; (ii) Permit the applicant to address any deficiencies deemed minor by the director or equivalent official, and resubmit the plat, site plan, or plan of development for administrative approval. The director or equivalent official shall complete the administrative approval within seven days of receipt of the resubmission; or (iii) Disapprove the resubmission, and identify all deficiencies that caused the disapproval by referencing specific duly adopted ordinances, regulations, or policies

and identify all modifications or corrections that will permit approval of the plat, site plan, or plan of development.

The Designated Agent shall act on any proposed plat, site plan or plan of development that it has previously disapproved within thirty (30) days after the plat or plan has been modified, corrected and resubmitted for approval. The failure of the Designated Agent to approve or disapprove a resubmitted plat or plan within the time periods required by this section shall cause the plat or plan to be deemed approved. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Designated agent, with the concurrence of all applicable local reviewing agencies, may administratively approve any resubmitted site plan or subdivision plat that the Designated Agent deems to be in compliance with local ordinances and state law. Notwithstanding the approval or deemed approval of any proposed plat, site plan or plan of development, any deficiency in any proposed plat or plan, that if left uncorrected, would violate local, state or federal law, regulations, mandatory Department of Transportation engineering and safety requirements, and other mandatory engineering and safety requirements, shall not be considered, treated or deemed as having been approved by the Designated Agent. Should any resubmission include a material revision of infrastructure or physical improvements from the earlier submission or if a material revision in the resubmission creates a new required review by the Virginia Department of Transportation or by a state agency or public authority authorized by state law, then the Designated Agent's review shall not be limited to only the previously identified deficiencies identified in the prior submittals and may consider deficiencies initially appearing in the resubmission because of such material revision.

3. Any state agency or public authority authorized by state law making a review of a plat forwarded to it under this article, including, without limitation, the Virginia Department of Transportation and authorities authorized by [Va. Code § 15.2-5100 et seq.](#) shall complete its review within forty-five (45) days of receipt of the plat upon first submission and within 45 days for any proposed plat that has previously been disapproved, provided, however, that the time periods set forth in [Va. Code § 15.2-2222.1](#) shall apply to plats triggering the applicability of said section. The Virginia Department of Transportation and authorities authorized by [Va. Code § 15.2-5100 et seq.](#) shall allow use of public rights-of-way dedicated for public street purposes for placement of utilities by permit when practical and shall not unreasonably deny plat approval. If a state agency or public authority authorized by state law does not approve the plat, it shall comply with the requirements, and be subject to the restrictions, set forth in this section of this Code, with the exception of the time period therein specified. Upon receipt of the approvals from all state agencies and other agencies, the Designated Agent shall act upon a plat within thirty-five (35) days.

4. If the Designated Agent fails to approve or disapprove the plat within the timeframes provided in this section, the subdivider, after ten (10) days' written notice to the Designated Agent, may petition the Circuit Court for Campbell County or such other Circuit Court for the county or municipality in which the major part of the land involved is located, to decide whether the plat should be approved or should not be approved. The court shall give the petition priority on the civil docket, hear the matter expeditiously in accordance with the procedures prescribed in [Va. Code §8.01-644 et seq.](#) and make and

enter an order with respect thereto as it deems proper, which may include directing approval of the plat.

5. If the Designated Agent disapproves a plat and the subdivider contends that the disapproval was not properly based on the ordinance applicable thereto, or was arbitrary or capricious, he may appeal to the Circuit Court of Campbell County, or such other Circuit Court having jurisdiction of such land, and the Court shall hear and determine the case as soon as may be, provided that his appeal is filed with the circuit court within sixty (60) days of the written disapproval.

For state law authorizing and mandating this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2258](#) and [§15.2-2259](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2253](#).

Sec. 21-8.1. Duration of approval of recorded subdivision plat or final site plan: extensions; effect of ordinance amendments; modifications.

A. An approved final subdivision plat *which has been recorded* or an approved final site plan, hereinafter referred to as “recorded plat or final site plan,” shall be valid for a period of not less than five (5) years from the date of approval thereof or for such longer period as the Designated Agent may, at the time of approval, determine to be reasonable, taking into consideration the size and phasing of the proposed development. A site plan shall be deemed final once it has been reviewed and approved by the Designated Agent if the only requirements remaining to be satisfied in order to obtain a building permit are the posting of any bonds and escrows or the submission of any other administrative documents, agreements, deposits, or fees required by the Designated Agent in order to obtain the permit. However, any fees that are customarily due and owing at the time of the agency review of the site plan shall be paid in a timely manner.

B.

1. Upon application of the subdivider or developer filed prior to expiration of a recorded plat or final site plan, the Designated Agent may grant one or more extensions of such approval for additional periods as the Designated Agent may, at the time the extension is granted, determine to be reasonable, taking into consideration the size and phasing of the proposed development, the laws, ordinances and regulations in effect at the time of the request for an extension.

2. If the Designated Agent denies an extension requested as provided herein and the subdivider or developer contends that such denial was not properly based on the ordinance applicable thereto, the foregoing considerations for granting an extension, or was arbitrary or capricious, he may appeal to the circuit court having jurisdiction of land subject to the recorded plat or final site plan, provided that such appeal is filed with the circuit court within sixty (60) days of the written denial.

C. For so long as the final site plan remains valid in accordance with the provisions of this section, or in the case of a *recorded* plat for five (5) years after approval, no change or amendment to any local ordinance, map, resolution, rule, regulation, policy or plan adopted subsequent to the date of approval of the recorded plat or final site plan shall adversely affect the right of the subdivider or developer or his successor in interest to commence and complete an approved development in accordance with the lawful terms of the recorded plat or site plan unless the change or amendment is required to comply with state law or there has been a mistake, fraud or a change in circumstances substantially affecting the public health, safety or welfare.

D. Application for minor modifications to recorded plats or final site plans made during the periods of validity of such plats or plans established in accordance with this section shall not constitute a waiver of the provisions hereof nor shall the approval of such minor modifications extend the period of validity of such plats or plans.

E. The provisions of this section shall be applicable to all recorded plats and final site plans valid on or after January 1, 1992. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to affect (i) any litigation concerning the validity of a site plan pending prior to January 1, 1992, or any such litigation nonsuited and thereafter refiled; (ii) the authority of the Board of Supervisors to impose valid conditions upon approval of any special use permit, conditional use permit or special exception; (iii) the application to individual lots on recorded plats or parcels of land subject to final site plans, to the greatest extent possible, of the provisions of any local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act ([Va. Code §62.1-44.15:67 et seq.](#)); or (iv) the application to individual lots on recorded plats or parcels of land subject to final site plans of the provisions of any local ordinance adopted to comply with the requirements of the federal Clean Water Act, Section 402(p) of the Stormwater Program and regulations promulgated thereunder by the Environmental Protection Agency.

F. An approved final subdivision plat that has been recorded, from which any part of the property subdivided has been conveyed to third parties (other than to a developer or local jurisdiction), or a recorded plat dedicating real property to the local jurisdiction or public body that has been accepted by such grantee, shall remain valid for an indefinite period of time unless and until any portion of the property is subject to a vacation action as set forth in [Va. Code §15.2-2270](#) through [§15.2-2278](#).

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2261](#).

Editor's notes: See also [§21-14.1\(B\)\(2\)](#) of this Code regarding the right of a developer, *after* having recorded a final plat which may be a section of a subdivision as shown on an approved preliminary plat and *after* furnishing to the County Board of Supervisors a performance guarantee in the amount of the estimated cost of construction of the facilities to be dedicated within said section for public use and maintained by the county or other public agency, to record at a later date remaining sections shown on the preliminary plat, subject to conditions and time limits prescribed in [§21-14.1\(B\)\(2\)](#).

Sec. 21-8.1:1. Recorded plat or final site plan; conflicting zoning conditions.

If the provisions of a recorded plat or final site plan, which was specifically determined by the Board of Supervisors *and not its designee* to be in accordance with the zoning conditions previously approved pursuant to [§22-19](#) through [§22-24](#) of this Code, conflict with any underlying zoning conditions of such previous rezoning approval, the provisions of the recorded plat or final site plan shall control, and the zoning amendment notice requirements of [§22-4.1](#) of this Code and [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#) shall be deemed to have been satisfied.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2261.1](#).

Sec. 21-8.1:2. Extension of approvals to address housing crisis.

A. Notwithstanding the time limits for validity set out in [Va. Code §15.2-2260](#) or [§15.2-2261](#), or the provisions of subsection (F) of [§15.2-2260](#), any subdivision plat valid under [Va. Code §15.2-2260](#) and outstanding as of January 1, 2017, and any recorded plat or final site plan valid under [Va. Code §15.2-2261](#) and outstanding as of January 1, 2017, shall remain valid until July 1, 2025 or such later date as agreed to by the County. Further, any subdivision plat valid under [Va. Code §15.2-2260](#) and outstanding as of July 1, 2020, and any recorded plat or final site plan valid under [Va. Code §15.2-2261](#) and outstanding as of July 1, 2020, shall remain valid until July 1, 2025. Any other plan or permit associated with such plat or site plan extended by this subsection shall likewise be extended for the same time period.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, for any valid special exception, special use permit, or conditional use permit outstanding as of January 1, 2017, and related to new residential or commercial development, any deadline in the exception permit, or in [Chapter 22](#) of this Code that requires the landowner or developer to commence the project or to incur significant expenses related to improvements for the project within a certain time, shall be extended until July 1, 2025, or such later date as agreed to by the County. Further, any valid special use permit, or any modifications thereto, outstanding as of July 1, 2020, any deadline in the exception permit, or in the local zoning ordinance that requires the landowner or developer to commence the project or incur significant expenses related to improvements for the project within a certain time, is extended until July 1, 2025, or such later date as agreed to by the County. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any requirement that a use authorized pursuant to a special exception, special use permit, conditional use permit, or other agreement or zoning action be terminated or ended by a certain date or within a set number of years.

C. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, for any rezoning action approved pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2297](#), [§15.2-2298](#), or [§15.2-2303](#), valid and outstanding as of January 1, 2017, and related to new residential or commercial development, any proffered condition that requires the landowner or developer to incur significant expenses upon an event related to a stage or level of development shall be extended until July 1, 2025, or such later date as agreed to by the County. Any rezoning approved pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2297](#), [§15.2-2298](#), or [§15.2-2303](#) and valid and outstanding as of July 1, 2020, any proffered condition that requires the landowner or developer to incur significant expenses upon the occurrence of an event related to a stage or level of development is extended until July 1, 2025, or such later date as agreed to by

the County. However, the extensions in this subsection shall not apply (i) to land or right-of-way dedications pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2297](#), [§15.2-2298](#), or [§15.2-2303](#), (ii) when completion of the event related to the stage or level of development has occurred, or (iii) to events required to occur on a specified date certain or within a specified time period. Any proffered condition included in a special exception, special use permit, or conditional use permit shall only be extended if it satisfies the provisions of this subsection.

D. The extension of validity provided in subsection (A) and the extension of certain deadlines as provided in subsection (B) shall not be effective unless any unreleased performance bonds and agreements or other financial guarantees of completion of public improvements in or associated with the proposed development are continued in force.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2209.1](#) and [§15.2-2209.1:1](#).

Sec. 21-8.2. Notice to Commissioner of Revenue of improvements to property in platted subdivisions.

Owners of lands contained in a final subdivision plat which has been recorded shall notify the County Commissioner of the Revenue of improvements to real property situated in such platted subdivision.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2264](#).

Sec. 21-9. Stale plats.

Unless a plat is filed for recordation within six (6) months after final approval thereof such approval shall be withdrawn and the plat marked void and returned to the Designated Agent; however, in any case where construction of facilities to be dedicated for public use has commenced pursuant to an approved plan or permit with surety approved by the Campbell County Board of Supervisors, or where the developer has furnished surety to the Board of Supervisors by certified check, cash escrow, bond or letter of credit in the amount of the estimated cost of construction of such facilities, the time for plat recordation shall be extended to one (1) year after final approval or to the time limit specified in the surety agreement approved by the Board, whichever is greater.

For state law mandating this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(8\)](#).

Sec. 21-10. Plat fees.

There shall be a charge of **thirty-five dollars (\$35.00)** for the examination and approval or disapproval of every single lot division plat submitted for final approval to the agent. There shall be a charge of **twenty-five dollars (\$25.00)** for the examination and approval of every relocation or vacation of boundary lines plat submitted for final approval to the agent. There shall be a charge of **twenty-five dollars (\$25.00)** for the examination and approval or disapproval of

every deed of vacation submitted for final approval to the agent *other than under sections [21-42](#), [21-43](#) or [21-43.1](#) of this Code.*

In all other cases, at the time the final plats are presented, the person wishing to create a subdivision shall deposit with the Treasurer of Campbell County a check payable to the Treasurer of Campbell County in the amount of **seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) per plat, plus ten dollars (\$10.00) for each lot shown thereon.**

Plats prepared on behalf of Campbell County, Campbell County Schools, or Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority are exempt from the fees established by this section.

For state law authorizing this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(9\)](#). For special notice requirements applicable to levies, fees, and increases under this chapter, see [Va. Code §15.2-107](#).

Article III. Requirements for Subdivisions.

Division A. Streets and Other Improvements.

For ordinance designating certain private roads as “highways” for law-enforcement purposes, see [§15-8.3:4](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-11. When streets required to be dedicated and constructed.

When any person proposes to subdivide any tract or parcel of land into lots containing less than one and a half (1.5) acres, then streets shown on the subdivision plat must be dedicated and constructed to Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) standards so as to enable the streets to be taken into the secondary system of state highways. Sidewalks shall likewise be dedicated and constructed as required by VDOT and/or the Campbell County Zoning Ordinance at [Chapter 22](#) of this Code.

Provision shall be made on plats showing such streets for easements to be granted to electric, telephone and community antenna television companies and other utility companies for underground installations of wire, cable and other necessary appurtenances adjacent to the rights of way provided for such streets.

All streets serving subdivisions will require construction and acceptance in the secondary system of state highways, except those streets and offstreet parking areas located within multi-family dwelling developments, commercial developments and industrial developments not otherwise eligible for state maintenance and which provide access to streets within the primary system of state highways or the secondary system of state highways, the design and construction of such streets and offstreet parking areas shall be controlled by the provisions of [§21-26](#) of this Code.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#) at subdivisions (A)(2), (A)(4), first paragraph of (A)(5), & (A)(6). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at provision 3.

Cross-references: For state law as to Primary System of State Highways or State Highway System, see [Va. Code §33.2-310 et seq.](#) For state law provisions regarding Secondary System of State Highways, see [Va. Code §33.2-324 et seq.](#)

Sec. 21-12. When streets required to be dedicated but not constructed.

A. When any person proposes to subdivide a tract or parcel of land into lots of one and a half (1.5) acres or more, then all of the requirements of [§21-11](#) of this Code shall apply with the exception that the streets shown on said plat shall be required to be dedicated but shall not be required to be constructed prior to granting approval for such subdivision plats, however, the Designated Agent may request engineered road design plans which will be sufficient to satisfy the then current standards of the Virginia Department of Transportation with respect to the feasibility of building such streets, as well as contour information, with respect to the streets shown on said plat but not required to be constructed, so as to insure that in the event of later construction of said streets, the same will qualify to be taken into the secondary system of state highways; provided, however, that all streets which serve as connectors between two (2) or more streets in the secondary system of state highways will in all instances be required to be paved in accordance with the then current standards of the Virginia Department of Transportation. The Designated Agent is not obligated to accept the dedication of any street it finds is not in the interest of the public health, safety, and welfare.

B. Streets shown on plats of single lot divisions, as hereinafter provided, shall be required to be dedicated but shall not be required to be constructed, and shall be subject to the road construction feasibility requirements of [§21-12\(A\)](#) of this Code, and the plat shall conform to the mandates of [§21-32](#) of this Code.

C. A maximum of two (2) lots shall be permitted on each street or roadway permitted under this provision.

For state law authorizing this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#) at subdivisions (A)(2), (A)(4), and (A)(5) and [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at provision 3. See also [Va. Code §15.2-2244\(A\)](#) as to single lot divisions.

Sec. 21-13. Coordination of streets within and contiguous to subdivision with other existing or planned streets.

A. Location. Arrangement, character and location of all streets shall be planned with relation to existing and planned streets, within the general area, including coordination of such

streets with existing or planned streets in existing or future adjacent or contiguous to adjacent subdivisions, topographic conditions, public convenience and safety and appropriate relation to the proposed uses of land to be served by such streets. Arrangement of streets in a subdivision shall provide for the continuation or appropriate projection of existing arterial or collector streets and surrounding streets. All street planning shall be accomplished in such a manner so as to avoid undue congestion on existing or planned streets within or contiguous to the proposed subdivision or on existing or planned streets in existing or future adjacent or contiguous to adjacent subdivisions; to maximize access to each lot in a subdivision by fire, police, rescue and other emergency vehicles in compliance with applicable provisions of the Statewide Fire Prevention Code, as incorporated as a part of this Code by [§10-26](#); and to promote, to the greatest extent possible, public health, safety and welfare by minimizing unnecessary traffic in residential areas and by maximizing visibility and minimizing traffic flow at all street intersections within the subdivision. However, if more than one access street for the subdivision is required by the Statewide Fire Prevention Code, then each such additional access street shall also be dedicated to public use and shall be designed and constructed to Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) standards so as to enable it to be taken into the secondary system of state highways, except those streets and offstreet parking areas located within multifamily dwelling developments, commercial developments, and industrial developments not otherwise eligible for state maintenance and which provide access to streets within the primary system of state highways or the secondary system of state highways, the design and construction of such streets and offstreet parking areas shall be controlled by the provisions of [§21-26](#) of this Code. The Designated Agent may seek the advice of the County Fire Marshal in determining the adequacy of access by emergency vehicles to each lot in the subdivision.

Lots within the proposed subdivision that do not meet the exceptions described in (i) through (v) shall abut a street for a distance equal to the minimum lot width for the zoning district in which the lot is located.

1. Cul-de-sacs. Lots that are located on a cul-de-sac must abut a street for a distance of at least fifty feet (50') to ensure safe ingress and egress.

2. Flag lots. No more than two (2) flag lots, as defined in [§21-2](#) of this Code, shall be permitted on any parcel of land, and the elongated portions thereof providing access to a street as required by this section shall not abut or adjoin. Flag lots (1) may only be used to address severe topography or other unusual physical characteristics of a parcel of land, and only after the approval of the Designated Agent, (2) where permitted by the Designated Agent, must have at least fifty feet (50') of frontage on a street in all cases, and (3) where permitted by the Designated Agent, shall contain the minimum area required by the zoning ordinance without utilizing the area within the long, narrow "flagpole" portion of the lot in such computation of lot area. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to family lot divisions as provided for under [§21-23](#) of this Code. Approval shall not be given to any plat utilizing flag lot or similar configurations for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of this chapter.

3. Family divisions. In the case of lots of less than five acres created as family single lot divisions in conformance with [§21-23](#) of this Code, such lots shall have

reasonable right-of-way of not less than ten (10) feet or more than twenty (20) feet providing ingress and egress to a dedicated recorded public street or thoroughfare.

4. Townhouse developments. Lots created as part of a townhouse development, offered for public sale, and meeting the definition of townhouse located in §22-2 of the Campbell County Zoning Ordinance are not required to abut a street for any minimum distance. The minimum lot width for each unit within a townhouse development shall be measured at the building location.

5. Business and industrial lots abutting more than one street. Lots within Business or Industrial zones shall abut a street for a distance equal to the minimum lot width for the zone. Where a lot abuts more than one street, the minimum road frontage requirement must be met as to the lot frontage along only one of such streets where permitted by the Designated Agent.

B. Grades and drainage. All streets shown on a subdivision plat, whether required to be constructed in accordance with the provisions of [§21-11](#) of this Code or whether required to be dedicated but not constructed in accordance with the provisions of [§21-12](#) of this Code, shall be subject to the then current regulations of the County Code and Virginia Department of Transportation with respect to the manner in which and extent to which grading is required and the manner and extent to which easements will be required for drainage of surface water from said streets. Road design plans satisfactory to the Virginia Department of Transportation and to the Designated Agent shall be furnished by the subdivider as required by the Designated Agent and Virginia Department of Transportation in order for them to make this determination.

C. Plats without streets. Subdivision plats where roads are not to be constructed, when presented for final approval, shall contain the statement required by [§21-31\(S\)](#) of this Code.

When lots are sold under this subdivision plat, the statement required under [§21-31\(S\)](#) shall be reproduced on the deeds or conditional sales contracts granted to the purchaser in conformity with [§21-13.1](#) of this Code.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#) at provisions (A)(2), (A)(3), (A)(4), and (A)(5), and [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at provision 3.

Sec. 21-13.1. Required statement when subdivision streets below state standards.

In the event that streets in a subdivision will not be constructed to meet the standards necessary for inclusion in the secondary system of state highways or for state street maintenance moneys paid to municipalities, the subdivision plat and all approved deeds of subdivision, or similar instruments, must contain a statement advising that the streets in the subdivision do not meet state standards and will not be maintained by the Department of Transportation or Campbell County and are not eligible for maintenance or improvement with funds allocated by either the General Assembly of Virginia or the Commonwealth Transportation Board. Grantors of any

subdivision lots to which such statement applies must include the statement on each deed of conveyance thereof. (See [§21-31\(S\)](#) of this Code).

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at provision 3, [Va. Code § 33.2-336](#).

Cross-reference: For state law provisions as to Secondary System State Highways, see [Va. Code §33.2-324 et seq.](#)

Sec. 21-14. Recordation of approved plat as transfer of streets, termination of easements and rights-of-way, etc.; relocation of certain public easements.

A.

1. In accordance with the provisions of [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#), the recordation of an approved plat shall operate to transfer, in fee simple, to Campbell County, the portion of the premises platted as is on the plat set apart for streets, alleys or other public use and to transfer to Campbell County any easement indicated on the plat to create a public right of passage over the land. The recordation of such plat shall operate to transfer to Campbell County, or to such association or public authority as the County may provide, such easements shown on the plat for the conveyance of stormwater, domestic water and sewage, including the installation and maintenance of any facilities utilized for such purposes, as the County may require. Nothing contained in this chapter shall affect any right of a subdivider of land heretofore validly reserved prior to the enactment of this or preceding subdivision ordinances within Campbell County. The clerk shall index in the name of all the owners of property affected by the recordation in the grantor's index any plat recorded under this section or [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#). **Nothing in this section shall obligate Campbell County, or an association or authority named by the County as specified hereinbefore, to install or maintain such facilities unless otherwise agreed to by the County, association, or authority.**

2. Approval of Campbell County, through its erosion and sedimentation control plan-approving authority or otherwise, of a long-term maintenance plan for a stormwater detention or retention basin or facility required under the provisions of [Chapter 8](#) of this Code, and/or determination by Campbell County, through the County Attorney, as to the legal adequacy of a proposed long-term maintenance agreement regarding such facility shall *not* be deemed to constitute acceptance by the County of such maintenance responsibility. The County of Campbell shall not be deemed to have assumed responsibility for such maintenance program or its related costs *unless* such responsibility is expressly accepted *by duly adopted ordinance* of the Board of Supervisors of Campbell County. Responsibility for the operation and long-term maintenance of stormwater detention or retention basins or facilities required under [Chapter 8](#) of this Code shall remain with the property owner and his successors in interest and shall be formalized in the Stormwater Management Agreement required by [§8-13](#) of this Code.

B. When the Designated Agent approves in accordance with the subdivision ordinances of the County a plat or replat of land therein, then upon the recording of the plat or replat in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Campbell County, all rights-of-way, easement or other interest of the County in the land included in the plat or replat, except as shown thereon, shall be terminated and extinguished, except that an interest acquired by the County by condemnation, by purchase for valuable consideration and evidenced by a separate instrument of record, or streets, alleys or easements for public passage subject to the provisions of Article VII of this chapter ([§21-42 et seq.](#)) shall not be affected thereby. All public easements, except those for public passage, easements containing improvements, those that contain private utility facilities, common or shared easements for the use of franchised cable operators and public service corporations, may be relocated by recordation of plat or replat signed by the owner of the real property, approved by an authorized official of Campbell County, regardless of the manner of acquisition or the type of instrument used to dedicate the original easement. In the event the purpose of the easement is to convey stormwater drainage from a public roadway, the entity responsible for the operation of the roadway shall first determine that the relocation does not threaten either the integrity of the roadway or public passage. The clerk shall index the County as grantor of any easement or portion thereof terminated and extinguished under this section.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(5\)](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#).

Cross-reference. For provisions concerning long-term maintenance requirements for stormwater detention or retention facilities, responsibility for the operation and maintenance of such facilities, and requirement of legally binding agreement between owner/developer and County regarding long-term maintenance and providing that such agreement shall constitute covenant running with the land binding on the owner/developer and its successors in interest, see Article III of [Chapter 8](#) of this Code. See also [§21-31\(U\)](#) of this Code.

[Sec. 21-14.1. Acceptance of dedication to public use; bonding.](#)

A. The act of approval and recordation of a subdivision plat shall be acceptance of dedication for public use of any right of way located within any subdivision which is constructed or proposed to be constructed within the subdivision or section thereof, subject to the exceptions set forth in [§21-14](#) of this Code.

B.

1. Any street, curb, gutter, sidewalk, bicycle trail, drainage or sewerage system, waterline as part of a public system or other improvement dedicated for public use, and maintained by the County, the Commonwealth, or other public agency, and other site-related improvements required by local ordinances for vehicular ingress and egress, including traffic signalization and control, for public access streets, for structures necessary to ensure stability of critical slopes, and for stormwater management facilities, financed or to be financed in whole or in part by private funds shall be accepted only if the owner or developer (i) certifies to the governing body that the construction costs have been paid to the person constructing such facilities or, at the option of the Board of Supervisors, presents

evidence satisfactory to the governing body that the time for recordation of any mechanics lien has expired or evidence that any debt for said construction that may be due and owing is contested and further provides indemnity with adequate surety in an amount deemed sufficient by the governing body or its designated administrative agency; (ii) furnishes to the governing body a certified check or cash escrow in the amount of the estimated costs of construction or a personal, corporate or property bond, with surety satisfactory to the governing body, in an amount sufficient for and conditioned upon the construction of such facilities, or a contract for the construction of such facilities, and the contractor's bond with like surety, in like amount and so conditioned; or (iii) furnishes to the governing body a bank or savings institution's irrevocable letter of credit on certain designated funds satisfactory to the governing body as to the bank or savings institution, the amount and the form. The amount of such certified check, cash escrow, bond, or letter of credit shall not exceed the total of the estimated cost of construction based on unit prices for new public or private sector construction in the County and a reasonable allowance for estimated administrative costs, inflation, and potential damage to existing roads or utilities, which shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the estimated construction costs. If the owner or developer defaults on construction of such facilities, and such facilities are constructed by the surety or with funding from the aforesaid check, cash escrow, bond or letter of credit, the County shall be entitled to retain or collect the allowance for administrative costs to the extent the costs of such construction do not exceed the total of the originally estimated costs of construction and the allowance for administrative costs. "Such facilities," as used in this section, means those facilities specifically provided for in this section.

2. If a developer records a final plat which may be a section of a subdivision as shown on an approved preliminary subdivision plat and furnishes to the governing body a certified check, cash escrow, bond, or letter of credit in the amount of the estimated cost of construction of the facilities to be dedicated within said section for public use and maintained by the County, the Commonwealth, or other public agency, the developer shall have the right to record the remaining sections shown on the preliminary subdivision plat for a period of five years from the recordation date of any section, or for such longer period as Designated Agent may, at the approval, determine to be reasonable, taking into consideration the size and phasing of the proposed development subject to the terms and conditions of this Chapter of this Code and subject to engineering and construction standards and zoning requirements in effect at the time that each remaining section is recorded. If the governing body has accepted the dedication of a road for public use and such road due to factors other than its quality of construction is not acceptable into the secondary system of state highways, then the subdivider or developer shall be required to furnish the County with a maintenance and indemnifying bond, commercial or County, with surety satisfactory to the governing body, in an amount sufficient for and conditioned upon the maintenance of such road until such time as it is accepted into the secondary system of state highways. In lieu of such bond, the governing body may accept a bank or savings institution's irrevocable letter of credit on certain designated funds satisfactory to the governing body as to the bank or savings institution, the amount and the form or accept payment of a negotiated sum of money sufficient for and conditioned upon the maintenance of such road until such time as it is accepted into the secondary system of state highways and assume the subdivider's or developer's liability for maintenance of such

road. "Maintenance of such road" as used in this section means maintenance of the streets, curb, gutter, drainage facilities, utilities or other street improvements, including the correction of defects or damages and the removal of snow, water or debris, so as to keep such road reasonably open for public usage.

C. In the case of harvesting and reforestation of a tract of timber, if an easement for ingress and egress to and from the tract of timber is clearly designated on a plat showing such way, then the provisions of the foregoing paragraph of this section shall not apply provided that the final subdivision plat submitted for approval to the Designated Agent shall bear the notation, "The easement of way shown hereon is for ingress and egress for the purposes of harvesting and reforestation only, and shall not be considered to be a dedicated way and shall, upon the completion of harvesting and reforestation be deemed to be extinguished by operation of law."

D. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (B)(2) of this section, provided the developer and the governing body have agreed on the delineation of sections within a proposed development, the developer shall not be required to furnish to the governing body a certified check, cash escrow, bond or letter of credit in the amount of the estimated cost of construction of facilities to be dedicated for public use within each section of the development until such time as construction plans are submitted for the section in which such facilities are to be located.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(5\)](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2241.1](#).

Cross-reference: For state law as to Secondary System of State Highways, see [Va. Code §33.2-324 et seq.](#) For provisions regarding duration of approval of recorded subdivision plat or final site plan, see [§21-8.1](#) of this Code.

[Sec. 21-14.2. Recordation of plat as transfer of certain public utility easements to franchised cable television operators or public service corporations.](#)

In all subdivisions in which any franchised cable television operator shall furnish cable television or public service corporation shall furnish cable television, gas, telephone or electric service, or any of them, to the proposed subdivision, the recordation of an approved plat shall operate to transfer to such franchised cable television operator or public service corporation, such common or shared utility easements as are not located in public streets or alleys. Once a developer conveys an easement that will permit electric, cable or telephone service to be furnished to a subdivision, the developer shall, within thirty (30) days after written request by a cable television operator or telephone service provider, grant an easement to that cable television operator or telephone service provider for the purpose of providing cable television and communications services to that subdivision, which easement shall be geographically coextensive with the electric service easement, or if only a telephone or cable service easement has been granted, then geographically coextensive with that telephone or cable service easement; however, the developer and franchised cable television operator or telephone service provider may mutually agree on an alternate location for an easement. If the final subdivision plat is recorded and does not include a conveyance of a common or shared easement as provided herein, the Designated Agent shall not be responsible to enforce the requirements of this section.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(6\)](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#) and [§21-14](#) of this Code.

Editor's note. For case regarding certain easements dedicated to public use, etc., see [Burns v. Stafford](#).

Sec. 21-15. Periodic partial and final release of certain performance guarantees.

A. Within thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice by the subdivider or developer of completion of part or all of any public facilities required to be constructed hereunder the Board of Supervisors shall make a periodic partial or final complete release, as applicable, of any bond, escrow, letter of credit or other performance guarantee required under preceding sections of this Chapter of this Code, unless the Board of Supervisors or the Subdivision Agent, who is hereby designated to act on behalf of the Board of Supervisors for the purpose, notifies the subdivider or developer in writing of non-receipt of approval by the Virginia Department of Transportation, or other applicable state agency, or of any specified defects or deficiencies in construction and suggested corrective measures prior to the expiration of the thirty (30) day period. Any inspection of such public facilities shall be based solely upon conformance with the terms and conditions of the performance agreement and the approved design plan and specifications for the facilities for which the performance guarantee is applicable, and shall not include the approval of any person other than an employee of the Board of Supervisors, its administrative agency, the Virginia Department of Transportation or other political subdivision or a person who has contracted with the Board of Supervisors, its administrative agency, the Virginia Department of Transportation or other political subdivision.

B. If no such action is taken by the Board of Supervisors or the Subdivision Agent within the time specified above, the request shall be deemed approved, and a partial release granted to the subdivider or developer. No final release shall be granted until after expiration of such thirty (30) day period and there is an additional request in writing sent by certified mail, return receipt to the County Administrator. The Board of Supervisors or the Subdivision Agent shall act within ten (10) working days of receipt of the request; then if no action is taken, the request shall be deemed approved and final release granted to the subdivider or developer.

C. After receipt of the written notices required above, if the Board of Supervisors or Subdivision Agent takes no action within the times specified above and the subdivider or developer files suit in the local circuit court to obtain partial or final release of a bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee, as the case may be, the circuit court, upon finding the Board of Supervisors or its Subdivision Agent was without good cause in failing to act, shall award such subdivider or developer his reasonable costs and attorneys' fees.

D. The Board of Supervisors or Subdivision Agent shall not refuse to make a periodic partial or final release of a bond, escrow, letter of credit or other performance guarantee for any reason not directly related to the specified defects or deficiencies in construction of the public facilities covered by said bond, escrow, letter of credit or other performance guarantee.

E. Upon written request by the subdivider or developer, the Board of Supervisors or the Subdivision Agent shall be required to make periodic partial releases of such bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee in a cumulative amount equal to no less than ninety percent (90%) of the original amount for which the bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee was taken, and may make partial releases of such lower amounts as may be authorized by the Board of Supervisors or its Subdivision Agent based upon the percentage of public facilities completed and approved by the Board of Supervisors, Subdivision Agent or Virginia Department of Transportation or other state agency having jurisdiction. Periodic partial releases may not occur before the completion of at least thirty percent (30%) of the public facilities covered by any bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee. The Board of Supervisors or Subdivision Agent shall not be required to execute more than three (3) periodic partial releases in any twelve (12) month period. Upon final completion and acceptance of the public facilities, the Board of Supervisors or Subdivision Agent shall release any remaining bond, escrow, letter of credit, or other performance guarantee to the subdivider or developer. For the purpose of final release, the term “acceptance” means: when the public facility is accepted by and taken over for operation and maintenance by the state agency, local government department or agency or other public authority which is responsible for maintaining and operating such public facility upon acceptance.

F. For the purposes of this section, a certificate of partial or final completion of such public facilities from either a duly licensed professional engineer or land surveyor, as defined in and limited to [Va. Code §54.1-400](#), or from a department or agency designated by the Board of Supervisors may be accepted without requiring further inspection of such public facilities.

For state law mandate, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(11\)](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2245](#).

Division B. Other Requirements.

Sec. 21-16. Monuments.

Monuments shall be placed at no less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the total lot corners within a subdivision. Care and prudent judgment shall be exercised in deciding which corner shall receive monuments. Preference should be given to placing monuments on the beginning and end of curves along streets, and the major changes in direction of the exterior or interior lines of the subdivision. Where monuments are required they shall be a minimum of twenty-four (24) inches long and the exposed end shall be either circular, triangular or square and have a minimum surface area of sixteen (16) square inches. Monuments shall be made of concrete reinforced with a minimum of two (2) steel bars and with a two (2) inch minimum diameter aluminum brass cap with shank. The cap shall be permanently anchored in the concrete and shall be “center punched” with the accurate location of a lot corner. In lieu of a concrete monument a minimum twenty-four (24) inch long by three (3) inch diameter aluminum or brass capped metal post may be substituted. In lieu of the foregoing, monuments may be as specified in the Virginia Department of Transportation Road Designs and Standards Specification Rm-1. The final plat shall indicate the location of the monuments set. Monuments shall not be required on any plats approved by the

Agent. All monuments shall be flush with finished grade. Prior to the release of the bond as provided in [§21-15](#) of this Code, on-site inspection shall be made to insure compliance with the terms hereof.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(7\)](#).

Sec. 21-17. Plans and specifications for utility fixtures and systems to be submitted for approval.

If the owners of any subdivision desire to construct in, on, under or adjacent to any streets or alleys located in such subdivision any gas, water, sewer or electric light or power works, pipes, wires, fixtures or systems, they shall present plans or specifications therefor to the Director of Public Works or Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority, who are by this section designated for the purpose, for approval. The Director of Public Works, or the Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority, as the case may be, shall have forty-five (45) days in which to approve or disapprove the same. In the event of the failure of the Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority, or the Director of Public Works, to act within such period, such plans and specifications may be submitted *after ten (10) days' notice to the Board of Supervisors of Campbell County* to the Circuit Court for Campbell County for its approval or disapproval, and its approval thereof shall, for all purposes herein, be treated and considered as approval by the Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority or Director of Public Works.

For state law mandate, see [Va. Code §15.2-2269](#).

Cross references: For provisions regarding private and public utilities, see [Chapter 18](#) of this Code. For provisions regarding recordation of plat as effecting transfer of certain common or shared public utility easements to public service corporations furnishing service, see [§21-14.2](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-17.1. Requirements as to water, sewer and other facilities as condition precedent to approval of subdivision plat, or of alteration thereof.

A. Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, no original plat of subdivision, or alteration of any such plat, shall be approved unless it complies with the requirements and regulations set forth in this Code and/or in the duly adopted regulations and policies of the Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority (CCUSA) as to water, sewer and other facilities. Such requirements include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. The water source for the subdivision shall be an approved source of supply capable of furnishing the needs of the eventual inhabitants of such subdivision proposed to be served thereby; and
2. The size and nature of the water and sewer and other utility mains, pipes, conduits, connections, pumping stations or other facilities installed or to be installed in

connection with the proposed water or sewer systems comply with specifications set forth in this Code and/or in the duly adopted regulations and policies of the CCUSA; and

3. Where a public water or sewer system abuts or is adjacent to the proposed subdivision, the developer shall extend to such abutting or adjacent public water or sewer systems and connect such subdivision to such systems. Such extension of waterlines or sewerlines to the public system(s) shall be accomplished by the developer in accordance with the requirements and policies of CCUSA.

B. Compliance with the above requirements shall be a specific condition precedent to approval of an original plat of subdivision, or alteration thereof.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2121](#).

Sec. 21-17.2. Requirements regarding suitability for private sewage disposal system and/or private water source.

The Designated Agent shall not approve any subdivision where sanitary sewers are not provided, that are planned for residential or public uses requiring same, unless the County Health Department has issued a statement to the effect that the area contained in the subdivision is satisfactory for the installation of individual sewage systems or subsurface sewage disposal systems and that installation will not create hazards to the public health. For single lot divisions or lots of twenty (20) acres or more, the plat shall contain a note regarding the intended source of sewer service as required by [§21-31\(B\)](#) of this Code and the subdivider assumes responsibility for ensuring the proposed lot is suitable for the intended source.

The Designated Agent shall not approve any subdivision where a private well or private wells are to be the water source, that are planned for residential or public uses requiring same, unless the Designated Agent shall receive in writing from the County Health Department a statement that the proposed well location is approved and will not conflict with septic tanks and drain field locations and will not create hazards to public health. For single lot divisions or lots of twenty (20) acres or more, the plat shall contain a note regarding the intended source of water as required by [§21-31\(B\)](#) of this Code and the subdivider assumes responsibility for ensuring the proposed lot is suitable for the intended source.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at paragraph 2.

Sec. 21-17.3. Applicability of CCUSA system development fee to subdivision of property; review by CCUSA; fee to be paid prior to recordation of plat.

The subdivision of property into two or more lots, with any portion of the property adjacent to Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority (CCUSA) water or sewer lines, is subject to a system development fee (SDF), which shall be imposed in accordance with the duly adopted policy of CCUSA pursuant to the authority of [Va. Code §15.2-5114](#) at paragraph 10 and [Va. Code §15.2-5136](#). The SDF is applicable to each such lot and shall be in addition to the applicable availability

fee. Subdivision plats, with accompanying plans and specifications, shall be submitted to CCUSA and reviewed to determine applicability of the SDF. The CCUSA shall determine the applicable SDF and provide a statement of the amount of the applicable SDF to the owner/developer of any affected subdivision within thirty (30) days of all necessary plats, plans, and specifications being received by the CCUSA. The appropriate SDF shall be paid to CCUSA prior to the recordation of the plat of subdivision. For the purposes of this section, “lot” shall have the same meaning as set forth in [§21-2](#) of this Code, as may be amended from time to time, and “adjacent” shall mean “adjoining” or “next to.”

For state authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-5114](#) at paragraph 10 and [§15.2-5136](#).

Cross reference: For requirement that plans and specifications for utility fixtures and systems be submitted for approval by local governing body or its authorized agent, see [Va. Code §15.2-2269](#) and [§21-17](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-17.4. Connection to public sewer system required where subdivided tract abuts or adjoins public sewer system or main.

All buildings constructed on lots resulting from subdivision of a larger tract that abuts or adjoins a public sewer system or main shall be connected to that public sewer system or main, in accordance with the rules, regulations, and specifications adopted by the Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority (CCUSA) and in accordance with other provisions of this Code.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at paragraph 2 and [§15.2-2121](#).

Sec. 21-17.5. Standards for optional centralized on-site sewage treatment system in developments of ten or more dwelling units; exception for expansion of existing system.

In any development of ten (10) or more dwelling units for which the owner desires to construct a centralized on-site sewage treatment system, such on-site sewage treatment system shall be designed and constructed to the applicable standards of the Campbell County Utilities and Service Authority (CCUSA). Upon completion of construction, the property owner shall establish an appropriate mechanism to fund on-going operation, maintenance, required upgrades and complete system replacement as required for such centralized on-site sewage treatment system and such system shall be turned over to CCUSA for operation. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the expansion of an on-site sewage treatment system that was in existence on the date of adoption of this section.

Sec. 21-18. Flood control; erosion control; drainage, and soil characteristics.

The subdivider shall provide all necessary information needed to determine what improvements are necessary to properly develop the subject property, including contour intervals,

erosion control and drainage plans, flood control devices, information related to the failure of impounding structures and impacts within dam break inundation zones, and a survey identifying the characteristics of soils present, including, but not limited to, information regarding the presence and extent of potentially expansive soils (shrink-swell) within the area to be subdivided. The subdivider shall also provide plans for all such improvements together with a certified professional engineer's or land surveyor's statement that such improvements, when properly installed, will be adequate for proper development. The Erosion and Sediment Control Administrator shall then approve or disapprove the plans. The subdividers will also provide any other information required by the Erosion and Sediment Control Administrator. Reference is here specifically made to [§21-17](#) of this Code for further approval required by the Director of Public Works.

Land subject to one hundred (100) year flooding shall not be platted unless construction is in accordance with the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code nor for any uses as may increase danger to health, life or property, or aggravate erosion or flood hazard. Such land within the subdivision shall be set aside on the plat for such uses as shall not be endangered by periodic or occasional inundation and shall not produce conditions contrary to public welfare.

When property platted is within or touches upon a flood plain, the developer or subdivider shall so annotate and delineate the plat, noting:

1. This property falls within the one hundred (100) year flood plain preceding this; as shown on the current national flood insurance program firm Flood Insurance Rate Map published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency; or
2. This property falls partially within the one hundred (100) year flood plain as shown on the current national flood insurance program firm Flood Insurance Rate Map published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. [See [§21-31\(M\)](#) of this Code.]

For state law mandate, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(3\)](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2262](#).

Editor's note: Effective 1997 amendment, a subdivider is required to provide information as to soil characteristics, particularly the presence and extent of potentially expansive soil (shrink-swell), in the area to be subdivided. This information regarding soil characteristics will enable building officials to evaluate the need for construction modifications on the proposed site.

Cross-reference: As to maintenance responsibility for stormwater detention/retention facilities, see [§§8-13 et seq.](#) of this Code. For provisions requiring agreement for long-term maintenance responsibility for certain stormwater management facilities, see [§21-14\(A\)\(2\)](#) and [§21-31\(U\)](#) of this Code.

[Sec. 21-19. Payment by subdivider or developer of the pro rata share of the cost of certain off-site sewerage, water, and drainage facilities.](#)

A. A subdivider or developer of land must pay the pro rata share of the cost of providing reasonable and necessary sewerage, water, and drainage facilities, located outside the

property limits of the land owned or controlled by the subdivider or developer but necessitated or required, at least in part, by the construction or improvement of the subdivision or development; however, no such payment shall be required until such time as the Board of Supervisors has established a general sewer, water, and drainage improvement program for an area having related and common sewer, water, and drainage conditions and within which the land owned or controlled by the subdivider or developer is located or the County Board of Supervisors has committed itself by ordinance to the establishment of such a program. Such regulations or ordinance shall set forth and establish reasonable standards to determine the proportionate share of total estimated cost of ultimate sewerage, water, and drainage facilities required to adequately serve a related and common area, when and if fully developed in accord with the adopted comprehensive plan, that shall be borne by each subdivider or developer within the area. Such share shall be limited to the amount necessary to protect water quality based upon the pollutant loading caused by the subdivision or development or to the proportion of such total estimated cost which the increased sewage flow, water flow, and/or increased volume and the velocity of storm water run-off to be actually caused by the subdivision or development bears to total estimated volume and velocity of such sewage, water, and/or run-off from such area in its fully developed state. In calculating the pollutant loading caused by the subdivision or development or the volume and velocity of stormwater runoff, the County Board of Supervisors shall take into account the effect of all on-site stormwater facilities or best management practices constructed or required to be constructed by the subdivider or developer and give appropriate credit therefore.

B. When adequate water, sewerage, or drainage facilities are not available to serve a proposed subdivision or development, the subdivider or developer of the property may be permitted to install reasonable and necessary water, sewerage, and drainage facilities, located on or outside the property limits of the land owned or controlled by the subdivider or developer but necessitated or required, at least in part, by the utility needs of the development or subdivision, including reasonably anticipated capacity, extensions, or maintenance considerations of a utility service plan for the service area. Such subdivider or developer shall be entitled to reimbursement of a portion of its costs by any subsequent subdivider or developer that utilizes the installed water, sewerage or drainage facilities or from connection fees paid for lots within its development. The County may administer by ordinance and by adopted reasonable policies and procedures standards for installation of such water, sewerage, and drainage facilities and parameters for pro rata reimbursement or connection or capacity fee reimbursement.

C. Payment so required shall be made to the Treasurer of Campbell County and each such payment received shall be expended only for necessary engineering and related studies and the construction of those facilities identified in the established sewer, water, and drainage program; however in lieu of such payment the Board of Supervisors may provide for the posting of a personal, corporate or property bond, cash escrow or other method of performance guarantee satisfactory to it conditioned on payment at commencement of such studies or construction. The payments received shall be kept in a separate account for each of the individual improvement programs until such time as they are expended for the improvement program. All bonds, payments, cash escrows or other performance guarantees hereunder shall be released and used, with any interest earned, as a tax credit on the real estate taxes on the property if construction of the facilities identified in the established water, sewer and drainage programs is not commenced within twelve

years from the date of the posting of the bond, payment, cash escrow, or other performance guarantee.

D. Any funds collected for pro rata programs under subsections (A) and (B) of this section prior to July 1, 1990, shall continue to be held in separate, interest bearing accounts for the project or projects for which the funds were collected and any interest from such accounts shall continue to accrue to the benefit of the subdivider or developer until such time as the project or projects are completed or until such time as a general sewer and drainage improvement program is established to replace a prior sewer and drainage improvement program. If such a general improvement program is established, the Board of Supervisors may abolish any remaining separate accounts and require the transfer of the assets therein into a separate fund for the support of each of the established sewer, water, and drainage programs. Upon the transfer of such assets subdividers and developers who had met the terms of any existing agreements made under a previous pro rata program shall receive any outstanding interest which has accrued up to the date of transfer, and such subdividers and developers shall be released from any further obligation under those existing agreements. All bonds, payments, cash escrows or other performance guarantees hereunder shall be released and used, with any interest earned, as a tax credit on the real estate taxes on the property if construction of the facilities identified in the established water, sewer and drainage programs is not commenced within twelve years from the date of the posting of the bond, payment, cash escrow or other performance guarantee.

For state law mandate, see [Va. Code §15.2-2243](#).

Sec. 21-19.1. Payment by developer or subdivider.

A. If the Department of Conservation and Recreation determines that a plan of development proposed by a developer or subdivider is wholly or partially within a dam break inundation zone and would change the spillway design flood standards of an impounding structure pursuant to [Va. Code §10.1-606.3](#), prior to final approval of a subdivision or development by Campbell County, a developer or subdivider of land shall submit an engineering study in conformance with the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board's standards under the Virginia Dam Safety Act ([Va. Code §10.1-604 et seq.](#)) and the Virginia Impounding Structure Regulations ([4 Va. Admin. Code 50-20-10 et seq.](#)). The study shall provide a contract-ready cost estimate for conducting the upgrades. The Department of Conservation and Recreation shall verify that the study conforms to the Board's standards. Following receipt of a study, the Department shall have fifteen (15) days to determine whether the study is complete. The Department shall notify the developer or subdivider of any specific deficiencies that cause the study to be determined to be incomplete. Following a determination that a submission is complete, the Department shall notify the developer or subdivider of its approval or denial within forty-five (45) days. Any decision shall be communicated in writing and shall state the reasons for any disapproval.

B. Following the completion of the engineering studies in accordance with subsection A, and prior to any development within the dam break inundation zone, a developer or subdivider of land shall pay 50 percent (50%) of the contract-ready costs for necessary upgrades to an impounding structure attributable to the development or subdivision, together with administrative fees not to exceed one percent of the total amount of payment required by [Va. Code §15.2-2240](#)

[et seq.](#) or (\$1,000.00), whichever is less. Necessary upgrades shall not include costs associated with routine operation, maintenance, and repair, nor shall necessary upgrades include repairs or upgrades to the impounding structure not made necessary by the proposed development or subdivision.

C. Where a payment under subsection (B) is required, such payment shall be made by the developer or subdivider in accordance with the following provisions:

1. Campbell County may elect to receive such payment. Upon receipt, payments shall be kept in a separate account by the County for each individual improvement project until such time as they are expended for the improvement project; however, any funds not committed by the dam owner within six years of the time of deposit shall be refunded to the developer or subdivider. The County may issue an extension of up to an additional four years for the use of the funds if the dam owner shows that sufficient progress is being made to justify the extension and the extension is approved by the Virginia Soil and Water Conservation Board prior to the expiration of the six-year period. Should Campbell County be unable to locate the developer or subdivider following a period of 12 months and the exercise of due diligence, the funds shall be deposited in the Dam Safety, Flood Prevention and Protection Assistance Fund for the provision of grants and loans. Any locality maintaining an account in accordance with this section may charge an administrative fee, not to exceed one percent of the total amount of payment received or [Va. Code §15.2-2240 et seq.](#) or one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), whichever is less.

2. If Campbell County elects not to receive such payment, any payments shall be made to the Dam Safety, Flood Prevention and Protection Assistance Fund pursuant to [Va. Code §10.1-603.19:1](#). The funds shall be held by the Virginia Resources Authority for each improvement project until such time as they are expended for the improvement project; however, any funds not committed by the dam owner within six years of the time of deposit shall be refunded to the developer or subdivider. The Board may issue an extension of up to an additional four years for the use of the funds if the dam owner shows that sufficient progress is being made. Should the Department of Conservation and Recreation be unable to locate the developer or subdivider following a period of 12 months and the exercise of due diligence, the funds shall be deposited in the Dam Safety, Flood Prevention and Protection Assistance Fund for the provision of grants and loans. The Virginia Resources Authority shall not have any liability for the completion of any project associated with the moneys they manage in the Dam Safety, Flood Prevention and Protection Assistance Fund.

D. Campbell County shall not be required to assume financial responsibility for upgrades except as an owner of an impounding structure.

E. The owner of the impounding structure shall retain all liability associated with upgrades in accordance with [Va. Code §10.1-613.4](#).

For state law mandate, see [Va. Code §15.2-2243.1](#).

Sec. 21-20. Lot size and location.

In compliance with the Zoning Ordinance enacted in Campbell County, with respect to lot size and setback, all lots in any subdivision shall be arranged in such fashion as to maximize access to such lots by police and fire and other emergency vehicles, to provide adequate light and air, and so as to minimize traffic congestion and better promote the public health, safety and welfare. The minimum lot sizes required under this Subdivision Ordinance shall be those minimum lot sizes required in each zoning classification district, unless a specific exception is prescribed for a particular zoning district.

Greater lot areas may be required when individual septic tanks or individual wells are used, if the Health Department determines that there are factors of drainage, soil condition or other conditions to cause potential health problems. The Designated Agent may require that data from appropriate tests be submitted as a basis for passing upon subdivisions dependent upon individual sewage systems as the means of sewage disposal, all subject to the requirements set forth by the State Department of Health.

In the event of conflict between the minimum lot sizes herein set forth and any other statute, ordinance, rule, or regulation of any state or local governmental body or political subdivision thereof, the most restrictive minimum lot size requirement shall apply.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#) and [§15.2-2283](#). For state law mandating last paragraph herein, see [Va. Code §15.2-2315](#).

Cross reference: For provisions regarding private and public utilities, see [Chapter 18](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-21. Blocks and length.

The recommended maximum length of blocks shall be one thousand two hundred (1,200) feet. Exceptions may be permitted by the Designated Agent in writing giving the reasons therefor, and these reasons shall be made a part of the permanent application record.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2280](#).

Division C. Minor Subdivisions.

Sec. 21-22. Non-family minor subdivisions.

The agent shall be vested with the authority to, and shall, approve and permit the separation of up to five (5) parcels from a tract of land if no new streets as required to be established under [§21-11](#) and/or [§21-12](#) and [§21-13](#) hereof, are required to serve the parcels, the lot size is standard under the criteria established for each respective zoning district by [Chapter 22](#) of this Code, the required certifications have been approved by the appropriate agent(s) for the separation of more

than one (1) parcel, and the plat conforms to the requirements of Article V hereof. This procedure may be followed only once for any tract of land within a one (1) year period.

Sec. 21-23. Family divisions.

The Subdivision Agent shall be vested with the authority to, and shall, approve and permit the separation of a lot or parcel from a tract of land for the purpose of sale or gift to a member of the immediate family of the property owner, including the family member's spouse, provided that that, in the case of lots of less than five acres, such lots shall have reasonable right-of-way of not less than ten (10) feet or more than twenty (20) feet providing ingress and egress to a dedicated recorded public street or thoroughfare. However, in all cases, the lot size shall be standard under the criteria established for each respective zoning district by [Chapter 22](#) of this Code unless a specific exception is prescribed for a particular zoning district, and the plat shall meet the requirements of [Article V](#) of this Chapter. Only one such division shall be allowed per family member as herein defined, and shall not be for the purpose of circumventing this subdivision ordinance. For the purpose of this section only, a member of the immediate family is defined as any person who is the natural or legally defined offspring, stepchild, spouse, sibling, grandchild, grandparent, parent, aunt, uncle, niece, or nephew of the owner.

For state law mandate, see [Va. Code §15.2-2244](#).
See also [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(10\)](#).

Sec. 21-23.1. VDOT Approval of Minor Divisions.

The Subdivision Agent shall not require the review and approval of the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) of any plat for a minor division under Division C of this Chapter of this Code unless new streets are required to be established to serve the newly created parcels under the terms of [§21-11](#) and/or [§21-12](#) and [§21-13](#) of this Code.

Division D. Street, Road, and Alley Names.

Sec. 21-24. Approval of names of streets, roads, and alleys required; renaming; effect thereof.

Names of streets, roads, and alleys shall be subject to final approval by the Subdivision Agent, who shall notify the Planning Commission of such designations. No names shall be used which duplicate or which are likely to be confused with names of existing streets, roads, or alleys. Such signs shall be installed at the developer's expense and shall conform to the standards provided by the Virginia Department of Transportation with regard to the type of lettering and posts to which the signs are affixed and to such other requirements as may be prescribed in Chapter 5, §5-14 through §5-22 and Appendices of this Code. To avoid duplication, a list of proposed street, road, and alley names shall be prepared by the developer and submitted to the Agent for review and coordination prior to the preparation of a plat for final submission. Approved street, road, alley, etc. names must be shown on each development plan or subdivision plat.

The renaming of any street, road, or alley shall be subject to final approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with the provisions of [§5-19\(D\)](#) of this Code. Renaming streets, roads, and alleys on site plans or subdivision plats previously recorded and filed in a circuit court clerk's office shall not cause vacation of such site plans or subdivision plats. The locality may forward a certified copy of the action effecting such name change to the clerk of the circuit court in which the site plan or subdivision plat is recorded or filed. Upon receipt, the clerk shall (i) file the certified copy and note the name change on the site plan or subdivision plat affected or (ii) record the certified copy.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2019](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(2\)](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2000\(A\)](#).

Editor's note: For current detailed provisions regulating street naming, signing, and structure numbering, see Article III of [Chapter 5](#) of this Code, with particular attention to [§5-18 et seq.](#)

[Sec. 21-25. Reserved.](#)

**Article IV. Special Requirements for Commercial,
Industrial and Multi-Family Divisions.**

[Sec. 21-26. Special requirements for commercial, industrial and multi-family divisions.](#)

A. Plat Required. Prior to the subdivision of any land for commercial, industrial, or multi-family development, subject to the Virginia Condominium Act, a plat shall be submitted to and approved by the Designated Agent. The plat shall meet all the requirements of any other provisions of this Chapter for plats and, in addition, shall meet the hereinafter provided special requirements.

B. Streets and Access. All streets within a development subject to this Article shall meet the following requirements:

1. The plat or site plan shall show all present or future intended means of ingress and egress to and from each lot in the development, together with all streets connecting the development to the primary system of state highways or the secondary system of state highways. When requested by VDOT or the Designated Agent, the developer will be required to provide present and anticipated traffic data and the Designated Agent must be satisfied that the proposed development is served by sufficient streets so as to give each lot or building adequate access and at the same time protect the public health, safety and welfare by avoiding undue congestion on surrounding streets.

2. All streets within a development subject to this Article are required to be constructed to VDOT standards and accepted into the secondary system of state highways unless such streets are of a type not eligible for acceptance, in which case the Designated Agent may approve privately maintained streets within the development. Such streets shall

be clearly marked on the plat with all notations regarding maintenance required by [§21-31\(S\)](#) of this Code. Privately maintained streets shall be designed and constructed according to the then current VDOT requirements and specifications including, but not limited to, traffic circulation patterns, street pavement dimensions, sidewalks, curbs and gutters (if provided) and curb cuts as evidenced by a certification from the licensed engineer preparing the plans. Any deviation from VDOT requirements and specifications must be approved by the Designated Agent prior to final plat approval.

C. Utilities and Drainage.

1. All buildings requiring utilities shall be connected to water and sewerage systems approved by the Health Department and/or Campbell County Utilities & Service Authority. The plat or site plan shall show all present and proposed or intended sources of water and sewer for each lot. The intended water and sewer sources shall be adequate to ensure the public health, safety and welfare.

2. The site storm drainage system shall be discharged directly into an adequate natural or manmade receiving channel, pipe or storm sewer system. On-site detention and retention of stormwater is encouraged provided that it is in compliance with the requirements of the Code of Virginia and the Virginia Stormwater Management Handbook and The Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook.

D. Preservation and maintenance of common areas in townhouse or condominium developments. In the event that a townhouse or condominium development includes plans for designated common areas, the subdivision plat and all approved deeds of subdivision, or similar instruments, when presented for final approval, shall contain the following statement, attested to by the owner of each unit:

“The undersigned understand(s) that all common areas shall be preserved for their intended purpose as expressed in the approved subdivision plat or condominium documents. The responsibility of preservation and maintenance shall be placed in the ownership and control of a not-for-profit association capable of providing adequate maintenance, administration and operation of said land and improvements, and the association shall secure adequate liability insurance on the common areas.”

Witness the following signature the (Date) day of (Month), (Year), signed (Owner’s signature), (Print Name).

All common areas shall be preserved for their intended purpose as expressed in the approved subdivision plat or condominium documents. The preservation and maintenance of all common areas within the townhouse or condominium development shall be in accordance with the following requirements:

1. All deeds shall include appropriate restrictions to ensure that common areas are permanently preserved according to the subdivision plat or condominium documents.

The deed restrictions shall run with the land and be for the benefit of present as well as future property owners and shall contain a prohibition against partition. All deeds shall ensure the ability of the not-for-profit association, corporation, trust or foundation, to enforce appropriate proportionate maintenance fees against each unit by placement of a lien thereon which may be foreclosed in the event of default in payment.

2. All common areas shall be specifically included in the development schedule and be constructed and fully improved by the developer or declarant.

3. All common areas shall be placed in the ownership and control of a not-for-profit association capable of providing adequate maintenance.

4. The developer or declarant shall establish a not-for-profit association, corporation, trust or foundation of all individuals or corporations owning property within the townhouse or condominium development to insure the maintenance of common areas. Said organization shall conform to the following requirements:

- i. The developer or declarant must establish the organization prior to the sale of any lot or property and shall relinquish control of said organization when three-fourths of the units are sold and when voted upon by the membership of the organization, in the case of townhouses or in accordance with the Condominium Declaration and the Virginia Condominium Act in the case of condominiums.
- ii. Membership in the organization shall be mandatory for all property owners, present and future, within the townhouse or condominium development, and the organization shall not discriminate in its members or shareholders.
- iii. The organization shall manage all common areas within the townhouse or condominium development, shall provide for the maintenance, administration and operation of said land and improvements and shall secure adequate liability insurance on the common areas.
- iv. Notwithstanding anything in this Chapter to the contrary, the organization, in the case of condominiums, shall conform to the Virginia Condominium Act, found in [Va. Code §55.1-1900 et seq.](#)

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(3\) & \(A\)\(4\)](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at provision 2. See also [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#), [Va. Code §33.2-310](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2027](#), [Va. Code §33.2-324](#), and [Va. Code §55.1-1905](#).

Cross-reference: For provisions regarding requirements for utility fixtures/systems, requirements as to water, sewer and other facilities as condition precedent to approval of subdivision plat, and other requirements regarding connection to public water or sewer system, see [§21-17 et seq.](#) of this Code, and also Chapter 18 of this Code. For state law provisions regarding Primary System of State Highways or State Highway System, see [Va. Code §33.2-310 et seq.](#) For state law provision as to Secondary System of State Highways, see [Va. Code §33.2-324 et seq.](#) For current detailed provisions regulating street naming, signing, and structure numbering, see Article III of [Chapter 5](#) of this Code, with particular attention to [§5-18](#) and [§5-19](#), and the Appendices at the end of [Chapter 5](#) of this Code; see also [§21-24](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-27. Reserved.

Sec. 21-28. Reserved.

Article V. Requisites for Plat.

Sec. 21-29. Plat to be prepared by certified professional engineer or land surveyor.

Every subdivision plat which is intended for recording shall be prepared by a certified professional engineer, or land surveyor, as defined in Chapter 4 of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia, who shall endorse upon each plat a certificate signed by him setting forth the source of title of the owner of the land subdivided and the place of record of the last instrument in the chain of title. When the plat is of land acquired from more than one source of title, the outlines of the several tracts shall be indicated on the plat. However, nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit the preparation of preliminary studies, plans, or plats of a proposed subdivision by the owner of the land, city planners, land planners, architects, landscape architects, or others having training or experience in subdivision planning or design. (See [§21-31\(E\)](#) of this Code.)

For state law mandate, see [Va. Code §15.2-2262](#).

Sec. 21-30. General requirements of plats.

It is the preference of the Designated Agent that to the greatest extent practicable, all preliminary or draft plats shall be at a scale of not less than one (1) inch equal two hundred (200) feet and shall be on one sheet if possible. The plat should include the elements of a final plat as listed in [§21-31](#) of this Code where it is practical to do so. The Designated Agent may request resubmittal of a preliminary or draft plat if it is determined the original submission lacks sufficient detail for review.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(1\)](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2258](#), and [Va. Code §15.2-2260](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at provision 2.

Editor's note: For current provisions of this Code regulating street naming, signing, and structure numbering, see Article III of [Chapter 5](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-31. Requirements of final plats.

All plats submitted for final approval shall comply with the terms of the Virginia Public Records Act which is found at [Va. Code §42.1-76 et seq.](#), and such regulations as may be promulgated from time to time under authority of the aforesaid Virginia Public Records Act.

The final subdivision plat shall be prepared in ink on an approved durable tracing medium at a scale of no smaller than one (1) inch equals two hundred (200) feet or such larger scale as the Designated Agent may require. The plat shall be presented for final approval in sizes no smaller than 8 1/2" x 11" nor larger than 18" x 24," except that the provisions of the Virginia Public Records Act as to size of plats shall specifically supersede this size requirement when said provisions are made. The background quality for paper shall be uniformly white, smooth in finish, unglazed, and free of visible watermarks or background logos. The color of the original inscription shall be black and be solid, uniform, dense, sharp and unglazed. Signature shall be in dark blue or black ink. When more than one sheet is required, all sheets shall be numbered and of the same size, with match marks to guide preparation of composite maps, and an index map on a sheet of the same size as the sectional map shall be filed, which shall show, among other things, sectional map numbers, all lot and block numbers, and street names. In addition, a small scale location map showing the property shall be required, of the same type required by subparagraph (i) of [§21-30](#) of this Code. The final plat shall show the following data, and shall be completed and processed as indicated:

- A. Subdivision name, date plat was prepared, graphic scale and north arrow.
- B. Signature and seal of a land surveyor or certified professional engineer, if incident to the practice of engineering, licensed under the provisions for Chapter 4 of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia setting forth the location of all existing stormwater best management practices and drainage easements, if any; a statement with respect to the source and availability of intended water and sewer supply and type of treatment (private, public utility or septic tank).
- C. All linear and angular dimensions for locating boundaries of the subdivision, lots, streets, alleys and public and private easements. Linear dimensions shall be expressed in feet and hundredths of a foot. Angular measurements shall be expressed by bearings. All curve data shall be expressed on the face of the plat, each curve being tabulated and numbered to correspond with the respective curves shown throughout the plat. Dimensions, both linear and angular, shall be determined by an accurate control survey in the field which shall be checked for closure and must balance and close within one (1) foot to ten thousand (10,000) feet. Engineered plans shall be provided on all new streets and underground utilities as required by the Designated Agent. The Designated Agent may require such office and field checks as are necessary to assure the accuracy of the plat.

D. Description and location of all monuments.

E. The boundary of the property being subdivided, names of all proposed streets and boundaries of all property within the subdivision intended to be dedicated to public use. In re-subdivisions of existing recorded lots, existing lot lines shall be shown by dotted lines and re-subdivisions by full lines. The map book or deed book and page number of last instrument in the chain of title to the property being subdivided shall be specified in the certificate of the certified professional engineer or land surveyor as required by [§21-29](#) of this Code.

F. Exact lengths and bearings of boundary lines of blocks, public grounds, streets, alleys and existing locations of all easements.

F1. When any grave, object or structure marking a place of burial is located on the land subdivided, such grave, object or structure shall be identified on the plat.

G. Exact widths of all easements, streets and alleys.

H. Angles of departure of adjoining property, street and alley lines, with names of abutting recorded subdivisions. Unsubdivided abutting acreage property shall be designated by the names of owners with deed book and page number references.

I. Widths and names of abutting or adjoining roads, streets and alleys.

J. Tie of lot to exterior boundary of existing tract, or a corner with an adjoining land owner of existing tract. The first priority will be a bearing and distance tie to closest corner of adjoining or existing tract. When this is not possible or practical a distance tie preferably along right-of-way will be accepted.

K. Exact length and bearing of all lot lines, provided that where lines of any rectangular tier of lots are parallel, it shall be sufficient to mark the bearings of the outer lines thereof.

L. Designations of sections, blocks and lots shall be shown on all finished plats in the following manner:

1. If the final plat consists of one section of a proposed larger subdivision, then the section numbers shall run consecutively throughout the several sections of the entire subdivision and each section shall be designated by a number.

2. Blocks shall run consecutively throughout each section and each block shall be designated by a number.

3. Lots shall run consecutively throughout each block and shall be designated by a number.

4. Lot numbers shall be placed at the rear property line and the street name shall be placed parallel to the front lot lines, and house numbers as required by the U. S. Post Office and coordinated by the Agent's office shall be put on the plat.

M. All plats of property abutting on or containing any natural or artificial bodies of water shall show the high water lines and the current one hundred (100) year flood plain as shown on the National Flood Insurance Program Rate Map (FIRM) published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and where such lines are intersected by lot and block lines, and shall contain the appropriate annotation required by [§21-18](#) of this Code. When any part of the land subdivided lies in a drainage district, such fact shall be set forth on the plat of the proposed subdivision. When any part of the land proposed for subdivision lies in a mapped dam break inundation zone such fact shall be set forth on the plat of the proposed subdivision.

N. A place shall be prepared to receive the signature and seal of the Clerk of the Circuit Court as follows:

“This map was recorded in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Campbell County, Virginia, on the (Day) day of (Month), (Year). This map was received and admitted to record in Plat Cabinet at Page .

Teste (Signature) .”

O. All signatures shall be in durable dark blue or black ink.

P. Signature lines shall be provided as needed for approving authorities for the Health Department, Campbell County Utilities & Service Authority, Erosion and Sediment Control Administrator, and Subdivision Agent. A signature line for the Department of Transportation shall only be required if new streets are required to be dedicated, or if the approval of the Department of Transportation is otherwise required pursuant to law or any other provision of this Code.

Q. Owner's Statement:

Every plat or deed of dedication to which the plat is attached, shall contain, in addition to the professional engineer's or land surveyor's certificate, the following statements in the general form shown, signed by the owner(s), proprietor(s), and trustees, if any, and duly acknowledged before an officer authorized to take acknowledgment of deeds.

1. The platting or dedication of the following described land (Name of subdivision) is with the free consent and in accordance with the desires of the undersigned owners, proprietors, and trustees, if any. The owners certify that they are the fee simple owners of said land and are legally entitled to subdivide the same. With the exception of temporary construction easements and common or shared public utility easements as contemplated by [§21-14.2](#) of this Code, and in accordance with the provisions of [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#), the undersigned acknowledge that the act of approval of the Designated Agent and recordation of this plat shall operate to transfer, in fee simple, to Campbell County such portion of the premises platted as is on this plat set apart for streets,

alleys or other public use and transfer to Campbell County any easement indicated on this plat to create a public right of passage over the land and shall operate to transfer to Campbell County, or to such association or public authority as the County may provide, such easements shown on the plat for the conveyance of stormwater, domestic water and sewage, including the installation and maintenance of any facilities utilized for such purposes, as the County may require. When the Designated Agent approves in accordance with this Chapter of this Code a plat or replat of land, then upon the recordation of the plat or replat in the Clerk's Office of Campbell County all rights-of-way, easements or other interests of the County in the land included on the plat or replat, except as shown thereon, shall be terminated and extinguished, except that an interest acquired by Campbell County by condemnation, by purchase for valuable consideration and evidenced by separate instrument of record, or streets, alleys and easements for public passage subject to the provisions of [Va. Code §15.2-2270](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2271](#) or [Va. Code §15.2-2272](#) shall not be affected thereby.

2. Witness the following signatures this (Date) day of (Month), (Year).

Signed (Owner's Signature).

R. The developer of any new division of land, other than single lot and family divisions in accordance with the provisions of [§21-22](#) and [§21-23](#) hereof, which involves the development of streets, if the land subdivided lies within a street lighting district, shall submit a street lighting plan to be made a part of the final subdivision plat which is submitted for approval to the Designated Agent.

S. In the event that streets in a subdivision will not be constructed to meet the standards necessary for inclusion in the secondary system of state highways or for state street maintenance moneys paid to municipalities, the subdivision plat and all approved deeds of subdivision, or similar instruments, when presented for final approval, shall contain the following statement, attested to by the owner of each lot:

“The undersigned understand(s) that the streets in the subdivision do not meet state standards and will not be maintained by the Department of Transportation or Campbell County and are not eligible for rural addition funds or any other funds appropriated by the General Assembly and allocated by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. The undersigned certify (certifies) that in the event streets dedicated on this plat are to be constructed to current standards of the State Department of Transportation, all cost of the improvements shall be at the owner of record's cost, and no public funds shall be used to construct such streets. The undersigned further understand(s) that no services provided by the County and State regarding streets constructed to Department of Transportation standards will be provided to such lots.”

Witness the following signature the (Date) day of (Month), (Year), signed (Owner's signature), (Print Name).

T. For plats showing timber easements, see [§21-14.1\(C\)](#) of this Code.

U. All plats of property containing stormwater best management practices, drainage easements, or other stormwater infrastructure required by [Chapter 8](#) of this Code and for which a long-term maintenance agreement is required by [§8-16](#) of this Code shall set forth the location of such existing stormwater best management practices and infrastructure. In addition, the plat shall include the following statement in the general form shown, signed by the owner(s)/developer(s) and trustees, if any, and duly acknowledged before an officer authorized to take acknowledgements for deeds:

“The Stormwater Management Agreement, executed on the ____ day of (month), (year), by and between _____ (owner(s)/developer(s)), and the Board of Supervisors of Campbell County, Virginia, and recorded at Instrument Number _____ among the land records of Campbell County, prescribing the owner’s/developer’s responsibility for long-term maintenance of a stormwater detention or retention basin or facility on the property platted, shall constitute a covenant running with the land and shall be binding on the owner/developer, its administrators, executors, assigns, heirs, and any other successors in interest.

“Witness the following signature(s) this ____ day of (month), (year), signed (owner/developer signature(s)).”

V. For plats involving property in more than one locality, the boundary line separating the localities shall be clearly marked, and the acreage contained in each jurisdiction shall be noted on the plat for each lot divided.

For state law authority for this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2242](#) at provision 3, [Va. Code §15.2-2262](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2264](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#); see also [Va. Code §15.2-2258](#), [Va. Code §15.2-1200](#), [Va. Code §15.2-1201](#), and [Va. Code §15.2-2404 et seq.](#)

Cross-reference: See [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#), (the statutory basis for paragraph (Q-1) of this section), as to statutory limitation on certain public dedications such that “Nothing in this section shall obligate the locality, association or authority to install or maintain such facilities *unless otherwise agreed to by the locality, association or authority.*” For provisions regarding relocation of certain public easements by recordation of plat or replat signed by the owner of the real property, approved by an authorized official of the County, see [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#) and [§21-14](#) of this Code.

In Re: long-term maintenance of stormwater management facilities required by Chapter 8 of this Code: For long-term maintenance requirements, responsibility for operation and maintenance of such facilities, and requirement of legally-binding agreement between owner/developer and County regarding long-term responsibility of owner/developer and providing that such agreement shall constitute covenant running with the land, see [Chapter 8, Article III](#) of this Code. See also [§21-14](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-32. Single lot division plats.

A. Plats of single lot divisions permitted pursuant to the provisions of [§21-22](#) and [§21-23](#) of this Code shall be required to conform only to the following:

1. The requirements of [§21-31](#) of this Code as to scale, plat size, and tracing medium must be satisfied.

2. The certified professional engineer's or land surveyor's certification as to source of title and place of recordation of last instrument in the chain of title as required by [§21-29](#) of this Code must be satisfied.

3. The plat must contain a description and location of all monuments.

4. The plat must contain the name of abutting recorded subdivision and names of owners of the subject property and of abutting unsubdivided acreage, with reference to last instrument in the chain of title given, and tax map identification numbers of the subject property and of all adjoining property.

5. The plat must contain a land surveyor's or certified professional engineer's signature and seal as required by [§21-31](#) and the owner's certificate required by that section shall be required.

6. When any part of the land proposed for subdivision lies in a drainage district, such fact shall be set forth on the plat of the proposed subdivision.

6A. When any part of the land proposed for subdivision lies in a mapped dam break inundation zone such fact shall be set forth on the plat of the proposed subdivision.

7. When any grave, object or structure marking a place of burial is located on the land proposed for subdivision, such grave, object or structure shall be identified on any plat of the proposed subdivision.

8. When any part of the land proposed for subdivision abuts on or contains any natural or artificial bodies of water the plat shall: (i) show the high water lines and the current one hundred (100) year flood plain as shown on the National Flood Insurance Program Rate Map (FIRM) published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, (ii) show where such lines are intersected by lot and block lines, and (iii) include the appropriate annotation required by [§21-18](#) of this Code.

9. When the land involved lies wholly or partly within an area subject to the joint control of more than one locality, the plat shall be submitted to the Designated Agent of the locality in which the tract of land is located.

B. When more than two (2) parcels have been or are proposed to be separated from a single larger parcel the platting requirements of [§21-31](#) hereof shall apply.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(10\)](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2244](#), and [Va. Code §15.2-2262](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2258](#).

Article VI. Street Light District.

Sec. 21-33. Purpose.

This Article is adopted for the stated purpose of providing street lights for the public roads and private subdivision streets located in certain urbanized areas of the County of Campbell and for the assessment and collection of the costs incurred in installing and operating these street lights, which are to be paid by the owners of abutting property, other than rescue and fire units, whose property receive the peculiar benefits resulting from these street light improvements. The Board of Supervisors of Campbell County has enacted this Article for the creation of street lighting districts within the County of Campbell for the purpose of securing and promoting the health, safety and general welfare of the inhabitants of Campbell County.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2404 et seq.](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2400 et seq.](#) See also [Va. Code §15.2-1200](#), and [Va. Code §15.2-2020](#) re authority of County to install and maintain street lights at County expense.

Sec. 21-34. Designated street lighting districts.

The Board of Supervisors may by ordinance designate street lighting districts or may by ordinance create service district(s) to provide street lighting in a particular area of the County. In either case, such designated area shall be fully described in such ordinance in conformity with the requirements specified in [Va. Code §15.2-2402](#). In addition, the districts will be described by maps and other distinguishable landmarks, such as roads, etc. The map of each district will be kept in a notebook maintained by the County Administrator and designated as the Street Light District Map.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2404 et seq.](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2400 et seq.](#)

Sec. 21-35. Plan for development of street lights.

The County Board of Supervisors will in conjunction with the County Planning Commission and the applicable power company determine the appropriate placement and intensity of street lights to be placed within the designated street light districts, the result of which will be a street light district plan. The goal of the County is to provide adequate illumination for intersections and streets with the projected standard being a street light located every three hundred (300) to four hundred (400) feet.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2404](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-1200](#).

Sec. 21-36. Authorization of improvements by Board; voluntary petitions; notice required prior to authorizing improvements.

A. Installation of street lights may be ordered by the Board of Supervisors and the cost thereof apportioned in pursuance of an agreement between the Board of Supervisors and the abutting landowners.

B. In the absence of such an agreement, the improvements may be ordered by the Board and the cost of such improvement defrayed in whole by the local assessment authorized by this article:

1. Upon a petition representing at least ten (10) property owners (husband and wife are counted as one) and representing not less than sixty percent (60%) of the landowners to be affected by such improvements; or

2. Upon a petition of at least sixty percent (60%) of the property owners within a subdivision, such that the local assessment shall be imposed by the Board upon all property owners within the subdivision who benefit from the installation of street lights; or

3. Upon a two-thirds (2/3) vote of all the members elected to the Board of Supervisors.

C. Upon receipt of any such petition, the Board will direct appropriate County officers and staff to review the petition and make a report to the Board which reflects the findings.

D. The Board of Supervisors shall hold a public hearing prior to authorizing such improvements. Notice of such hearing shall be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the County of Campbell once a week for three (3) successive weeks, with the last publication being made at least ten (10) days before the public hearing. Notice shall be given to the abutting landowners, notifying them when and where they may appear before the Board of Supervisors to be heard in favor of or against such improvements.

E. The taxes or assessments imposed under this article shall not be in excess of the peculiar benefits resulting from the improvements to such property owners. When the assessment or apportionment of cost of the improvements is not fixed by agreement, notice of such assessment or apportionment shall be provided to each of the abutting property owners in accordance with [§21-40](#) of this Code.

F. Any street lighting district designated or service district created under this article shall be designated as such by a name referring to the area or community so served.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2405](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2404](#), [Va. Code §15.2-2400](#), and [Va. Code §15.2-2413](#) at the third paragraph.

Sec. 21-37. Assessment and apportionment of costs.

The costs of the initial installation of street lights and the costs of repair and maintenance and operation shall be assessed to each property owner, other than rescue and fire units, in such a manner that the assessment shall not be in excess of the peculiar benefits resulting from the improvements to the abutting property owners. Such taxes or assessments shall include the legal, financial or other directly attributable costs incurred by the County in creating the district and financing the payment of the improvements. The standard for assessment of this Street Light Ordinance is road frontage and each property owner will be assessed based on the number of front feet he has abutting a public road or alley or other thoroughfare which is served by street lights.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2404](#). See also the third paragraph in [Va. Code §15.2-2413](#).

Sec. 21-37.1. Payment of initial installation costs by subdivider or developer.

The developer of any new division of land, other than single lot and family divisions in accordance with the provisions of [§21-22](#) and [§21-23](#) hereof, which involves the development of streets, shall install, according to standards and regulations established by the County in cooperation with the public utilities serving said land, street lights. The street lights and the accompanying poles, guys and lines shall be installed at the expense of the developer. In lieu thereof, the developer may submit a performance bond or letter of credit satisfactory to the County insuring the completion of these requirements within a reasonable period of time to be determined by the Planning Commission. In the event that the subdivider installs underground utilities, he will be obligated and required to install the appropriate poles for installation of street lights. All street lights and other equipment installed hereunder shall be of a type approved in accordance with the foregoing regulations.

For state authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(4\)](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2269](#).

Sec. 21-38. Annual assessment.

It shall be the responsibility of the Board of Supervisors to annually apportion the costs of the operation and maintenance of the street lighting system among the property owners and it is the intention of the Board of Supervisors that the cost of installation, operation and maintenance of the street lighting system be assessed against the abutting property owners to the extent of one hundred percent (100%) of the total of actual costs.

Such taxes or assessments shall include the legal, financial, or other directly attributable costs incurred by the County in creating the district and financing the payment of the

improvements; however, the taxes or assessments shall not be in excess of the peculiar benefits resulting from the improvements to such abutting property owners.

For state law basis, see [Va. Code §15.2-2404](#), [§15.2-2406](#) and the third paragraph in [Va. Code §15.2-2413](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2020](#).

Sec. 21-39. Collection of assessments.

Annually, the Board of Supervisors of Campbell County or its Agent shall report to the Treasurer of Campbell County the amount assessed against each landowner, or for which he is liable by agreement, and the Treasurer of the County shall enter the same assessment on the individual tax bills in a like manner as provided for other taxes and proceed to collect the street light assessments as he does other taxes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the actual costs of installing, maintaining, and operating such street lights may be charged to and collected from each landowner as a separate component of the County's billing system for any public utility.

For state law basis, see [Va. Code §15.2-2407](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2413](#).

Sec. 21-40. Notice to landowners of amount of assessment.

When the assessment or apportionment is not fixed by agreement, notice thereof, and of the amount so assessed or apportioned for the upcoming year, shall be given annually to each of the abutting owners, who shall be cited to appear before the Board of Supervisors, not less than ten (10) days thereafter, at the time and place designated, to show cause, if he can, against such assessment or apportionment.

The notice may be given by personal service on all persons entitled to such notice, except (i) notice to an infant, a mentally incapacitated person or other person under a disability may be served on his guardian, conservator, or committee; (ii) notice to a nonresident may be mailed to him at his place of residence or served on any agent of his having charge of the property or on the tenant of the property; or (iii) in any case when the owner is a nonresident or when the owner's residence is not known, such notice may be given by publication in a newspaper having general circulation in Campbell County once a week for four (4) successive weeks. *In lieu of such personal service on the parties or their agents and of such publication*, the notice to all parties may be given by publishing the same in a newspaper having general circulation in Campbell County, once a week for two (2) successive weeks; the second publication shall be made at least seven (7) days before the parties are cited to appear.

Any landowner wishing to make objections to such assessment or apportionment may appear in person or by counsel and state such objections.

For state law basis, see [Va. Code §15.2-2408](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2409](#).

Sec. 21-41. Postponement of payment.

It being the desire of the Campbell County Board of Supervisors not to unduly burden citizens of the County that are elderly or permanently and totally disabled, the Board does hereby make provision for postponement of payment of said assessments, subject to the conditions set forth in [Va. Code §58.1-3211](#) as in effect on December 31, 2010, for such qualified elderly or permanently and totally disabled persons until the sale of the property or the death of the last eligible owner. The Treasurer of Campbell County shall enter those assessments postponed by the governing body in accordance with conditions prescribed as provided for other taxes, but the eligible property owners shall have the option of payment or postponement.

For state authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2407](#).

Article VIA. Road Improvement.

Sec. 21-41.1. Purpose.

This Article is adopted for the stated purpose of improving and paving the public roads for the purpose of allowing them to be brought into the secondary state highway system in the County of Campbell and for the assessment and collection of the costs incurred in construction of those roads, which are to be paid by the owners of abutting property whose property receive the peculiar benefits resulting from this road improvement. The Board of Supervisors of Campbell County has enacted this Article for the purpose of securing and promoting the health, safety and general welfare of the inhabitants of Campbell County.

The Board of Supervisors may by ordinance provide for the special assessment of landowners on a street for road improvement where seventy-five percent (75%) of the landowners with abutting parcels have consented to the special assessment. The areas will be described by maps and other distinguishable landmarks, such as roads, etc. The map of each area will be maintained in the office of Community Development and designated as the Road Improvement Special Assessment Area Map.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §33.2-335](#); [Va. Code §15.2-2404 et seq.](#) See also [Va. Code §15.2-1200](#).

Sec. 21-41.2. Authorization of improvements by Board; voluntary petitions; notice required prior to authorizing improvements.

A. “Street” means a street or highway shown on a plat that has been recorded or otherwise opened to public use and used by motor vehicles for at least twenty (20) years and that, for any reason, has not been taken into the secondary state highway system and serves at least three families per mile.

B. Such streets shall be taken into the secondary state highway system for which the Board of Supervisors has identified and made available the funds required to improve the street to the required minimum standards.

C. Special assessment of the landowners on the street in question shall provide one-half of the qualifying rural addition cost to bring the streets up to the necessary minimum standards for acceptance. The Board of Supervisors has received written declarations from the owners of 75 percent (75%) or more of the platted parcels of land abutting upon such streets stating their acquiescence in such assessments. The basis for such special assessment shall be an equal amount for each parcel abutting on such street. No such special assessment on any parcel shall exceed one-third of the current valuation of such property for real estate tax purposes.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §33.2-335](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2404 et seq.](#)

Sec. 21-41.3. Notice to landowners of amount of assessment; public hearing.

When the assessment or apportionment is not fixed by agreement, notice thereof, and of the amount so assessed or apportioned, shall be given to each of the abutting owners, who shall be cited to appear before the Board of Supervisors, not less than ten (10) days thereafter, at the time and place designated, to show cause, if he can, against such assessment or apportionment.

The notice may be given by personal service on all persons entitled to such notice, except (i) notice to an infant, a mentally incapacitated person or other person under a disability may be served on his guardian, conservator, or committee; (ii) notice to a nonresident may be mailed to him at his place of residence or served on any agent of his having charge of the property or on the tenant of the property; or (iii) in any case when the owner is a nonresident or when the owner's residence is not known, such notice may be given by publication in a newspaper having general circulation in Campbell County once a week for four (4) successive weeks. *In lieu of such personal service on the parties or their agents and of such publication*, the notice to all parties may be given by publishing the same in a newspaper having general circulation in Campbell County, once a week for two (2) successive weeks; the second publication shall be made at least seven (7) days before the parties are cited to appear.

Any landowner wishing to make objections to such assessment or apportionment may appear in person or by counsel and state such objections at the time and place stated in the notice. If the property owner's objections are overruled, he shall, within thirty days thereafter, but not afterwards, have an appeal as of right to the Campbell County Circuit Court. When an appeal is taken, the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall immediately deliver to the Clerk of the Court the original notice relating to the assessment, with the judgment of the Board of Supervisors endorsed thereon, and the Clerk of the Court shall docket the same.

Following the date for appearance of affected landowners, the Board of Supervisors shall advertise and hold a public hearing prior to authorizing such improvements by ordinance. Notice of such hearing shall be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the County of Campbell once a week for two (2) successive weeks, pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-1427](#).

For state law basis, see [Va. Code §15.2-2408](#), [§15.2-2409](#) and [§15.2-2410](#).

Sec. 21-41.4. How cost assessed or apportioned.

The cost of such improvement, when the same shall have been ascertained, shall be assessed or apportioned by the Board of Supervisors and its agents and shall equally divide the amount of one-half the qualifying rural addition cost to bring the street or streets up to the necessary minimum standards for acceptance among the owners of each parcel abutting on such street. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, any portion of the cost of such improvements not funded by such special assessment may be paid from federal or state funds received by the County for such purpose.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2406](#). See also [Va. Code §33.2-335\(C\)\(1\)](#).

Sec. 21-41.5. Annual assessment.

The amount assessed against each landowner shall be reported as soon as practicable to the Commissioner of Revenue, who shall enter the same as provided for other taxes.

Persons against whom the assessments have been made may pay such assessments in equal annual installments over a period not exceeding five (5) years. Such installments shall become due at the same time that real estate taxes become due and payable to Campbell County, and the amount of each installment, including principal and interest, shall be shown on a bill mailed, not later than 14 days prior to the installment due date, to each such person by the Treasurer.

For state law basis, see [Va. Code §15.2-2407](#) and [Va. Code §15.2-2413](#).

Article VII. Vacation of Plats.

Editor's note: For provisions specifying that the *renaming* of streets, roads, and alleys on site plans or subdivision plats previously recorded and filed in the Circuit Court Clerk's Office shall *not* cause vacation of such site plans or subdivision plats, see [Va. Code §15.2-2019](#) and [§21-24](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-42. Vacation of plat before sale of lot therein; effect of vacation.

Where no lot has been sold, the recorded plat, or part thereof, may be vacated according to either of the following methods:

A. With the consent of Designated Agent, by the owners, proprietors and trustees, if any, who signed the statement required by [§21-31](#) of this Code at any time before the sale of any

lot therein, by a written instrument, declaring the plat to be vacated, duly executed, acknowledged or proved, and recorded in the same Clerk's Office wherein the plat to be vacated is recorded and the execution and recordation of such writing shall operate to destroy the force and effect of the recording of the plat so vacated and to divest all public rights in, and to reinvest the owners, proprietors, and trustees, if any, with, the title to the streets, alleys, easements for public passage and other public areas laid out or described in the plat; or

B. By ordinance of the Campbell County Board of Supervisors provided that no facilities for which bonding is required pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#) through [§15.2-2245](#) have been constructed on the property and no facilities have been constructed on any related section of the property located in the subdivision within five years of the date on which the plat was first recorded.

The ordinance shall not be adopted until after notice has been given as required by [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#). The notice shall clearly describe the plat or portion thereof to be vacated and state the time and place of the meeting of the Board of Supervisors at which the adoption of the ordinance will be voted upon. Any person may appear at the meeting for the purpose of objecting to the adoption of the ordinance. An appeal from the adoption of the ordinance may be filed within thirty (30) days of the adoption of the ordinance with the circuit court having jurisdiction of the land shown on the plat or part thereof to be vacated. Upon appeal the court may nullify the ordinance if it finds that the owner of the property shown on the plat will be irreparably damaged. If no appeal from the adoption of the ordinance is filed within the time above provided or if the ordinance is upheld on appeal, a certified copy of the ordinance of vacation may be recorded in the clerk's office of any court in which the plat is recorded.

The execution and recordation of the ordinance of vacation shall operate to destroy the force and effect of the recording of the plat, or any portion thereof, so vacated, and to divest all public rights in and to the property and reinvest the owners, proprietors and trustees, if any, with the title to the streets, alleys, and easements for public passage and other public areas laid out or described in the plat.

For state law authorizing this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2271](#).

Cross-reference: See also [§21-14](#) of this Code.

[Sec. 21-43. Vacation of plat after sale of lot.](#)

In cases where any lot has been sold, the plat or part thereof may be vacated according to either of the following methods:

A. By instrument in writing agreeing to the vacation signed by all the owners of lots shown on the plat and also signed on behalf of the Board of Supervisors by the Designated Agent. In cases involving drainage easements or street rights-of-way where the vacation does not impede or alter drainage or access for any lot owners other than those lot owners immediately adjoining or contiguous to the vacated area, the Designated Agent shall only be required to obtain the

signatures of the lot owners immediately adjoining or contiguous to the vacated area. The word “owners” shall not include lien creditors except those whose debts are secured by a recorded Deed of Trust or mortgage and shall not include any consort of an owner. The instrument of vacation shall be acknowledged in the manner of a deed and filed for record in the Clerk’s office of the Circuit Court wherein the plat is recorded.

B. By ordinance passed by the Board of Supervisors on motion of one of its members or on application of any interested person. The ordinance shall not be adopted until after notice has been given as required by [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#). The notice shall clearly describe the plat or portion thereof to be vacated and state the time and place of the meeting of the Board of Supervisors at which the adoption of the ordinance will be voted upon. Any person may appear at the meeting for the purpose of objecting to the adoption of the ordinance. An appeal from the adoption of the ordinance may be filed within thirty (30) days with the Circuit Court having jurisdiction of the land shown on the plat or part thereof to be vacated. Upon the appeal the Court may nullify the ordinance if it finds that the owner of any lot shown on the plat will be irreparably damaged. If no appeal from the adoption of the ordinance is filed within the time above provided or if the ordinance is upheld on appeal, a certified copy of the ordinance of vacation shall be recorded in the Clerk’s Office of the Circuit Court wherein the plat is recorded.

Roads within the secondary system of highways may be vacated under either of the preceding methods and the action will constitute abandonment of the road, provided the land shown on the plat or part thereof to be vacated has been the subject of a rezoning or special exception application approved following public hearings required by [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#) and provided the Commissioner of Highways or his agent is notified in writing prior to the public hearing, and provided further that the vacation is necessary in order to implement a proffered condition accepted by the Board of Supervisors pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2297](#) or pursuant to other applicable provisions of state law, or to implement a condition of special exception approval. All abandonments of roads within the secondary system of highways sought to be effected according to either of the preceding methods before July 1, 1994, are hereby validated, notwithstanding any defects or deficiencies in the proceeding; however, property rights which have vested subsequent to the attempted vacation are not impaired by such validation. The manner of reversion shall not be affected by this section.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2272](#).

Editor’s note: [Va. Code §15.2-2278](#) provides that:

Any plat of subdivision recorded in any clerk’s office, whether or not pursuant to this article [([Va. Code §15.2-2240 et seq.](#))] may be vacated in the manner prescribed by [§15.2-2272](#) [[§21-43](#) of this Code] and the provisions of [§15.2-2274](#) [[§21-45](#) of this Code] and [§15.2-2276](#) [[§21-47](#) of this Code] shall be applicable to such vacation.

Cross-reference: See also [§21-14\(B\)](#) of this Code. For state law provisions regarding abandonment and discontinuance of roads in the secondary system of state highways, see [Va. Code §33.2-908 et seq.](#); and see [Va. Code §33.2-914 et seq.](#) as to abandonment of roads not in state

highway system or secondary system. See also [Va. Code §15.2-2006](#) as to alteration and vacation of public rights-of-way.

Sec. 21-43.1. Vacation of interests granted to Board of Supervisors as a condition of site plan approval.

Any interest in streets, alleys, easements for public rights of passage, easements for drainage, and easements for a public utility granted to the Board of Supervisors as a condition of the approval of a site plan may be vacated according to either of the following methods:

A. By a duly executed and acknowledged written instrument of the owner of the land which has been or is to be developed in accordance with the site plan, declaring the interest or interests to be vacated, provided the Board of Supervisors or its duly authorized agent consents to the vacation. The instrument shall be recorded in the same clerk's office wherein is recorded the written instrument describing the interest in real property to be vacated. The execution and recordation of the instrument shall operate to divest all public rights in, and to reinvest the owner with the title to the interests which formerly were held by the Board of Supervisors; or

B. By ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, provided that no interest shall be vacated in an area in which facilities, for which bonding is required pursuant to [Va. Code §15.2-2241](#) through [§15.2-2245](#), have been constructed.

The ordinance shall not be adopted until after notice has been given as required by [Va. Code §15.2-2204](#). The notice shall clearly describe the interest of the Board of Supervisors to be vacated by reference to the recorded instrument on which it was created and state the time and place of the meeting of the Board of Supervisors at which the adoption of the ordinance will be voted upon. Any person may appear at the meeting for the purpose of objecting to the adoption of the ordinance. An appeal from the adoption of the ordinance may be filed within thirty days of the adoption of the ordinance with the circuit court having jurisdiction of the land over which the Board of Supervisors' interest is located. Upon the appeal the court may nullify the ordinance if it finds that the owner of the property, which has been developed or is to be developed in accordance with the approved site plan, will be irreparably damaged. If no appeal from the adoption of the ordinance is filed within the time above provided or if the ordinance is upheld on appeal, a certified copy of the ordinance of vacation may be recorded in the clerk's office of any court in which the instrument creating the Board of Supervisors' interest is recorded.

The execution and recordation of an ordinance of vacation shall operate to destroy the effect of the instrument which created the Board of Supervisors' interest so vacated and to divest all public rights in and to the property and vest title in the streets, alleys, easements for public rights of passage, easements for drainage, and easements for a public utility as may be described in, and in accordance with, the ordinance of vacation.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2270](#).

Sec. 21-44. Fee for processing application under Sections 21-42, 21-43 or 21-43.1.

A fee of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00) shall be charged by the County and paid by the owners seeking vacation under [§21-42](#), [§21-43](#) or [§21-43.1](#) hereof.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2273](#).
For notice requirements regarding increase in fees under this chapter, see [Va. Code §15.2-107](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2241\(A\)\(9\)](#).

Editor's note: [Va. Code §15.2-2273](#) prescribes that the fee charged under authority of that section for processing an application for vacation of certain plats *shall not exceed* one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00).

Sec. 21-45. Effect of vacation under §21-43 of this Code.

The recordation of the instrument as provided under provision (A) of [§21-43](#) of this Code or of the ordinance as provided under provision (B) of [§21-43](#) of this Code shall operate to destroy the force and effect of the recording of the plat or part thereof so vacated, and to vest fee simple title to the center line of any streets, alleys or easements for public passage so vacated in the owners of abutting lots free and clear of any rights of the public or other owners of lots shown on the plat, but subject to the rights of the owners of any public utility installations which have been previously erected therein. If any street, alley or easement for public passage is located on the periphery of the plat, the title for the entire width thereof shall vest in the abutting lot owners. The fee simple title to any portion of the plats so vacated as was set apart for other public use shall be revested in the owners, proprietors and trustees, if any, who signed the statement required by [§21-31\(Q\)](#) of this Code free and clear of any rights of public use in the same.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2274](#).

Cross-references: For provisions regarding termination of certain public easements, see [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#) and [§21-14](#) of this Code. For provisions regarding *relocation* of certain public easements by recordation of plat or replat signed by the owner of the real property, approved by an authorized official of the County, see [Va. Code §15.2-2265](#) and [§21-14](#) of this Code.

Sec. 21-46. Relocation or vacation of boundary lines.

The boundary lines of any lot or parcel of land may be vacated, relocated or otherwise altered as a part of an otherwise valid and properly recorded plat of subdivision or re-subdivision (i) approved as provided in this Chapter of this Code or (ii) properly recorded prior to the applicability of the Campbell County Subdivision Ordinance, and executed by the owner or owners of the land as provided in [§21-31\(Q\)](#) of this Code. The action shall not involve the relocation or alteration of streets, alleys, easements for public passage, or other public areas. No easements or utility rights-of-way shall be relocated or altered without the express consent of all persons holding any interest therein.

Alternatively, lot lines may be vacated by recordation of a deed providing that no easements or utility rights-of-way located along any lot lines to be vacated shall be extinguished or altered without the express consent of all persons holding any interest therein. The deed shall be approved in writing, on its face, by the County Board of Supervisors or its designee. The deed shall reference the recorded plat by which the lot line was originally created.

For state law authority, see [Va. Code §15.2-2275](#).

Sec. 21-47. Duty of Clerk when plat vacated.

The Clerk of the Circuit Court in whose office any plat so vacated has been recorded shall write in plain legible letters across such plat, or the part thereof so vacated, the word “vacated” and also make a reference on the plat to the volume and page in which the instrument of vacation is recorded.

For similar state law, see [Va. Code §15.2-2276](#).

Article VIII. Miscellaneous Provisions.

Sec. 21-48. Severability.

Should any section or provision of this Chapter be declared by final order of a Court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional, invalid or otherwise unenforceable, such decision shall not affect the validity of this Chapter of this Code as a whole, other than the section or provision so declared to be unconstitutional, invalid or unenforceable.

Sec. 21-49. Repeal of prior ordinances.

Former Chapter 20 of the Campbell County Code of 1981 is hereby repealed in its entirety.

Sec. 21-50. Violations and penalties.

A. No person shall subdivide land without making and recording a plat of the subdivision and without fully complying with the provisions of Article 6 of Chapter 22 of Title 15.2 of the Code of Virginia ([§§15.2-2240 et seq.](#)) and of this chapter of the Campbell County Code of 1988.

B. No plat of any subdivision shall be recorded unless and until it has been submitted to and approved by the Campbell County Designated Agent; or by the commissions, governing bodies or agents, as the case may be, of each locality having a subdivision ordinance, in which any part of the land lies.

C. No person shall sell or transfer any land of a subdivision, before a plat has been duly approved and recorded as provided herein, unless the subdivision was lawfully created prior to the adoption of a subdivision ordinance applicable thereto. However, nothing herein contained

shall be construed as preventing the recordation of the instrument by which such land is transferred or the passage of title as between the parties to the instrument.

D. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Chapter of this Code shall be subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each lot or parcel of land so subdivided, transferred or sold and shall be required to comply with all provisions of [Va. Code §15.2-2240 et seq.](#) and this Subdivision Ordinance. The description of the lot or parcel by metes and bounds in the instrument of transfer or other document used in the process of selling or transferring shall not exempt the transaction from such penalties or remedies herein provided.

E. No clerk of any court shall file or record a plat of a subdivision required by this Chapter of this Code to be recorded until the plat has been approved as required herein. The penalties provided by statute shall apply to any failure to comply with the provisions of this subsection.

F. Nothing herein shall be construed to limit the right of the Board of Supervisors to seek injunctive and/or declaratory relief as is otherwise authorized by law with respect to any violation of this Chapter of this Code. Any violation or attempted violation of this chapter may be restrained, corrected, or abated as the case may be by injunction or other appropriate proceeding.

For state law authorizing this section, see [Va. Code §15.2-2254](#); for specific authority for subsection (F), see [Va. Code §15.2-2208](#). See also [Va. Code §15.2-2255](#). See [Va. Code §15.2-1432](#) for authority for injunctive relief against continuing violation of any ordinance.